













FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30 2021

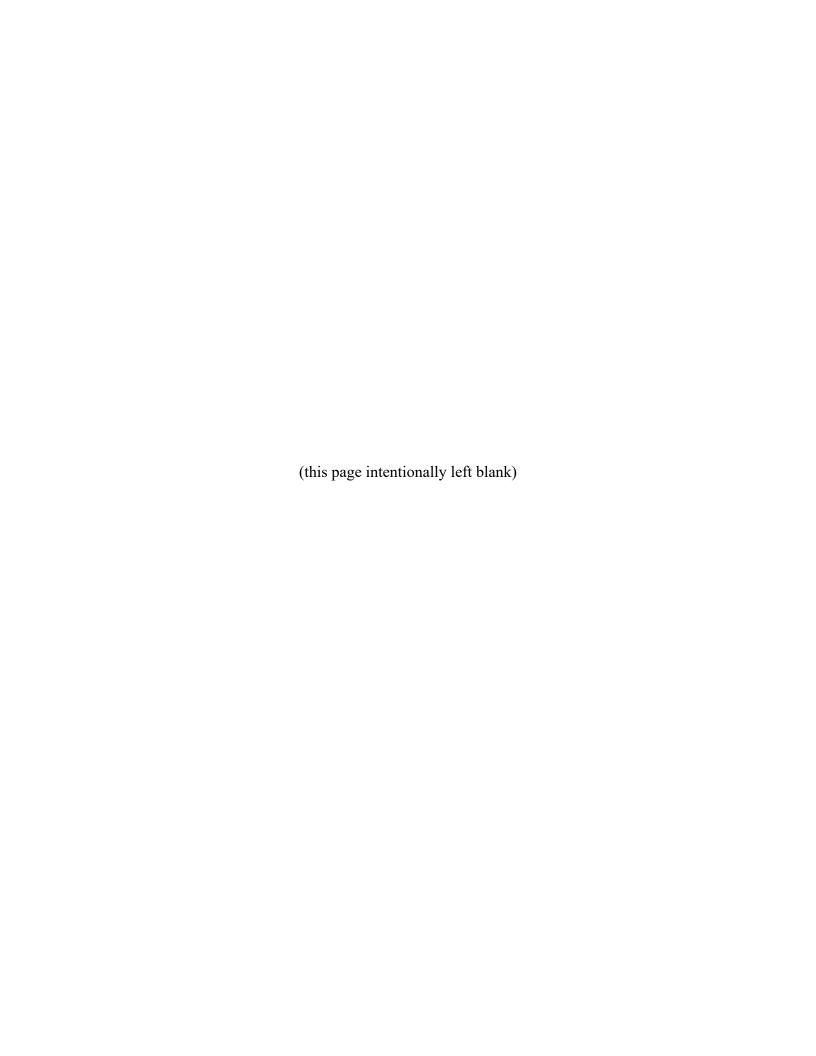
# CITY OF BELL GARDENS, CALIFORNIA

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended June 30, 2021

Prepared by:

Finance and Administrative Services Department



# Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2021

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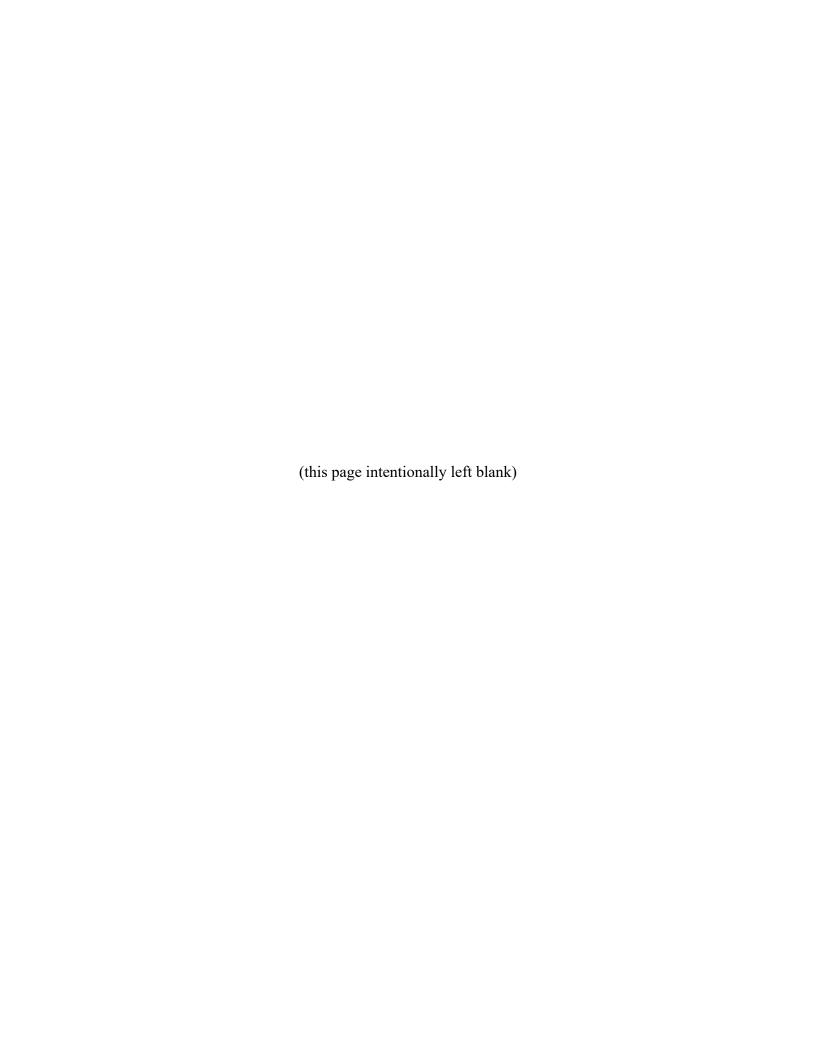
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December 23, 2021

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Bell Gardens, California

It is the policy of the City of Bell Gardens to annually publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report for the City of Bell Gardens (the City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Bell Gardens. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Bell Gardens has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Bell Gardens' financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Since the costs of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Gruber and Associates, PC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Bell Gardens' financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. This letter of transmittal complements the MD&A and the financial statements, and it should be read from that perspective and in conjunction with all other sections of the comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR).

#### **Profile of the Government**

The City of Bell Gardens was incorporated in 1961 under the general laws of the State of California and is located in Southern California in the southeastern portion of Los Angeles County, approximately 11 miles southeast of Los Angeles. The City has a land area of 2.4 square miles and a population of 42,845. Bell Gardens is a general law City and uses the Council/City Manager form of government. Five City Council representatives are elected to four-year year terms of office by popular majority vote of Bell Gardens residents. The Mayor and Mayor Pro-Tem are selected from among the City Council members. The City Manager serves at the pleasure of the City Council to administer the City's affairs and to carry out policies established by the City Council.

The City is divided into seven departments of City Administration, City Clerk, Police, Public Works, Finance and Administrative Services, Community Development, and Recreation and Community Services. These departments provide a full range of services, including police protection, the construction and maintenance of City streets and sidewalks, recreational activities, cultural events, transportation, and water service to a portion of the City residents. Fire, paramedic and library services are provided by the County of Los Angeles. Animal control services are provided by the Southeast Area Animal Control Authority (SEAACA).

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, department (e.g., police) and line item. The City Council and Manager charge department directors with the responsibility of controlling department budgets. Budgetary control is exercised through an on-line computerized system, which interfaces with the City's general ledger. The system maintains an on-going record of budget balances throughout the year based on actual expenditures and unfilled purchase orders.

The City Council has the legal authority to amend the budget at any time during the year. The City Manager has the authority to re-appropriate expenditures within a fund. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the General Fund and major special revenue funds, this comparison is presented as part of the required supplementary information in the accompanying financial statements. For governmental funds that have appropriated annual budgets, other than the General Fund and major special revenue funds, this comparison is presented in the supplementary section of the accompanying financial statements.

#### **Factors Affecting Financial Condition**

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19), a global pandemic. The COVID-19 outbreak in the United States has caused business disruption through mandated and voluntary closing of businesses. Although statewide safety measures were lifted in June 2021 and businesses are now allowed to operate without restrictions, the City anticipates the pandemic will continue to affect the City's local economy and financial outlook.

Prior to the pandemic, the Bicycle Casino (the Bike) provided over 40% of the City's General Fund revenues. In December 2015, the Bike completed a one-hundred room four-star luxury hotel as an addition to the Casino. The construction of the luxury hotel increased the Casino's revenue capabilities. In fiscal year 2018-19, the Bike revenue reached its highest revenue at \$14,329,829. In fiscal year 2020-21, due to COVID-19, the Bike generated \$6,728,349 which is \$7.6 million lower than fiscal year 2018-19, a normal year without COVID. However, in fiscal year 2021-22, the Bike revenue is on target to reaching its' new high of \$14.4 million.

Although these rapid changes have created uncertainty relating to revenue estimates and expenditures for the fiscal year 2020-21, the City anticipated a reduction of its major revenue sources when the fiscal year 2020-21 budget was first adopted. However, only the Bicycle Casino revenues was down. The City received a positive increases in all other major revenue sources. The major revenue sources of the City include Bicycle Casino Revenue, In-Lieu Vehicle, Property leases, Sales Tax, Measure A add-on (0.75%) sales tax and Property tax. The following are highlighted items affecting financial conditions.

The City completed the billboard project and the advertising agreement in early fiscal year 2021-22. The estimated revenue generated from the billboard is \$160K for the first year and thereafter \$140K per year. The City is expected to have another billboard lease agreement approved in 2022. In addition, the City's water rates increased was approved on July 26, 2021. Anticipated Year 1 revenues from the water rates increased is expected to cover 46% of the fiscal year 2021-22 estimated expenditure cost of \$3,273,704. This fee increase will help to offset some operational cost and capital improvements to the Water fund.

During fiscal year 2020-21, Recreation Department partnered up with the County and assisted in the State Rent Relief program where staff assist residents with reviewing the application documents and collected \$1 million. In addition, Recreation Department also provided Food Program Reimbursement which the City collected \$223K.

To assist the residents and community during pandemic, City Council conducted a public hearing on the proposed amendments to the FY2019-20 and FY2020-21 Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) programs in order to allocate supplemental funds from the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) to help residents of the City. Programs that are being supported by this funding are: small non-essential business assistance grant, residential rental assistance grants, childcare subsidy, and emergency utility assistance grants.

The City has allocated \$400,000 of general fund to support residents in various programs such as Bell Gardens' scholarship funds, homework/learning WIFI, recreation leaders (to provide homework assistance, tutoring and educational classes at the Homework/Learning Centers), emergency food programs, and small business assistance programs.

Furthermore, the Community Family Services Center was formed because of the need for a variety of social, human, education, and community services during the pandemic. Staff recognized the need to centralize services to assist residents with rental assistance, education, emergency food services, utilities assistance, housing counseling, COVID testing and vaccinations, senior meal delivery and other consumer action services. Going forward staff plans to continue to provide residents with access to consumer action needs, unemployment benefits, disability claims, WIC, health and wellness programs, special populations programming and coordination of non-profit service providers.

Finally, as discussed later in the Management Discussion and Analysis, the economic uncertainty still exists today due to the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic, the City will continue to monitor and take action necessary to ensure that the City responds to the challenge of the pandemic and maintains a reasonably conservative and cautious outlook for budgeting and fiscal management to ensure the City's ability to respond to increasing costs of services and potential weakness in revenue.

#### **Relevant Financial Polices**

City management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that City assets are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in

conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of controls should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

The City maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council. Activities of general, special revenue, debt services and capital projects funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the individual fund level. The City also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as a technique of accomplishing budgetary control.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management. State statutes require an annual audit of the City's financial records by independent certified public accountants. As a result, the independent accounting firm of Lopez & Gruber and Associates, PC was selected to perform the audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The auditors' unqualified (clean) opinion on the basic financial statements and accompanying footnotes is included in the Financial Section of this report (CAFR).

#### **Long-Term Financial Planning**

In 2008, the City implemented a reserve policy in which they initially committed \$1,000,000 for contingencies and added \$200,000 per year until the amount committed for contingencies reached 10% of the General Fund's expenditures. As of June 30, 2021, the amount committed for contingencies is \$3,500,000 with \$200,000 budgeted for the fund in fiscal year 2021-2022

Two of the biggest challenges to the City's long-term financial sustainability is the unfunded pension obligations for City employees under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CALPERS) and the growing City's retiree healthcare liability. In order to proactively mitigate the impacts of significant increases in future pension costs, the City Council authorizes staff to explore and potentially issue the Pension Obligation Bonds with the guidance of the municipal advisor. At this time, the City is actively pursuing the validation process needed to issue Pension Obligation Bonds.

As a means to reduce the burden on city finances and to provide additional services to the community, the City will continue to search and apply for grant opportunities and monitor local and national economic trends.

#### **Awards**

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Bell Gardens, California, for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. To qualify for the Certificate of Achievement, the governmental entity must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR, the contents of which conform to program standards. Such report must satisfy accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America, as well as all applicable legal requirements.

The Certificate of Achievement is valid for only one year. The City believes this CAFR continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements and will be submitting it to GFOA for consideration of the annual award.

#### **Acknowledgements**

The dedication of the Finance Department staff made it possible to prepare this report in a timely manner. We wish to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. We would like to express a sincere thank you to Rimo Hanson, Accounting Manager and her staff for their dedicated efforts. The City also recognizes the contributions and positive working relationship with the Grubber & Lopez,Inc.

Finally, we wish to express our sincere appreciation to the Mayor and City Council for their continued leadership, support, and professionalism in the management of the City's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Michael B. O'Kelly City Manager

Manuel Carrillo

Director of Finance and Administration

# **City of Bell Gardens**

# City Officials

# **City Council**

Marco Barcena Mayor

Maria Pulido Mayor Pro Tem

Alejandra Cortez Councilmember

Jorgel Chavez Councilmember

Lisseth Flores Councilmember

# **Administration and Department Heads**

Michael B. O'Kelly City Manager

**Vacant**Assistant City Manager

**Bradley Scott Fairfield**Chief of Police

Manuel Carrillo
Director of Finance & Administrative Services

**Gustavo Romo**Director of Community Development

Rozanne Adanto
Director of Recreation & Community Services

**Grissel Chavez**Director of Public Works

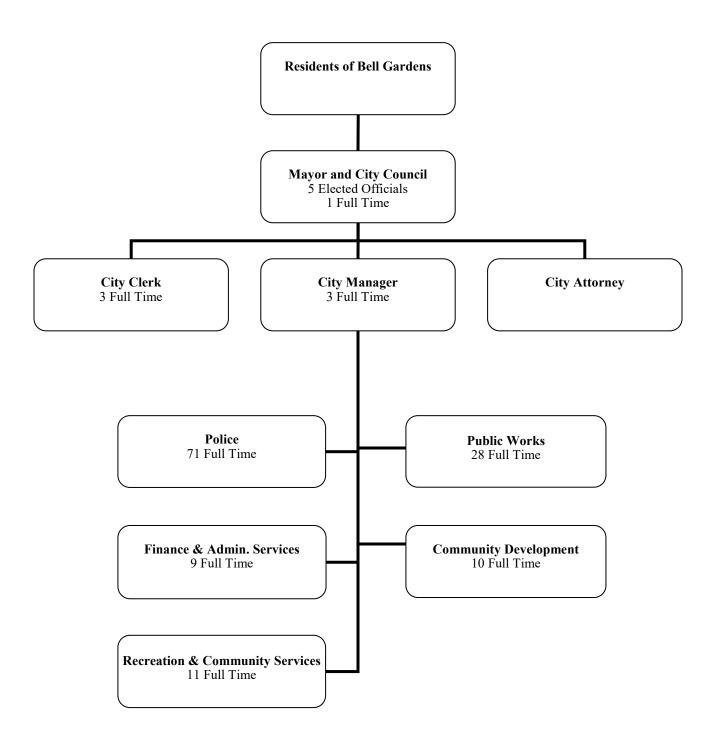
Jane Halstead City Clerk

Rick R. Olivarez
City Attorney

**Douglas Benash**City Engineer

# City of Bell Gardens

# **Organization Chart**





#### Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Bell Gardens California

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Bell Gardens, California

#### Independent Auditors' Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bell Gardens, California (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Managements' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bell Gardens, California, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

City Council City of Bell Gardens, California Page Two

#### **Other Matters**

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of plan contributions – defined benefit pension plan, schedule of changes in the net OPEB liability and related ratios, schedule of plan contributions – OPEB plan, and the budgetary comparison information identified as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) in the accompanying table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Bell Gardens' basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary schedules and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required By Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 22, 2021 on our consideration of the City of Bell Gardens' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Bell Gardens' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Gruber and Lopez, Inc.

Gruper and Lopez, Anc. Newport Beach, California

December 22, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Bell Gardens, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Bell Gardens for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal and the City's financial statements.

This report consists of the following report sections: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplemental information, and other supplemental information section that presents combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds. The basic financial statements are presented in two different formats: government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial condition. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in millions of dollars.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

#### Government-wide:

- At June 30,2021, the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources totaled \$192 million and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources were \$144 million. The assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$61 million (net position). Of this amount, the unrestricted net position was negative \$53.6 million due to the investment in capital asset reserve of \$99 million.
- For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, net position increased by \$1.7 million. The total revenues from programs and general revenues were \$46.3 million, and total expenses for all functions and programs were \$44.6 million.
- Of the total revenues of \$46.3 million, program revenues were \$19.7 million and general revenues and transfers were \$26.6 million. Program revenues are divided into three categories: Charges for services, \$2.8 million; Operating grants and contributions, \$13.1 million; and Capital grants and contributions, \$3.8 million.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) Government-Wide Financial Statements, 2) Fund Financial Statements, and 3) Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-Wide Financial Statements designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements include all assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City as well as all liabilities (including long-term debt) and deferred inflows of resources. Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred as prescribe by the statement in regard to inter-fund activity, payables, and

#### receivables.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities. These statements include *all* assets and liabilities of the City using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources. The difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is reported as net position. Over time, increases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event occurs, regardless of timing of related cash flows.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we separate the City's activities as follows:

#### Governmental Activities

Most of the City's basic services are included here, such as general government, public safety, public works, community development, and parks and recreation. Taxes, state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

#### **Business-Type Activities**

The City charges a fee to customers to cover all or most of the costs of certain services it provides. The City's water utility and golf course operations are reported as business-type activities.

The Government-Wide Financial Statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also the legally separate entity of the Bell Gardens Financing Authority. The City is financially accountable for this entity and the financial information for this blended component unit are reported within the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the City's most significant funds. Some funds are required to be established by State law and bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help control and manage money for particular purposes and to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other funding sources.

The fund financial statements include statements for each of the three categories of activities – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. The governmental activities are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. The business-type activities are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The fiduciary activities are agency funds which only report assets and liabilities and do not have a measurement focus.

Governmental Funds—The Governmental Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. However, unlike the Government-Wide Financial Statements, Governmental Funds Financial Statements focus on current financial resources, which emphasize near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as balances of spendable resources at the end of the fiscal year. This information is essential in evaluating the City's near-term financial requirements.

To better understand the City's long-term and short-term requirements, it is useful to compare the City's Governmental Fund Statements with the governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. A reconciliation of the statements is provided for both the governmental fund balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances to facilitate this comparison.

The City of Bell Gardens maintains twenty-seven (27) governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the *governmental fund balance sheet* and in the *governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances* for the General Fund, Low and Moderate Housing fund, and Capital Improvement Projects fund which are reported as major funds. Data from the other twenty-three (23) governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregate presentation in the non-major governmental funds. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* in the *Supplementary Information* section of this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General fund to demonstrate its compliance with this budget.

Proprietary Funds— The City maintains only one type of proprietary fund, the *enterprise fund* for its water utility and golf course. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds— As a result of the dissolution of the redevelopment agency, the city maintains a fiduciary fund, which consists of a private purpose trust fund used to account for the assets and liabilities of the former Community Development Commission and the allocated revenue to pay estimated installment payments of enforceable obligations until the obligations of the former Community Development Commission are paid in full and assets have been liquidated.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with the non-major governmental funds and enterprise funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

#### Statement of Net Position

As stated in the financial highlights above, at June 30, 2021, the City's net position (excess of assets over liabilities) was \$61 million. This includes an increase of \$1.7 million from prior year's net position. Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position.

The following is the condensed Statement of Net Position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020. Approximately \$94 million (154%) of the governmental activities net position consist of the City's investment in capital assets such as land, buildings, structures, machinery and equipment, less any related debt to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. These assets are used to provide services to the citizens of the City of Bell Gardens; therefore, they are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

		Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities			Total			
		2020		2021	2020		2021		2020		2021
Current and other assets	\$	74,758,498	\$	87,479,747	\$ (2,836,735)	\$	(3,485,580)	\$	71,921,763	\$	83,994,167
Capital assets		99,848,641		101,820,402	6,595,818		6,427,635		106,444,459		108,248,037
Total assets	_	174,607,139		189,300,149	3,759,083		2,942,055		178,366,222		192,242,204
Deferred outflows of resources		12,285,064		13,288,816	126,571		180,384		12,411,635		13,469,200
Total deferred outflow of resources		12,285,064		13,288,816	 126,571		180,384		12,411,635		13,469,200
Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities outstanding		4,523,810 119,192,794		12,304,822 127,839,407	495,363 2,616,834		488,169 2,582,228		5,019,173 121,809,628		12,792,991 130,421,635
Total liabilities		123,716,604		140,144,229	 3,112,197		3,070,397	_	126,828,801		143,214,626
Deferred intflows of resources		4,292,629		1,129,152	 50,821		39,841	_	4,343,450		1,168,993
Total deferred inflows of resources  Net position:		4,292,629		1,129,152	 50,821		39,841		4,343,450		1,168,993
Net investment in capital assets		94,319,104		94,260,557	4,864,055		5,011,259		99,183,159		99,271,816
Restricted		14,869,823		15,278,715	399,479		399,339		15,269,302		15,678,054
Unrestricted		(50,305,957)		(48,223,688)	(4,540,898)		(5,398,397)		(54,846,855)		(53,622,085)
Total net position	\$	58,882,970	\$	61,315,584	\$ 722,636	\$	12,201	\$	59,605,606	\$	61,327,785

#### Statement of Activities

The following is the condensed Statement of Activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020. The government-wide Statement of Activities is used to report changes in the net position reported on the government-wide statement of assets.

_	Governmental Activities		Business-Type	e Activities	Total	
_	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021
Revenues:						_
Charges for services \$	1,912,631 \$	1,541,387 \$	1,289,367 \$	1,280,882 \$	3,201,998 \$	2,822,269
Operating grants and contrib	4,613,116	13,102,459	-		4,613,116	13,102,459
Capital grants and contrib	2,129,774	3,857,745	-		2,129,774	3,857,745
General revenues:						
Sales Taxes	2,902,461	3,923,189	-		2,902,461	3,923,189
Transient occupancy taxes	595,441	410,282	-		595,441	410,282
Franchise taxes	4,052,142	4,202,690	-		4,052,142	4,202,690
Business license taxes	255,447	233,315	-		255,447	233,315
Property taxes	1,521,691	1,554,677	-		1,521,691	1,554,677
Other taxes	4,063	5,789	-		4,063	5,789
Motor vehicle in lieu	4,901,583	5,243,723	-		4,901,583	5,243,723
Used of money and property	4,664,367	4,139,105	641	24	4,665,008	4,139,129
Card club taxes	11,231,347	6,728,349	-	-	11,231,347	6,728,349
Other _	212,054	134,181		<u> </u>	212,054	134,181
Total Revenues	38,996,117	45,076,891	1,290,008	1,280,906	40,286,125	46,357,797
Expenses						
General government	12,322,003	9,494,894	-	•	12,322,003	9,494,894
Public safety	24,409,260	16,262,137	-	•	24,409,260	16,262,137
Community development	1,114,821	1,433,333	-	•	1,114,821	1,433,333
Parks and recreation	3,011,198	2,720,633	-	-	3,011,198	2,720,633
Public works	13,245,178	12,654,001	-	•	13,245,178	12,654,001
Interest and fiscal charges	160,317	224,813		•	160,317	224,813
Water Utility	-	-	2,283,601	1,641,054	2,283,601	1,641,054
Golf course			230,571	204,753	230,571	204,753
Total Expenses _	54,262,777	42,789,811	2,514,172	1,845,807	56,776,949	44,635,618
Increases (Decreases) in net ass	ets					
before transfers	(15,266,660)	2,287,080	(1,224,164)	(564,901)	(16,490,824)	1,722,179
Transfers _	6,559	145,534	(6,559)	(145,534)	<u> </u>	
Changes in Net Position	(15,260,101)	2,432,614	(1,230,723)	(710,435)	(16,490,824)	1,722,179
Net Position-beginning of the ye	74,143,071	58,882,970	1,953,359	722,636	76,096,430	59,605,606
Restatement of Net Position		-		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Net Position-end of the year \$_	58,882,970 \$	61,315,584 \$	722,636 \$	12,201 \$	59,605,606 \$	61,327,785

#### **Governmental Activities**

The City's net position from governmental activities totaled \$61 million. The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$43 million. Overall, the City's governmental program revenues totaled \$19 million. The city paid the remaining "public benefit" portion of governmental activities from \$17 million in taxes (some of which could only be used for certain programs) and \$10 million with other revenues, such as interest earnings, in-lieu motor vehicle fees and general entitlements.

#### Revenue highlights:

Revenues for the City's governmental and business-type activities were \$46 million, an increase of approximately \$6.1 million or 15%, from \$40 million in the preceding fiscal year. Important key elements of significant changes for governmental activities were as follows.

- The largest revenue source was operating grants and contributions, a program revenue, at \$13.1 million which increased by \$8.5 million or 184% from the preceding fiscal year. The major increases were from general government and public works of \$5.8 million and \$2.4 million respectively and are detail as follow. The city received the Coronavirus Aid, Relief Economic Security (CARES) Act of \$524k, American Rescued Plan, Coronavirus Fiscal Recovery of \$5 million, food program of \$223K and \$1 million from Recreation Department assisting the state for the rent relief program.
- The second largest revenue source was card club revenue, a general revenue, at \$6.7 million, which decreased \$4.5 million, or 40% from the preceding fiscal year. This is due to the interruption of the casino's operation during the on-going pandemic.
- The third largest revenue source was capital grants and contributions, a program revenue, at \$3.9 million, which increased \$1.7 million, or 81 % from the preceding fiscal year. Capital Grants and contributions were for public works capital projects.
- The fourth largest revenue source was sales taxes, a general revenue, at \$3.9 million, which increased \$1 million, or 35% from the preceding fiscal year. This amount represents General Fund share which is the 1% Bradley –Burns Uniform Local sales and use tax. In addition, the City received its' first quarter sales tax from Measure A add-on (0.75%) which was \$699k.

#### Expense highlights:

Governmental activity expenses decreased by \$11.5 million as compared to the prior year. The majority of the decreases were from general government and public safety of \$2.8 million and \$8.1 million respectively.

#### **Business Type Activities**

The City's business-type activities' net position decreased by \$710k. The key elements of the net results include:

- Revenues decreased by \$9k primarily due to a decrease in water sales and service charges.
- Expenses decreased by \$668K. Water utility expenses decreased by \$643K, and golf course expenses decreased by \$25k.
- Transfers out from the water enterprise to general fund to pay the water bond was \$146K.

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENT ANALYSIS**

The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on short-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements.

As of fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$28.2 million of which a negative of \$339,835 is *Unassigned* from Capital Grants Fund due to timing of receipts, which did not meet the revenue recognition criteria for governmental funds. The remainder of the total governmental fund balance is allocated as follows: 1) \$4.4 million is for non-spendable items, such as prepaid expenses, interfund loans to Water Fund and advances to other funds; 2) \$5.9 million is restricted by law or contractual agreements with other agencies for specific spending; and 3) \$18.2 million is for contingencies, post-employment benefits, compensated absences and interfund loans receivable.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Factors concerning these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of Government-Wide Financial Analysis of business-type activities.

#### GENERAL FUND AND THE OTHER MAJOR FUNDS BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The original adopted General Fund expenditure budget for this fiscal year was \$30,819,863. However, this amount includes a built-in vacancy savings of \$585,000. During the year, there were additional appropriations and carryovers bringing the ending General Fund expenditure budget to \$34,189,899. The amount above included \$200,000 budgeted in General Fund for contingencies.

Low- and Moderate-Income Housing, a Special Revenue Fund was budgeted accordingly to the 20% set-aside loan payment to the City from the Successor Agency. In fiscal year 2020-21, the total budgeted amount was \$248K as compared to fiscal year 2019-20 of \$121k.

Capital Improvement Projects, a Capital Projects Fund is used to account for capital projects and property acquisitions funded with Federal, State, and other agency grants and restricted funds. For fiscal year 2020-21 newly appropriated capital projects work plan programmed was \$2.6 million and the remainder of \$8.4 million was carried over from fiscal year 2019-20. At the end of fiscal year 2020-21, the budget total increased to \$18 million due to additional added appropriations for new projects.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

The City of Bell Gardens has \$108.2 million invested in capital assets, as compared to \$106.4 million in the prior year. In fiscal 2021, capital assets increased by approximately \$1.8 million primarily due to an increase in construction in progress. Business-type activities decreased by \$168k from annual depreciation expenditures. Additional information about the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of this report.

Capital Assets at Year-End (Net of Depreciation) For the Year Ended June 30

	_	Governmental Activities			Business	-Туре	Activities	_	1	otals	
	_	2020	_	2021	2020	_	2021	_	2020	_	2021
Land	\$	67,249,714	\$	67,249,714	\$ 1,011,000	\$	1,011,000	\$	68,260,714	\$	68,260,714
Buildings		8,793,115		8,486,559	-		-		8,793,115		8,486,559
Equipment		1,958,328		1,555,677	4,245,018		4,095,975		6,203,346		5,651,652
Construction in Progress		2,021,588		5,767,029	-		-		2,021,588		5,767,029
Infrastructure		19,825,896		18,761,423	-		-		19,825,896		18,761,423
Intangibles		-		-	1,339,800		1,320,660		1,339,800		1,320,660
Total	\$	99,848,641	\$	101,820,402	\$ 6,595,818	\$	6,427,635	\$	106,444,459	\$	108,248,037

#### Long-term Debt

At year-end, the City had \$135 million in long-term debts including bonds, notes, pension obligations, capital lease payable, other post-employment benefit obligations, and accrued leaves. Long-term debt increased by \$9 million as compared to the prior year amount of \$7.7 million. The most significant increase is city entered into a master equipment lease purchase for improvements on 4/30/21 of \$2.2 million and from pension obligations which increased by \$6.8 million. The City did not issue or refund long-term debt during the year. The other decreases were due to scheduled principal payments totaling \$203K. Additional information about the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 6, 7 and 8 on this report.

# Outstanding Long-Term Debt For Fiscal Year Ended June 30

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Totals		
	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	
Accrued Leave Payable	\$ 3,222,332	\$ 3,610,130	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,222,332	\$ 3,610,130	
Other post employment obligations	74,652,340	79,076,782	-	-	74,652,340	79,076,782	
Net Pension Liability	40,950,046	43,399,539	-	-	40,950,046	43,399,539	
CJPIA Retrospective Deposit Liability	(37,472)	(9,212)	-	-	(37,472)	(9,212)	
Southern California Edison On Bill Financing	4,102	500	-	-	4,102	500	
2015 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds	5,020,000	4,835,000	-	-	5,020,000	4,835,000	
Capital Lease payable	-	2,239,435	-	-	-	2,239,435	
2004 Water Refunding Revenue Bonds	-	-	1,730,000	1,415,000	1,730,000	1,415,000	
Unamortized bond premium	509,537	485,410	1,763	1,376	511,300	486,786	
Total	\$ 124,320,885	\$ 133,637,584	\$ 1,731,763	\$ 1,416,376	\$ 126,052,648	\$ 135,053,960	

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS**

The City of Bell Gardens' finances are dependent on the local and national economies. The COVID-19 pandemic has caused business disruption through mandated and voluntary closings of businesses which has drastically reduced revenues from the Bike casino revenue, but other revenues such as sales tax and many other sources which the City depends to fund important government services were overall not affected. During the fiscal year 2020-21 budget, the General Fund had a projected deficit of \$2,700,000 after considering other various revenues and reduction in expenditures. The City defunded five (5) positions, by funding 75% Code Enforcement positions with CDBG funds, lowering recreation and community services programming plus an additional city-wide expenditure cut.

The fiscal year 2021-22 budget offers a sense of hope and a return to the City's normal operations after the past year of turmoil and financial uncertainty caused by the pandemic. The General Fund projected a surplus of \$7.3 million in fiscal year 2021-22 largely due casino revenue expecting to operate at full capacity, American Rescue Plan allocation, Measure A addon sales tax, sales & use tax, state rent relief program, and other revenue sources. The budget for fiscal year 2021-22 also reduces the hiring freeze and adds staff to improve service levels and restores recreation programs. Aside from the reopening of programs, the city also added the Community Services Center which provides various services to the Bell Gardens' community. Furthermore, the City continues to invest in technology as it seeks new and innovative ways to provide services to its customers.

A separate but important revenue source is the federal COVID-19, American Rescue Plan Act. During fiscal year 2020-21, the City received its first tranche of the State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (SLFRF) of \$5 million. This funding is used to mitigate the fiscal effects stemming from the public health emergency caused by the novel coronavirus also known as COVID-19.

From an operating expenditures perspective, rising pension costs are due to CalPERS utilizing various assumptions to estimate the net pension liability and the required contributions in order to meet future pension obligations. One of those assumptions is the discount rate, which may significantly impact the City's total net pensions liability. The City has consistently taken steps to mitigate the impacts of increases in pension costs by pre-paying the annual UAL. In addition, increasing health insurance costs will place a continued drag on City finances. The total OPEB liability also has a long-term fiscal impact on the City's total net position. As of fiscal year 2020-21, total liability for retiree healthcare is over \$79 million.

The City's fiscal year 2021-22 operating budget reflect its commitment to foster steady, controlled growth and provide the highest level of service to the community. Questions or requests for information regarding the City of Bell Gardens' 2021-22 budget should be sent to the Finance Department at the address below.

#### CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City of Bell Gardens' finances and to show the City's accountability for money received. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City's Finance Department, at the City of Bell Gardens, 7100 Garfield Avenue, Bell Gardens, CA 90201.

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## Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

ASSETS         Corremance Section         Control         Activities         Total		Pı		
Current assets:   Cash and investments (note 2)   \$22,224,860   \$20,338   \$22,245,718   \$20,000   \$20,238   \$22,245,718   \$20,000   \$20,238   \$22,245,724   \$20,000   \$20,238   \$22,245,724   \$20,000   \$20,238   \$22,245,724   \$20,000   \$20,238   \$20,243   \$20,000   \$20,238   \$20,243   \$20,000   \$20,238   \$20,243   \$20,000		Governmental	Business-Type	
Receivable:         2,224,860         20,388         22,245,80           Receivable:         1,538,900         202,829         1,731,729           Notes and loans (note 3)         8,972,432         .         8,972,432           Accrued interest         5,562         .         .         7,672           Internal balances (note 4)         4,108,086         (4,108,086)         .         38,780,000           Prepaid items         196,633         .         196,633         .         196,633           Due from other governments         9,007,008         .         30,007,008         .         30,007,008           Total current assets         84,825,281         3,993,39         30,038,005         .	ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Total
Receivable:	Current assets:			
Notes and loans (note 3)         8,972,432          8,972,432           Accreat internal balances (note 4)         4,108,006         (4,108,006	` /	\$ 22,224,860	20,338	22,245,198
Acenued interest         5,762         5,762           Internal balances (not 4)         4,108,086         (4,108,086)           Advances to Successor Agency         38,780,000         196,633         1         36,780,000           Total current assets         84,825,281         (3,884,909)         80,940,326           Noncurrent assets         84,825,281         (3,884,909)         80,940,326           Concurrent assets (note 5):         73,016,743         30,933,80         30,503,80           Total carrent assets (note 5):         73,016,743         1,011,000         74,027,47           Pospeciable, net         28,803,659         5,416,653         342,029,40           Total anonument assets         104,474,868         6,826,934         113,014,80           Total anonument assets         104,474,868         6,826,934         104,304,80           Total anonument assets         104,474,868         76,838         4,249,526           Total active to utility (Note Fresource)         9,116,128         103,346         2,921,674           Persions (note 7)         9,116,128         103,348         2,492,526           Total active to utility (note 7)         9,116,128         103,348         2,492,526           Total deferred outilinose of resource         2,003,979 <td>Accounts</td> <td>1,528,900</td> <td>202,829</td> <td>1,731,729</td>	Accounts	1,528,900	202,829	1,731,729
Advances to Successor Agency	Notes and loans (note 3)	8,972,432	-	8,972,432
Adunces to Successor Ageney   18,780,000   196,633   1		5,762	-	5,762
Prepaid items         196,633         - 196,037           Due from other governments         9,007,708         - 9,007,708           Total current assets         84,825,281         (3,884,918)         80,940,268           Cash and investments with fiscal agent (note 2)         2,654,466         399,339         3,053,805           Capitul assets (note 5):         73,016,743         1,011,000         74,027,743           Depreciable         28,803,659         5,416,635         34,220,294           Total capital assets         101,820,402         6,262,674         111,301,822           Total capital assets         104,743,868         6,826,974         111,301,822           Total capital assets         101,800,002         6,242,055         102,242,205           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pensions (note 7)         9,116,128         103,546         2,919,674           OPEB (note 8)         4,172,688         76,838         4,249,526           Total deferred outflows of resources         13,288,816         103,546         2,219,674           OPEB (note 8)         2,003,979         135,782         2,139,761           Accroad labilities         6,13,147         5,098         618,245           Accroad labilities         1,003,97	,	4,108,086	(4,108,086)	-
Total current assets			-	
Noncemary   Nonc		*	-	
Noncurrent assets:         2,654,466         3,99,30         3,053,085           Capital assets (note 5):         73,016,743         1,011,000         74,027,743           Depreciable, net         28,803,655         5,416,635         34,220,294           Total capital assets         101,820,402         6,427,635         108,248,037           Total noncurrent assets         104,474,888         6,826,974         111,301,842           Total sisets         89,300,149         2,942,055         192,107,40           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pensions (note 7)         9,116,128         103,546         9,219,674           OPEB (note 8)         4,172,688         76,838         49,219,674           OPEB (note 7)         9,116,128         1103,546         9,219,674           OPEB (note 8)         4,172,688         76,838         40,209,205           Total deferred outflows of resource         31,288,216         180,384         31,409,200           Total deferred outflows of resource         31,288,216         180,384         31,409,200           Total deferred outflows of resource         13,288,216         180,384         31,409,200           Interest payable         2,003,979         135,752         2,139,761 <td< td=""><td>Due from other governments</td><td>9,007,708</td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Due from other governments	9,007,708		
Cash and investments with fiscal agent (note 2)         2,654,466         399,339         3,053,805           Cipital assets (note 5):         Non-depreciable, net         28,803,659         5,416,635         34,220,294           Poperciable, net         28,803,659         5,416,635         34,220,294           Total apital assets         104,474,868         6,826,974         111,301,842           Total assets         104,474,868         6,826,974         111,301,842           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pensions (note 7)         9,116,128         103,546         9,219,674           OPEB (note 8)         4,172,688         76,838         4,249,526           Total deferred outflows of resources         4,172,688         76,838         4,249,526           Total deferred outflows of resources         313,88,16         103,546         9,219,674           Accounts payable         2,003,979         135,782         2,139,761           Accounts payable         18,618         16,902         35,520           Uncarred revenue         7,192,292         -         7,192,292           Deposits payable         334,976         -         1,805,065           Bonds, notes, and claims payable - due within one year (note 6)	Total current assets	84,825,281	(3,884,919)	80,940,362
Non-depreciable				
Non-depreciable neth         73,016,743 (a)         1,011,000 (b)         74,027,743 (b)           Depreciable, neth         28,803,659 (c)         5,416,635 (c)         108,220,024 (c)           Total capital assets         101,820,402 (c)         6,427,635 (c)         108,224,020 (c)           Total assets         104,474,868 (c)         6,826,974 (c)         11,301,842 (c)           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pensions (note 7)         9,116,128 (c)         103,546 (c)         9,219,674 (c)           OPEB (note 8)         4,172,688 (c)         76,838 (c)         4,249,526 (c)           Total deferred outflows of resources         13,288,816 (c)         180,384 (c)         2,219,674 (c)           Corper (note outflows of resources         13,288,816 (c)         180,384 (c)         2,219,676 (c)           Accrued liabilities         613,147 (c)         5,098 (c)         618,245 (c)           Accrued liabilities         613,147 (c)         5,098 (c)         335,520 (c)           Accrued liabilities         18,618 (c)         16,902 (c)         335,520 (c)           Lipe sits payable         40 within one year (note 6)         334,925 (c)         330,387 (c)         665,312 (c)           Deposits paya		2,654,466	399,339	3,053,805
Depreciable, net         28,803,699         5,416,635         34,220,249           Total capital assets         101,820,402         6,427,635         108,248,037           Total assets         104,474,868         6,826,974         113,034,22           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         189,300,149         2,942,055         192,124,240           OPEB (note 8)         4,172,688         76,838         4,249,526           OPEB (note 8)         4,172,688         76,838         4,249,526           Total deferred outflows of resources         13,288,816         180,384         13,692,00           LIABILITIES         ***         ***         4,172,688         76,838         4,249,526           Accounts payable         2,003,979         135,782         2,139,761         4,269,200         4,172,688         1,185,782         2,139,761         4,172,688         1,185,782         2,139,761         4,172,688         1,185,782         2,139,761         4,186,181         1,180,902         3,182,782         1,185,782         2,139,761         4,182,184         1,180,902         3,182,782         1,182,792         3,182,782         1,182,792         1,182,792         2,182,782         1,182,792         1,182,792         1,182,792         1,182,792         1,182,792         1,182,792				
Total capital assets         101,820,402         6,427,635         108,248,037           Total noncurrent assets         104,474,868         6,826,974         111,301,842           Total assets         189,300,149         2,942,055         192,242,204           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pensions (note 7)         9,116,128         103,546         9,219,674           OPEB (note 8)         4,172,688         76,838         4,249,526           Total deferred outflows of resources         13,288,816         180,344         13,469,206           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities           Accounts payable         2,003,979         135,782         2,139,761           Accounts payable         18,618         16,902         35,520           Interest payable         18,618         16,902         35,520           Uncarmed revenue         7,192,292         7,192,292         7,192,292           Deposits payable         336,796         336,796         1,805,605           Total current liabilities         1,805,605         1,805,605         1,805,605           Noncurrent liabilities         7,216,208         1,085,989         8,302,197           Net OPEB liability (note 7)				
Total noneurrent assets	•	28,803,659	5,416,635	34,220,294
Pensions (note 7)	Total capital assets	101,820,402	6,427,635	108,248,037
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pensions (note 7)         9,116,128         103,546         9,219,674           OPEB (note 8)         4,172,688         76,838         4,249,526           Total deferred outflows of resources         13,288,816         180,384         13,469,200           LABILITIES           Current liabilities:           Accrued liabilities         613,147         5,098         618,245           Interest payable         18,618         16,002         35,520           Loenande revenue         7,192,292         -         7,192,292           Deposits payable         336,796         330,796         665,312           Compensated absences - due within one year (note 6)         1,805,665         -         1,805,665           Total current liabilities         1,2304,822         488,169         12,792,991           Noncurrent liabilities         1,2304,822         488,169         12,792,991           Noncurrent liabilities         1,2304,822         488,169         12,792,991           Noncurrent liabilities         1,2304,822         488,169         12,792,991           Not Organisated absences - due in more than one year (note 6)         1,805,065         -         1,805,065 <t< td=""><td>Total noncurrent assets</td><td>104,474,868</td><td>6,826,974</td><td>111,301,842</td></t<>	Total noncurrent assets	104,474,868	6,826,974	111,301,842
Pensions (note 7)         9,116,128         103,546         9,219,674           OPEB (note 8)         4,172,688         76,838         4,249,526           Total deferred outflows of resources         13,288,816         180,384         13,469,200           LABILITIES           Current liabilities         2,003,979         135,782         2,139,761           Accrued liabilities         613,147         5,098         618,245           Interest payable         18,618         16,902         35,520           Unearned revenue         7,192,292         2         7,192,292           Deposits payable         336,796         336,796         336,796           Bonds, notes, and claims payable - due within one year (note 6)         1,805,065         2         1,805,065           Compensated absences - due within one year (note 6)         1,805,065         4         1,805,065           Total current liabilities         7,216,208         1,085,989         8,302,197           Net OPEB liability (note 7)         42,231,348         481,673         42,713,021           Net OPEB (note 8)         76,586,786         1,014,563         1,740,123           Total noncurrent liabilities         12,783,947         2,582,228         130,421,635 </td <td>Total assets</td> <td>189,300,149</td> <td>2,942,055</td> <td>192,242,204</td>	Total assets	189,300,149	2,942,055	192,242,204
Pensions (note 7)         9,116,128         103,546         9,219,674           OPEB (note 8)         4,172,688         76,838         4,249,526           Total deferred outflows of resources         13,288,816         180,384         13,469,200           LABILITIES           Current liabilities         2,003,979         135,782         2,139,761           Accrued liabilities         613,147         5,098         618,245           Interest payable         18,618         16,902         35,520           Unearned revenue         7,192,292         2         7,192,292           Deposits payable         336,796         336,796         336,796           Bonds, notes, and claims payable - due within one year (note 6)         1,805,065         2         1,805,065           Compensated absences - due within one year (note 6)         1,805,065         4         1,805,065           Total current liabilities         7,216,208         1,085,989         8,302,197           Net OPEB liability (note 7)         42,231,348         481,673         42,713,021           Net OPEB (note 8)         76,586,786         1,014,563         1,740,123           Total noncurrent liabilities         12,783,947         2,582,228         130,421,635 </td <td>DEFERRED OUTELOWS OF RESOURCES</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	DEFERRED OUTELOWS OF RESOURCES			
OPEB (note 8)         4,172,688         76,838         4,249,526           Total deferred outflows of resources         13,288,816         180,384         13,469,200           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities           Accounts payable         2,003,979         135,782         2,139,761           Accounts payable         18,618         16,002         35,520           Interest payable         18,618         16,002         35,520           Uneamed revenue         7,192,292         -         7,192,292           Deposits payable         336,796         -         336,796           Bonds, notes, and claims payable - due within one year (note 6)         1,805,065         -         1,805,065           Compensated absences - due within one year (note 6)         1,805,065         -         1,805,065           Total current liabilities         7,216,208         1,085,989         8,302,197           Net pension liability (note 7)         42,231,348         481,673         42,713,021           Net pension liability (note 7)         1,805,065         -         1,805,065           Total noncurrent liabilities         12,839,407         2,582,228         130,421,635           Total liabilities         1,105,450         1,114,2<		9 116 128	103 546	9 219 674
Total deferred outflows of resources			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Current liabilities:   Accounts payable   2,003,979   135,782   2,139,761     Accrued liabilities   613,147   5,098   618,245     Interest payable   18,618   16,902   35,520     Unearned revenue   7,192,292   - 7,192,292     Deposits payable   336,796   - 336,796   336,796   - 336,796     Bonds, notes, and claims payable - due within one year (note 6)   1,805,065   - 1,805,065     Total current liabilities   12,304,822   488,169   12,792,991     Noncurrent liabilities   12,304,822   488,169   12,792,991     Noncurrent liabilities   12,304,822   488,169   12,792,991     Noncurrent liabilities   42,231,348   481,673   42,713,021     Net pension liability (note 7)   42,231,348   481,673   42,713,021     Net OPEB liability (note 8)   76,586,786   1,014,566   77,601,352     Compensated absences - due in more than one year (note 6)   1,805,065   1,805,065     Total noncurrent liabilities   127,839,407   2,582,228   130,421,635     Total liabilities   140,144,229   3,070,397   143,214,626     DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES   1,105,450   17,142   1,122,592     OPEB (note 8)   23,702   2,582,228   30,421,635     Total deferred inflows of resources   1,129,152   39,841   1,168,993     NET POSITION   1,29,152   39,841   1,168,993     NET POSITION   2,319,260   - 10,319,260     Public safety   10,40,278   - 10,319,260     Public safety   1,040,278   - 10,319,260     Public safety   1,040,278   - 3,687,187   - 3,687,187     Parks and recreation   231,990   - 3,393,39   39,393,39     Total restricted   15,278,715   399,339   15,678,054     Unrestricted   16,223,688   (5,398,397   15,678,054     Unrestricted   16,223,688   (5,398,397   15,678,054     Unrestricted   16,223,688   (5,398,397   15,678,054     Unrestricted   10,278,715   10,278,715   10,278,715   10,278				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable         2,003,979         135,782         2,139,761           Accrued liabilities         613,147         5,098         618,245           Interest payable         18,618         16,902         35,520           Unearned revenue         7,192,292         -         7,192,292           Deposits payable         336,796         -         336,796           Bonds, notes, and claims payable - due within one year (note 6)         334,925         330,387         665,312           Compensated absences - due within one year (note 6)         1,805,065         -         1,805,065           Total current liabilities         123,04,822         488,169         12,792,991           Noncurrent liabilities         212,304,822         488,169         12,792,991           Noncurrent liabilities         42,231,348         481,673         42,713,021           Net OPEB liability (note 7)         42,231,348         481,673         42,713,021           Net OPEB liability (note 8)         7,65,86,786         1,014,566         77,601,352           Compensated absences - due in more than one year (note 6)         1,805,065         -         1,805,065           Total noncurrent liabilities         127,839,407         2,582,228         130,421,635           Total noncurrent li				
Accrued liabilities         613,147         5,098         618,245           Interest payable         18,618         16,902         35,520           Unearned revenue         7,192,292         -         7,192,292           Deposits payable         336,796         -         336,796           Bonds, notes, and claims payable - due within one year (note 6)         334,925         330,387         665,312           Compensated absences - due within one year (note 6)         1,805,065         -         1,805,065           Total current liabilities         12,304,822         488,169         12,792,991           Noncurrent liabilities         21,304,822         488,169         12,792,991           Not ORDINAL (note 7)         42,231,348         481,673         42,713,021           Net pension liability (note 8)         7,6586,786         1,014,566         77,601,352           Compensated absences - due in more than one year (note 6)         1,805,065         -         1,805,065           Total noncurrent liabilities         127,839,407         2,582,228         130,421,635           Total indifferences         1,105,450         17,142         1,122,592           OPEF (note 8)         23,702         225,822,28         130,421,635           Total deferred inflows of resour		2 002 070	125 792	2 120 761
Interest payable         18,618         16,902         35,520           Unearned revenue         7,192,292         -         7,192,292           Deposits payable         336,796         -         336,796           Bonds, notes, and claims payable - due within one year (note 6)         334,925         330,387         665,312           Compensated absences - due within one year (note 6)         1,805,065         -         1,805,065           Total current liabilities         12,304,822         488,169         12,792,991           Noncurrent liabilities         12,304,822         488,169         12,792,991           Noncurrent liabilities         12,304,822         488,169         12,792,991           Noncurrent liabilities         42,231,348         481,673         42,713,021           Net OPEB liability (note 7)         42,231,348         481,673         42,713,021           Net OPEB liability (note 8)         76,586,786         1,014,566         77,601,352           Compensated absences - due in more than one year (note 6)         1,805,065         -         1,805,065           Total noncurrent liabilities         127,839,407         2,582,228         130,421,626           Total noncurrent liabilities         1,105,450         17,142         1,122,592 <td< td=""><td>1 2</td><td></td><td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td><td></td></td<>	1 2		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Unearried revenue         7,192,292         -         7,192,292           Deposits payable         336,796         -         336,796           Bonds, notes, and claims payable - due within one year (note 6)         1,805,065         -         1,805,065           Total current liabilities         12,304,822         488,169         12,792,991           Noncurrent liabilities:         23,04,822         488,169         12,792,991           Noncurrent liability (note 7)         42,231,348         481,673         42,713,021           Net OPEB liability (note 7)         42,231,348         481,673         42,713,021           Net OPEB liability (note 8)         76,586,786         1,014,566         77,601,352           Compensated absences - due in more than one year (note 6)         1,805,065         -         1,805,065           Total noncurrent liabilities         127,839,407         2,582,228         130,421,635           Total liabilities         140,144,229         3,070,397         143,214,626           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pensions (note 7)         1,105,450         17,142         1,122,592           OPEB (note 8)         23,702         22,699         46,401           Total deferred inflows of resources         94,260,557 <t< td=""><td></td><td>*</td><td></td><td></td></t<>		*		
Deposits payable         336,796         -         336,796           Bonds, notes, and claims payable - due within one year (note 6)         334,925         330,387         665,312           Compensated absences - due within one year (note 6)         1,805,065         -         1,805,065           Total current liabilities         12,304,822         488,169         12,729,991           Noncurrent liabilities         2         1,085,989         8,302,197           Net pension liability (note 7)         42,231,348         481,673         42,713,021           Net OPEB liability (note 8)         76,586,786         1,014,566         77,601,352           Compensated absences - due in more than one year (note 6)         1,805,065         -         1,805,065           Total noncurrent liabilities         127,839,407         2,582,228         130,421,635           Total noncurrent liabilities         140,144,229         3,070,397         143,214,626           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pensions (note 7)         1,105,450         17,142         1,122,592           OPEB (note 8)         23,702         22,699         46,401           Total deferred inflows of resources         1,129,152         39,841         1,168,993           NET POSITION         10,319,260		· ·	10,902	
Bonds, notes, and claims payable - due within one year (note 6)         334,925         330,387         665,312           Compensated absences - due within one year (note 6)         1,805,065         -         1,805,065           Total current liabilities         12,304,822         488,169         12,792,991           Noncurrent liabilities:         ****         ****         1,085,989         8,302,197           Net pension liability (note 7)         42,231,348         481,673         42,713,021           Net OPEB liability (note 8)         76,586,786         1,014,566         77,601,352           Compensated absences - due in more than one year (note 6)         1,805,065         -         1,805,065           Total noncurrent liabilities         127,839,407         2,582,228         130,421,635           Total noncurrent liabilities         140,144,229         3,070,397         143,214,626           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pensions (note 7)         1,105,450         17,142         1,122,592           OPEB (note 8)         23,702         22,699         46,401           Total deferred inflows of resources         94,260,557         5,011,259         99,271,816           Restricted for:           Community development projects         10,319,260 <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td>			-	
Compensated absences - due within one year (note 6)         1,805,065         -         1,805,065           Total current liabilities         12,304,822         488,169         12,792,991           Noncurrent liabilities:         ***         ***           Bonds, notes, and claims payable - due in more than one year (note 6)         7,216,208         1,085,989         8,302,197           Net pension liability (note 7)         42,231,348         481,673         42,713,021           Net OPEB liability (note 8)         76,586,786         1,04,566         77,601,352           Compensated absences - due in more than one year (note 6)         1,805,065         -         1,805,065           Total noncurrent liabilities         127,839,407         2,582,228         130,421,635           Total liabilities         140,144,229         3,070,397         143,214,626           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pensions (note 7)         1,105,450         17,142         1,122,592           OPEB (note 8)         23,702         22,699         46,401           Total deferred inflows of resources         1,129,152         39,841         1,168,993           Net investment in capital assets         94,260,557         5,011,259         99,271,816           Restricted		*	330 387	
Total current liabilities         12,304,822         488,169         12,792,991           Noncurrent liabilities:         Bonds, notes, and claims payable - due in more than one year (note 6)         7,216,208         1,085,989         8,302,197           Net pension liability (note 7)         42,231,348         481,673         42,713,021           Net OPEB liability (note 8)         76,586,786         1,04,566         77,601,352           Compensated absences - due in more than one year (note 6)         1,805,065         -         1,805,065           Total noncurrent liabilities         127,839,407         2,582,228         130,421,635           Total Inbilities         140,144,229         3,070,397         143,214,626           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pensions (note 7)         1,105,450         17,142         1,122,592           OPEB (note 8)         23,702         22,699         46,401           Total deferred inflows of resources         1,129,152         39,841         1,168,993           Net investment in capital assets         94,260,557         5,011,259         99,271,816           Restricted for:         10,319,260         -         10,319,260           Public safety         1,040,278         -         1,040,278           Parks a			330,367	
Noncurrent liabilities:         Section of the community development projects         1,085,989         8,302,197           Noncurrent liabilities:         42,231,348         481,673         42,713,021           Net OPEB liability (note 7)         42,231,348         481,673         42,713,021           Net OPEB liability (note 8)         76,586,786         1,014,566         77,601,352           Compensated absences - due in more than one year (note 6)         1,805,065         -         1,805,065           Total noncurrent liabilities         127,839,407         2,582,228         130,421,635           Total liabilities         140,144,229         3,070,397         143,214,626           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pensions (note 7)         1,105,450         17,142         1,122,592           OPEB (note 8)         23,702         22,699         46,401           Total deferred inflows of resources         1,129,152         39,841         1,168,993           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         94,260,557         5,011,259         99,271,816           Restricted for:         10,319,260         -         10,319,260           Public safety         1,040,278         -         1,040,278	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		488 169	
Bonds, notes, and claims payable - due in more than one year (note 6)         7,216,208         1,085,989         8,302,197           Net pension liability (note 7)         42,231,348         481,673         42,713,021           Net OPEB liability (note 8)         76,586,786         1,014,566         77,601,352           Compensated absences - due in more than one year (note 6)         1,805,065         -         1,805,065           Total noncurrent liabilities         127,839,407         2,582,228         130,421,635           Total liabilities         140,144,229         3,070,397         143,214,626           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pensions (note 7)         1,105,450         17,142         1,122,592           OPEB (note 8)         23,702         22,699         46,401           Total deferred inflows of resources         1,129,152         39,841         1,168,993           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         94,260,557         5,011,259         99,271,816           Restricted for:         10,319,260         -         10,319,260           Public safety         1,040,278         -         1,040,278           Parks and recreation         231,990         -         231,990           Ca		12,504,022	400,100	12,772,771
Net pension liability (note 7)         42,231,348         481,673         42,713,021           Net OPEB liability (note 8)         76,586,786         1,014,566         77,601,352           Compensated absences - due in more than one year (note 6)         1,805,065         -         1,805,065           Total noncurrent liabilities         127,839,407         2,582,228         130,421,635           Total liabilities         140,144,229         3,070,397         143,214,626           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pensions (note 7)         1,105,450         17,142         1,122,592           OPEB (note 8)         23,702         22,699         46,401           Total deferred inflows of resources         1,129,152         39,841         1,168,993           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         94,260,557         5,011,259         99,271,816           Restricted for:         Community development projects         10,319,260         -         10,319,260           Public safety         1,040,278         -         1,040,278           Parks and recreation         231,990         -         231,990           Capital projects         3,687,187         -         3,687,187           Debt service <td></td> <td>7 216 208</td> <td>1 085 989</td> <td>8 302 197</td>		7 216 208	1 085 989	8 302 197
Net OPEB liability (note 8)         76,586,786         1,014,566         77,601,352           Compensated absences - due in more than one year (note 6)         1,805,065         -         1,805,065           Total noncurrent liabilities         127,839,407         2,582,228         130,421,635           Total liabilities         140,144,229         3,070,397         143,214,626           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pensions (note 7)         1,105,450         17,142         1,122,592           OPEB (note 8)         23,702         22,699         46,401           Total deferred inflows of resources         1,129,152         39,841         1,168,993           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         94,260,557         5,011,259         99,271,816           Restricted for:         Community development projects         10,319,260         -         10,319,260           Public safety         1,040,278         -         1,040,278           Parks and recreation         231,990         -         231,990           Capital projects         3,687,187         -         3,687,187           Debt service         -         399,339         399,339           Total restricted         (48,223,688				
Compensated absences - due in more than one year (note 6)         1,805,065         -         1,805,065           Total noncurrent liabilities         127,839,407         2,582,228         130,421,635           Total liabilities         140,144,229         3,070,397         143,214,626           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pensions (note 7)         1,105,450         17,142         1,122,592           OPEB (note 8)         23,702         22,699         46,401           Total deferred inflows of resources         1,129,152         39,841         1,168,993           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         94,260,557         5,011,259         99,271,816           Restricted for:         Community development projects         10,319,260         -         10,319,260           Public safety         1,040,278         -         1,040,278           Parks and recreation         231,990         -         231,990           Capital projects         3,687,187         -         3,687,187           Debt service         -         399,339         399,339           Total restricted         (48,223,688)         (5,398,397)         (53,622,085)			*	
Total noncurrent liabilities         127,839,407         2,582,228         130,421,635           Total liabilities         140,144,229         3,070,397         143,214,626           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pensions (note 7)         1,105,450         17,142         1,122,592           OPEB (note 8)         23,702         22,699         46,401           Total deferred inflows of resources         1,129,152         39,841         1,168,993           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         94,260,557         5,011,259         99,271,816           Restricted for:         Community development projects         10,319,260         -         10,319,260           Public safety         1,040,278         -         1,040,278           Parks and recreation         231,990         -         231,990           Capital projects         3,687,187         -         3,687,187           Debt service         -         399,339         399,339           Total restricted         15,278,715         399,339         15,678,054           Unrestricted         (48,223,688)         (5,398,397)         (53,622,085)			-	
Total liabilities         140,144,229         3,070,397         143,214,626           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pensions (note 7)         1,105,450         17,142         1,122,592           OPEB (note 8)         23,702         22,699         46,401           Total deferred inflows of resources         1,129,152         39,841         1,168,993           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         94,260,557         5,011,259         99,271,816           Restricted for:         Community development projects         10,319,260         -         10,319,260           Public safety         1,040,278         -         1,040,278           Parks and recreation         231,990         -         231,990           Capital projects         3,687,187         -         3,687,187           Debt service         -         399,339         399,339           Total restricted         15,278,715         399,339         15,678,054           Unrestricted         (48,223,688)         (5,398,397)         (53,622,085)			2.582.228	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pensions (note 7)         1,105,450         17,142         1,122,592           OPEB (note 8)         23,702         22,699         46,401           Total deferred inflows of resources         1,129,152         39,841         1,168,993           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         94,260,557         5,011,259         99,271,816           Restricted for:         Community development projects         10,319,260         -         10,319,260           Public safety         1,040,278         -         1,040,278           Parks and recreation         231,990         -         231,990           Capital projects         3,687,187         -         3,687,187           Debt service         -         399,339         399,339           Total restricted         15,278,715         399,339         15,678,054           Unrestricted         (48,223,688)         (5,398,397)         (53,622,085)				
Pensions (note 7)         1,105,450         17,142         1,122,592           OPEB (note 8)         23,702         22,699         46,401           Total deferred inflows of resources           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         94,260,557         5,011,259         99,271,816           Restricted for:         Community development projects         10,319,260         -         10,319,260           Public safety         1,040,278         -         1,040,278           Parks and recreation         231,990         -         231,990           Capital projects         3,687,187         -         3,687,187           Debt service         -         399,339         399,339           Total restricted         15,278,715         399,339         15,678,054           Unrestricted         (48,223,688)         (5,398,397)         (53,622,085)		140,144,227	3,070,377	143,214,020
OPEB (note 8)         23,702         22,699         46,401           Total deferred inflows of resources         1,129,152         39,841         1,168,993           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         94,260,557         5,011,259         99,271,816           Restricted for:         Community development projects         10,319,260         -         10,319,260           Public safety         1,040,278         -         1,040,278           Parks and recreation         231,990         -         231,990           Capital projects         3,687,187         -         3,687,187           Debt service         -         399,339         399,339           Total restricted         15,278,715         399,339         15,678,054           Unrestricted         (48,223,688)         (5,398,397)         (53,622,085)		1 105 150	15.140	1 122 502
Total deferred inflows of resources         1,129,152         39,841         1,168,993           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         94,260,557         5,011,259         99,271,816           Restricted for:         Total restricted for:         10,319,260         -         10,319,260           Public safety         1,040,278         -         1,040,278           Parks and recreation         231,990         -         231,990           Capital projects         3,687,187         -         3,687,187           Debt service         -         399,339         399,339           Total restricted         15,278,715         399,339         15,678,054           Unrestricted         (48,223,688)         (5,398,397)         (53,622,085)				
NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         94,260,557         5,011,259         99,271,816           Restricted for:         Community development projects         10,319,260         -         10,319,260         -         10,319,260         -         1,040,278         -         1,040,278         -         231,990         -         231,990         -         231,990         -         231,990         -         231,990         -         231,990         -         3,687,187         -         3,99,339         399,339         399,339         399,339         15,678,054           Unrestricted         (48,223,688)         (5,398,397)         (53,622,085)				
Net investment in capital assets       94,260,557       5,011,259       99,271,816         Restricted for:       Community development projects       10,319,260       -       10,319,260         Public safety       1,040,278       -       1,040,278         Parks and recreation       231,990       -       231,990         Capital projects       3,687,187       -       3,687,187         Debt service       -       399,339       399,339         Total restricted       15,278,715       399,339       15,678,054         Unrestricted       (48,223,688)       (5,398,397)       (53,622,085)	Total deferred inflows of resources	1,129,152	39,841	1,168,993
Restricted for:         Community development projects       10,319,260       - 10,319,260         Public safety       1,040,278       - 1,040,278         Parks and recreation       231,990       - 231,990         Capital projects       3,687,187       - 3,687,187         Debt service       - 399,339       399,339         Total restricted       15,278,715       399,339       15,678,054         Unrestricted       (48,223,688)       (5,398,397)       (53,622,085)	NET POSITION			
Community development projects         10,319,260         -         10,319,260           Public safety         1,040,278         -         1,040,278           Parks and recreation         231,990         -         231,990           Capital projects         3,687,187         -         3,687,187           Debt service         -         399,339         399,339           Total restricted         15,278,715         399,339         15,678,054           Unrestricted         (48,223,688)         (5,398,397)         (53,622,085)	Net investment in capital assets	94,260,557	5,011,259	99,271,816
Public safety       1,040,278       - 1,040,278         Parks and recreation       231,990       - 231,990         Capital projects       3,687,187       - 3,687,187         Debt service       - 399,339       399,339         Total restricted       15,278,715       399,339       15,678,054         Unrestricted       (48,223,688)       (5,398,397)       (53,622,085)	Restricted for:			
Parks and recreation         231,990         -         231,990           Capital projects         3,687,187         -         3,687,187           Debt service         -         399,339         399,339           Total restricted         15,278,715         399,339         15,678,054           Unrestricted         (48,223,688)         (5,398,397)         (53,622,085)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	10,319,260	-	10,319,260
Capital projects         3,687,187         -         3,687,187           Debt service         -         399,339         399,339           Total restricted         15,278,715         399,339         15,678,054           Unrestricted         (48,223,688)         (5,398,397)         (53,622,085)	•		-	
Debt service         -         399,339         399,339           Total restricted         15,278,715         399,339         15,678,054           Unrestricted         (48,223,688)         (5,398,397)         (53,622,085)		231,990	-	
Total restricted         15,278,715         399,339         15,678,054           Unrestricted         (48,223,688)         (5,398,397)         (53,622,085)	· · ·	3,687,187	-	
Unrestricted (48,223,688) (5,398,397) (53,622,085)				
		15,278,715	399,339	15,678,054
<b>Total net position</b> \( \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc	Unrestricted	(48,223,688)	(5,398,397)	(53,622,085)
	Total net position	\$ 61,315,584	12,201	61,327,785

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

#### **Statement of Activities**

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Total Program Revenue
Primary Government:					
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 9,494,894	162,745	5,855,759	_	6,018,504
Public safety	16,262,137	650,065	767,008	-	1,417,073
Community development	1,433,333	267,283	187,849	-	455,132
Parks and recreation	2,720,633	14,879	-	-	14,879
Public works	12,654,001	446,415	6,291,843	3,857,745	10,596,003
Interest on fiscal charges	224,813				
Total governmental activities	42,789,811	1,541,387	13,102,459	3,857,745	18,501,591
Business-type activities:					
Water	1,641,054	1,061,040	-	-	1,061,040
Golf Course	204,753	219,842			219,842
Total business-type activities	1,845,807	1,280,882			1,280,882
Total primary government	\$44,635,618	2,822,269	13,102,459	3,857,745	19,782,473

#### General revenues:

Taxes:

Card club gross receipt tax

Property taxes, levied for general purpose

Transient occupancy taxes

Sales taxes

Franchise taxes

Business license taxes

Other taxes

#### Total taxes

Motor vehicle in lieu - unrestricted

Use of money and property

Other

#### Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning of year

Net position - end of year

F	Primary Government	
Governmental	Business-Type	
Activities	Activities	Total
(3,476,390)	-	(3,476,390
(14,845,064)	-	(14,845,064
(978,201)	-	(978,201
(2,705,754)	-	(2,705,754
(2,057,998)	-	(2,057,998
(224,813)		(224,813
(24,288,220)	<del></del>	(24,288,220
-	(580,014)	(580,014
	15,089	15,089
<u>-</u>	(564,925)	(564,925
(24,288,220)	(564,925)	(24,853,145
6,728,349	-	6,728,349
1,554,677	-	1,554,677
410,282	-	410,282
3,923,189	-	3,923,189
4,202,690	-	4,202,690
233,315	-	233,315
5,789	<del>-</del>	5,789
17,058,291	-	17,058,291
5,243,723	_	5,243,723
4,139,105	24	4,139,129
134,181	=	134,181
145,534	(145,534)	
143,334		
26,720,834	(145,510)	26,575,324

722,636

12,201

58,882,970

61,315,584

59,605,606

61,327,785

### **Balance Sheet**

## **Governmental Funds**

## June 30, 2021

		Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund		
	General Fund	Low and Moderate Housing	Capital Improvement Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and investments (note 2)	\$ 9,927,525	1,067,204	5,844,674	5,385,457	22,224,860
Receivables:					
Accounts	1,504,049	218	-	24,633	1,528,900
Notes and loans (note 3)	105,324	6,727,883	-	2,139,225	8,972,432
Interest	4,517	-	-	1,245	5,762
Prepaid items	196,633	-	-	-	196,633
Due from other governments	7,033,673	-	1,463,292	510,743	9,007,708
Due from other funds (note 4)	4,275,787	-	-	-	4,275,787
Advances to Successor Agency	38,015,952	764,948	-	-	38,780,900
Restricted assets:					
Cash and investments with	2 224 (21		420.025		2 (54 4(6
fiscal agents (note 2)	2,224,631	-	429,835	-	2,654,466
Total assets	\$ 63,288,091	8,560,253	7,737,801	8,061,303	87,647,448
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 849,647	-	603,085	551,247	2,003,979
Accrued liabilities	613,147	-	-	-	613,147
Deposits payable	279,649	-	-	57,147	336,796
Unearned revenue	-	-	7,192,292	-	7,192,292
Due to other funds (note 4)				167,701	167,701
Total liabilities	1,742,443		7,795,377	776,095	10,313,915
DEFERRED IN FLOWS OF RES	OURCES				
Unavailable revenue	39,067,577	7,492,831	278,255	2,295,036	49,133,699
Total deferred in flows			<del></del>		
of resources	39,067,577	7,492,831	278,255	2,295,036	49,133,699
FUND BALANCES (note 12)					
Nonspendable	4,410,043	_	_	_	4,410,043
Restricted	-	1,067,422	_	4,847,850	5,915,272
Assigned	18,068,028	-	-	146,326	18,214,354
Unassigned		-	(335,831)	(4,004)	(339,835)
Total fund balances (deficits)	22,478,071	1,067,422	(335,831)	4,990,172	28,199,834
Total liabilities, deferred					
inflows and fund balances	\$ 63,288,091	8,560,253	7,737,801	8,061,303	87,647,448

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Fund balances of governmental funds	\$ 28,199,834
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities were not current financial resources. Therefore, they were not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. Capital assets were adjusted as follows:	
Capital assets Accumulated depreciation	150,530,440 (48,710,038)
Certain revenues were not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, were deferred in funds.	49,133,699
Long-term debt and compensated absences have not been included in the governmental fund activity:  Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds  Unamortized bond premiums/discounts  Southern California Edison On Bill Financing Agreement  Capital Lease Payable  CJPIA General Liability Retrospective Asset (deposit)  Compensated absences	(4,835,000) (485,410) (500) (2,239,435) 9,212 (3,610,130)
Proportionate share of net pension liability has not been included in governmental fund activity.	(42,231,348)
Deferred outflows related to contributions made after the actuarial measurement date for the net pension liability.	4,479,893
Deferred outflows and inflows related to unrecognized actuarial gains and losses for the net pension liability.	3,530,785
Net OPEB liability has not been included in governmental fund activity.	(76,586,786)
Deferred outflows and inflows related to unrecognized actuarial gains and losses for the net OPEB liability.	4,148,986
Accrued interest payable for the current portion of interest due on Bonds has not been reported in the governmental funds.	 (18,618)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 61,315,584

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Tor the rea	i Ended June 3	0, 2021		
		Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund		
	<del>-</del>	Low and	Capital	Nonmajor	Total
	General	Moderate	Improvement	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Housing	Projects	Funds	Funds
Revenues:					
Taxes and assessments	\$ 13,422,846	-	-	4,919,937	18,342,783
Licenses and permits	461,485	-	-	-	461,485
Intergovernmental	12,292,191	-	3,108,818	4,163,987	19,564,996
Charges for services	116,094	-	-	97,968	214,062
Use of money and property	4,563,898	89,711	23	16,332	4,669,964
Fines and forfeitures	500,420	=	=	=	500,420
Contributions	250,000	-	-	-	250,000
Other revenue	1,477,231			19,378	1,496,609
Total revenues	33,084,165	89,711	3,108,841	9,217,602	45,500,319
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	5,753,427	-	-	1,016,204	6,769,631
Public works	3,943,078	-	-	5,975,283	9,918,361
Public safety	14,594,110	-	-	332,980	14,927,090
Community development	1,120,694	-	-	312,639	1,433,333
Parks and recreation	2,595,714	-	-	124,919	2,720,633
Capital outlay	793,148	-	3,554,734	1,651,556	5,999,438
Debt service:					
Interest and fiscal charges	249,556	-	-	-	249,556
Principal retirement	188,602				188,602
Total expenditures	29,238,329		3,554,734	9,413,581	42,206,644
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	3,845,836	89,711	(445,893)	(195,979)	3,293,675
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in (note 4)	145,534	204,860	-	1,072,750	1,423,144
Transfers out (note 4)	(1,153,424)	-	-	(124,186)	(1,277,610)
Proceeds from capital lease	2,239,435			<u> </u>	2,239,435
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,231,545	204,860	-	948,564	2,384,969
			(445 902)		
Net change in fund balances	5,077,381	294,571	(445,893)	752,585	5,678,644
Fund balances, beginning of year	17,400,690	772,851	110,062	4,237,587	22,521,190
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$ 22,478,071	1,067,422	(335,831)	4,990,172	28,199,834

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance to the Governmental-wide Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Changes in fund balances of governmental funds	\$ 5,678,644
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	

Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the government-wide statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the current year, net of disposals and internal service fund activity.

Capital outlay	4,328,271
Depreciation expense	(2,356,510)
yment of hond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces	

Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. The issuance of new debt is revenue in the governmental funds, but increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

funds, but increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	OIII.	•
Repayment of long-term debt:		
Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds		185,000
Southern California Edison On Bill Financing Agreement		3,602
CJPIA General Liability Retrospective Payable		(28,260)
Amortization bond premiums/discounts		24,127
Issuance of long-term debt:		
Capital Lease Payable		(2,239,435)
Accrued interest for long-term liabilities. This is the net change in accrued interest for the current period		616
Revenues in the government-wide statement of activities that did not provide current financial resources were not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.		(423,428)
Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds		(387,798)
Pension obligation expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		2,251,365
To record as an expense the net change in other post employment benefits liability in the statement of activities.		(4,603,580)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	2,432,614

## Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds		
	<u></u>	Golf	<u> </u>
	Water	Course	Totals
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and investments (note 2)	\$ -	20,338	20,338
Receivables:			
Accounts	202,82	7 2	202,829
Restricted:			
Cash and investments with fiscal agents (note 2)	399,339	<del>-</del>	399,339
Total current assets	602,160	20,340	622,506
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (note 5):	6,427,635	5	6,427,635
Total noncurrent assets	6,427,633	5 -	6,427,635
Total assets	7,029,801	20,340	7,050,141
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pensions (note 7)	103,546	5 -	103,546
OPEB (note 8)	76,838		76,838
Total deferred outflows of resources	180,384		180,384
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	135,782	2 -	135,782
Accrued liabilities	-	5,098	5,098
Interest payable	16,902	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	16,902
Due to other funds (note 4)	4,108,086		4,108,086
Long-term debt - due within one year (note 6)	330,38	7 -	330,387
Total current liabilities	4,591,15	7 5,098	4,596,255
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Long-term debt - due in more than one year (note 6)	1,085,989	-	1,085,989
Net pension liability (note 7)	481,673		481,673
Net OPEB liability (note 8)	1,014,560		1,014,566
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,582,228	3 -	2,582,228
Total liabilities	7,173,385		7,178,483
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		<u> </u>	
Pensions (note 7)	17,142	2 -	17,142
OPEB (note 8)	22,699		22,699
Total deferred inflows of resources	39,84		39,841
NET POSITION		_	
Net investment in capital assets	5,011,259	9 -	5,011,259
Restricted for:	3,011,23	,	3,011,237
Debt service	399,339	9 -	399,339
Unrestricted	(5,413,639		(5,398,397)
Total net position	\$ (3,04)	-	12,201
rotal net position	$\psi$ (3,04)	13,272	12,201

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

# For the year ended June 30, 2021

	Business-Type A	Activities - Ente	erprise Funds		
	Golf				
	Water	Course	Totals		
Operating revenues:					
Sales and service charges	\$ 1,047,521	219,842	1,267,363		
Other revenues	13,519	<u>-</u>	13,519		
Total operating revenues	1,061,040	219,842	1,280,882		
Operating expenses:					
Administration and general	540,089	49,595	589,684		
Cost of sales and services	857,161	155,158	1,012,319		
Depreciation (note 5)	168,183		168,183		
Total operating expenses	1,565,433	204,753	1,770,186		
Operating income (loss)	(504,393)	15,089	(489,304)		
Non-operating revenues (expenses):					
Investment income	21	3	24		
Interest expense and fees	(75,621)		(75,621)		
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(75,600)	3	(75,597)		
Income (loss) before transfers	(579,993)	15,092	(564,901)		
Transfers out (note 4)	(145,534)	<u>-</u>	(145,534)		
Change in net position	(725,527)	15,092	(710,435)		
Net position at beginning of year	722,486	150	722,636		
Net position (deficit), end of year	\$ (3,041)	15,242	12,201		

# **Statement of Cash Flows**

# **Proprietary Funds**

# For the year ended June 30, 2021

•	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds			prise Funds
	Golf			
		Water	Course	Totals
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Cash received from customers and users	\$	1,064,312	219,840	1,284,152
Cash paid to suppliers for goods or services		(848,654)	(181,699)	(1,030,353)
Cash paid to employees for services		(309,101)	(50,093)	(359,194)
Net cash provided (used by) operating activities		(93,443)	(11,952)	(105,395)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:				
Transfers in (out) from/to other funds		(145,534)	-	(145,534)
Cash borrowed from other funds		633,486		633,486
Net cash provided (used by) noncapital financing activities		487,952		487,952
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Principal paid on capital debt		(315,000)	-	(315,000)
Interest paid on capital debt		(79,670)		(79,670)
Net cash provided (used by) capital and related financing activities		(394,670)		(394,670)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Investment income		21	3	24
Net cash provided (used by) investing activities		21	3	24
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(140)	(11,949)	(12,089)
Cash and equivalents, beginning of year	_	399,479	32,287	431,766
Cash and equivalents, end of year	\$	399,339	20,338	419,677
FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION:				
Cash and investments	\$	-	20,338	20,338
Cash and investments with fiscal agent		399,339		399,339
Total cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$	399,339	20,338	419,677
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided				
by operating activities:	Ф	(504.202)	15.000	(400, 204)
Operating income (loss)	\$	(504,393)	15,089	(489,304)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation		168,183	_	168,183
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		100,103	_	100,103
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		3,272	(2)	3,270
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		8,507	(26,541)	(18,034)
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		-	(498)	(498)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability and net OPEB			` ,	, ,
liability, net of deferred outflows and inflows		230,988		230,988
Total adjustments		410,950	(27,041)	383,909
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(93,443)	(11,952)	(105,395)

# Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Private-Purpose Trust Funds June 30, 2021

	Private-	
	Purpose Trust	
	Fund	
	Successor	
	Aş	gency of the
		Former
		Community
		evelopment
	C	ommission
ASSETS		
Cash and investments (notes 2 and 13)	\$	3,206,906
Receivables:		
Notes and loans (note 13)		8,215,556
Accrued interest		596
Restricted assets:		
Cash and investments with fiscal agents (notes 2 and 13)		2,758,710
Capital assets:		
Capital assets, not being depreciated (note 13)		1,773,001
Total assets		15,954,769
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pensions (note 7)		65,204
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable		16,256
Interest payable		311,871
Long-term liabilities:		
Due in one year (note 13)		1,810,171
Due in more than one year (note 13)		53,504,013
Net pension liability (note 7)		686,518
Net OPEB liability (note 8)		1,165,830
Total Liabilities		57,494,659
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pensions (note 7)		237,758
NET POSITION		
Held in trust for other purposes	(	(41,712,444)
Total net position	\$ (	(41,712,444)

# Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Private-Purpose Trust Funds

# For the year ended June 30, 2021

	Private-
	Purpose Trust
	Fund
	Successor
	Agency of the
	Former
	Community
	Development
	Commission
Additions:	
Taxes	\$ 4,172,111
Investment income	226,190
Other income	49,264
o their meeting	
Total additions	4,447,565
Deductions:	
Contractual services	76,384
Interest expense	1,122,660
Contributions to other governments	250,000
	<u> </u>
Total deductions	1,449,044
Change in net position	2,998,521
emmge in morpoinen	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Net position (deficit), beginning of year	(44,710,965)
Net position (deficit), end of year	\$ (41,712,444)
r (women'), once or j out	<del>Ψ (11,712,111)</del>

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended June 30, 2021

# (1) Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

## a. Description of the Reporting Entity

This report includes all fund types of the City of Bell Gardens (the "primary government"), as well as the Bell Gardens Financing Authority (the Authority). The Authority meets the definition of a "component unit", and is presented on a "blended" basis, as if it were part of the primary government. Although the Authority is a legally separate entity, the governing board of the entity is comprised of the same membership as the City Council. The City may impose its will on the component unit, including the ability to appoint, hire, reassign or dismiss management. There is also a financial benefit/burden relationship between the City and the Authority.

The City of Bell Gardens, California (City) was incorporated on August 1, 1961. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services: general government, public safety, public works, recreation and community development.

The Bell Gardens Financing Authority (Authority) was created on November 28, 1988, under a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement by and between the City of Bell Gardens and the former Bell Gardens Community Development Commission (former Commission). The Authority was established pursuant to the laws of the State of California with authority to acquire the former RDA's bonds as provided in Section 6588 of the Government Code of the State of California. The former RDA has determined that "significant public benefits" will be derived by the former RDA in undertaking the issuance of the bonds and their sale to the Authority and resale to the underwriter, in furtherance of the corporate purposes of the former RDA.

Separate financial statements are not prepared for the Authority.

#### b. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, and elimination have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods,

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

## (1) Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# b. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and the major individual enterprise fund are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

# c. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recoded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measureable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments are not recognized until paid.

The City's fiduciary funds consist of a private purpose trust fund which is reported using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Property taxes, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measureable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

# (1) Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## c. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (cont.)

- The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law of contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.
- The Low and Moderate Housing Fund was established to account for the assets of the former Community Development Commission's Low and Moderate Housing Fund. The fund accounts for transactions related to affordable housing activities. Revenues include repayments of loans that will be recorded for use into this fund for affordable housing activities.
- Capital Improvement Projects Fund These funds account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

• The Water Enterprise Fund accounts for the financial activity of the City's water utility. The costs of providing these services to the general public are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

- Special Revenue Funds These funds account for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or otherwise assigned for specific purposes.
- Capital Projects Funds These funds account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.
- The Private-purpose Trust Fund The fund is used to account for the assets and liabilities of the former community development commission and the allocated revenue to pay estimated installment payments of enforceable obligations until the obligations of the former community development commission are paid in full and assets have been liquidated.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to members, customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

#### (1) Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## c. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (cont.)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water Enterprise Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund includes the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first then use unrestricted resources as needed.

# d. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position or Equity

#### Cash and Investments

Investments are reported in the accompanying statement of net position at fair value. Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as *investment income* reported for that fiscal year. *Investment income* includes interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation, maturity, or sale of investments.

The City pools cash and investments of all funds, except for assets held by bond trustees and fiscal agents. Each fund's share in this pool is displayed in the accompanying financial statements as cash and investments. Investment income, earned by the pooled investments, is allocated to the various funds based on each fund's average cash and investment balance.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Cash invested in the City's cash management pool is also considered to be cash equivalents.

# Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangement outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

## (1) Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# d. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position or Equity (cont.)

Advances, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Under California law, property taxes are assessed and collected by the counties at 1% of assessed value plus other increases approved by the voters. Property taxes collected go into a pool and are then allocated to the cities based on a predetermined formula. The City of Bell Gardens accrues only those taxes which are received from the County of Los Angeles within 60 days after year end.

Lien date:

Levy date:

Due dates:

Delinquent dates:

January 1

June 30

November 1, February 1

December 11, April 11

#### Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of material and supplies (if material) are carried at cost on a first-in, first out (FIFO) basis. The City uses the consumption method of accounting for inventories. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recoded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Restricted Assets

Restricted assets represent unexpended bond proceeds, interest earning thereon and reserve amounts of certificates of participation and tax allocation bonds. Under the related resolutions and indentures, the remaining proceeds are restricted for the use of future construction of improvements to the respective projects, for debt service or for reserve requirements. The majority of these assets are held by trustees and fiscal agents.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

#### (1) Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# d. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position or Equity (cont.)

# Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, intangible assets and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are valued at acquisition value of the assets on the date on which they were contributed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. The City utilizes a capitalization threshold of \$5,000-\$10,000 depending on asset type.

Depreciation is charged to operations using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Buildings and improvements	20-40 years
Equipment	3-15 years
Infrastructure	20-50 years
Water rights	100 years

#### Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and governmental fund balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualifies for reporting in this category. One is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the business-type Statement of Net Position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second are deferred outflows relating to the net position liability reported in the government-wide and in the business-type Statements of Net Positions. These outflows are the results of contributions made after the measurement period, which are expensed in the following year, and of adjustments due to difference in proportions and the difference between actual contributions made and the proportionate share of the risk pool's total contributions. These amounts are deferred and amortized over the expected average remaining service life time.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

#### (1) Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# d. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position or Equity (cont.)

#### Deferred outflows/inflows of resources (continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and governmental fund balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for *deferred inflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two items, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, one item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The second are deferred inflows relating to the net pension obligation reported in the government-wide and in the business-type Statements of Net Positions. These inflows are the result of the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. This amount is deferred and amortized straight-line over a five-year period.

# Compensated absences

The cost of earned but unused vacation and sick leave, for which the City has a future obligation to pay, is recognized in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they become due and payable as a result of employee resignations or retirements. Typically, the City liquidates its compensated absences with general fund resources.

#### **Long-Term Obligations**

In the Government-wide Financial Statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the appropriate activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are no longer reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt, instead they should be expensed in the period incurred. Bond issuance costs are immediately expensed in the Government-wide Financial Statements in addition to the Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Statements in accordance with GASB No. 65. In the Fund Financial Statements, with the exception of advances from other funds, long-term liabilities are not presented. Governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. Consequently, long term debt is shown as a

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

#### (1) Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# d. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position or Equity (cont.)

# Long-Term Obligations (continued)

reconciling item in the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

In the Government-wide Financial Statements, interest payable on long-term debt is recognized as the liability is incurred for governmental activities and business-type activities. In the Fund Financial Statements, only propriety fund types recognize the interest payable when the liability is incurred.

# Fund Balances and Spending Policy

In the Governmental Fund Financial Statements, fund balances are classified in the following categories:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – Items that cannot be spent because they are not in a spendable form, such as prepaid items and inventories, items that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as principal of an endowment or revolving loan fund.

<u>Restricted</u> – Restricted fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions. This includes externally imposed restrictions by creditors, such as through debt covenants, grantors, contributions, laws or regulations of other governments, as well as restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – Committed fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources, the use of which is constrained by limitations that the government imposes upon itself at its highest level of decision making, The City Council is considered the highest authority for the City and approves such commitments through council resolutions and/ or similar documents. These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purposes unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use through the same type of formal action taken to establish the commitment.

<u>Assigned</u> – Assigned fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources reflecting the government's intended use of resources that are neither restricted or committed. Assignment of resources can be done by the highest level of decision making (City Council Resolution) or by a committee or official designated for that purpose. The City Council has designated the City Manager for the purpose to assign fund balance for specific departmental projects.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

#### (1) Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# d. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position or Equity (cont.)

# Fund Balances and Spending Policy (cont.)

<u>Unassigned</u> – The General Fund is the only fund that may report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. However, in governmental funds other than the General Fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

In July 2008, through Resolution 2008-17, the City Council adopted a fund balance reserve policy. The policy consists of establishing an economic contingency reserve by placing liquid cash in a financial institution in compliance with the investment policy in the amount of \$1,000,000 commencing July 1, 2008 and adding \$200,000 to the established reserve fund each fiscal year thereafter. The City Council's goal is to achieve a minimum of 10% of the annual General Fund appropriations as committed fund balance in the General Fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. It is the City's policy to consider committed amounts as being reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those fund balance classifications could be used.

# **Net Position Flow Assumption**

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, net position are classified in the following categories: *Net Investment in Capital Assets* consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

Restricted Net Position are restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted Net position is all net position that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net position."

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

#### (1) Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# d. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position or Equity</u> (cont.)

## Fund Balance Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### e. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. In addition, estimates affect the reported amount of expenses. Actual results could differ from these estimates and assumptions.

#### f. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of Bell Garden's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan (Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# g. New Accounting Pronouncements

The City adopted Statement on Governmental Accounting Standards (GASB Statement) Nos. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* and 90, *Majority Equity Interest*, all of which did not have an effect in the financial statements.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

#### (2) Cash and Investments

As of June 30, 2021, cash and investments, including cash and investments with fiscal agent, were reported in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental activities	\$24,879,326
Business-type activities	419,677
Fiduciary funds	5,965,616
Total cash and investments	<u>\$31,264,619</u>

The City of Bell Gardens maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use for all funds. Each fund type's position in the pool is reported on the combined balance sheet as cash and investments. The City has adopted an investment policy, which authorizes it to invest in various investments.

As of June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$4,402,715 and the bank balance was \$18,299,840. The \$1,026,773 difference represents outstanding checks and other reconciling items.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure a City's deposits by pledging government securities with a value of 110% of a City's deposits. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of a City's total deposits. The City Treasurer may waive the collateral requirement for deposits which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the FDIC. The collateral for deposits in federal and state chartered banks is held in safekeeping by an authorized Agent of Depository recognized by the State of California Department of Banking. The collateral for deposits with savings and loan associations is generally held in safekeeping by the Federal Home Loan Bank in San Francisco, California as an Agent of Depository. These securities are physically held in an undivided pool for all California public agency depositors. Under Government Code Section 53655, the placement of securities by a bank or savings and loan association with an "Agent of Depository" has the effect of perfecting the security interest in the name of the local governmental agency. Accordingly, all collateral held by California Agents of Depository are considered to be held for, and in the name of, the local governmental agency.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

#### (2) Cash and Investments (continued)

## Investments Authorized by the City's Investment Policy

Under provision of the City's investment policy, and in accordance with Section 53600 of the California Government Code, the following investments are authorized:

		Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
<u>Investment Types</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	Of Portfolio	in One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Bills, Bonds and Notes	5 years	None	None
U.S. Government Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Bills of Exchange	180 days	40%	15%
Commercial Paper	270 days	40%	15%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	15%
Repurchase Agreements	92 days	None	15%
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	None	15%
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Medium Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	15%

#### Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

The above investments do not address investment of debt proceeds held by a bond trustee/ fiscal agent. Investments of debt proceeds held by a bond trustee are governed by provision of the debt agreements, rather than the general provision of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

#### Investments in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

#### Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy or debt agreements, and the actual rating, by Standard and Poor and Moody's as of year-end for each investment type:

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

#### (2) Cash and Investments (continued)

		Minimum		Ratings as of	Year End	
Investment Type		Legal <u>Rating</u>	<u>AAA</u>	<u>AA</u>	<u>A</u>	Not <u>Rated</u>
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 8,176,193	N/A	_	-	_	8,176,193
Held by Fiscal Agent: Money Market Funds	3,587,884	N/A	_	_	_	3,587,884
Total	\$11,764,077	1 1/1 1				11,764,077
10141	<u>\$11,/04,0//</u>					11,/04,0//

# Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment policy does not impose restrictions on the maximum percentage it can invest in a single type of investment. As of June 30, 2021, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 40 requirements, the City is exposed to concentration of credit risk whenever they have invested more than 5% of their total investments in any one issuer. As of June 30, 2021, the City was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools (such as LAIF). As of June 30, 2021, none of the City's deposits or investments were exposed to custodial credit risk.

# Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

## (2) Cash and Investments (continued)

The City's investment policy limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The City's investment policy states that, with the exception of the investment of bond proceeds and LAIF, investments may not exceed five years in maturity. The City has elected to use the segmented time distribution method of disclosure for its interest rate risk.

	Remaining Investment Maturities			
	Less than	1 to 3	4 to 5	
Investment Type	1 Year	<u>Years</u>	<u>Years</u>	<u>Total</u>
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 8,176,193	-	-	8,176,193
Held by Fiscal Agent:				
Money market Mutual Funds	3,587,884			3,587,884
T 1	Φ11 <b>7</b> 64 0 <b>77</b>			11.764.077
Total	<u>\$11,764,077</u>			<u>11,764,077</u>

#### Fair Value Classifications

Fair value measurements are categorized based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical asset assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments categorized as Level 2 are valued using market approach using quoted market prices.

Investments' fair value measurements are as follows as of June 30, 2021:

Investment Type	Fair <u>Value</u>	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Local Agency Investment Fund Held by Fiscal Agent:	\$ 8,176,193			
Money Market Mutual Fund	3,587,884			
Total	<u>\$11,764,077</u>			

Investments in the LAIF investment pool and money market mutual funds are uncategorized as deposit and withdrawals are made on the basis of \$1 and not fair value.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

#### (3) Notes and Loans Receivable

Notes and loans receivable at June 30, 2021, consist of the following:

- a. During 1992-93, the Bell Gardens former RDA entered into a loan agreement with Nehemiah West Housing Corporation for the development of low to moderate-income housing. The loan amount is \$1,000,000 originally due October 13, 1994, and bearing interest at the rate of 12% per annum compounded after its due date. The balance as of June 30, 2021 is \$399,329. The City's Low and Moderate Housing Fund has recorded unavailable revenue as of June 30, 2021 for the remainder of the outstanding loan.
- b. As of June 30, 2021, the City had deferred loans receivable pertaining to housing rehabilitation loans and micro business loans given under the Community Development Block Grant Program in the amount of \$361,618 which has also been recorded as unavailable revenue.
- c. The City and Southern California Water Company executed an agreement effective July 1, 1990, providing for reimbursement to the City of certain costs incurred by the City for water system improvements. The total reimbursement has been estimated at approximately \$466,563 and is to be repaid in annual installments. As of June 30, 2021, the balance of the receivable was \$70,083 which has also been recorded as unavailable revenue.
- d. During 1997-98, the City instituted a deferred loan program for academic scholarships. As of June 30, 2021, the balance of the loans outstanding is \$362,884 which has also been recorded as unavailable revenue.
- e. As of June 30, 2021, the City has \$35,241 in settlements receivable. The City is scheduled to receive \$3,600 annually toward the receivable.
- The Bell Gardens former Commission is required by State Law to set aside funds to create and preserve housing that is affordable to low and moderate income families and individuals. The City has decided to utilize these funds for a second mortgage and/or closing costs, as needed for low-to-moderate income first time homebuyers. The City has established a not-to-exceed cap of \$33,000 per case on an as needed basis. The Bell Gardens First Time Home Buyer Program is a deferred equity share loan secured by a second deed of trust and note with an annual rate of 3%. The loan shall become due and payable only when the property is sold, leased or transferred. Repayment terms of principal, shared equity and interest at 3% per annum simple interest vary depending on the year sold or transferred. After the twentieth year, the loan is forgiven. The former Commission's share of equity in the property shall not exceed the proportional investment as a percentage of the original purchase price. The balance of the First Time Home Buyer Program as of June 30, 2021 is \$833,940 which has also been recorded as unavailable revenue. As a result of dissolution of the Community Development Commission, the loan receivable was transferred to the City's Low and Moderate Housing Fund.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

#### (3) Notes and Loans Receivable (continued)

- g. On March 22, 2011, Terra Bella, LLP, a California limited partnership (the Borrower) and the Bell Gardens former RDA entered into an owner participation agreement to develop a senior affordable housing project consisting of 65 units. Pursuant to the agreement, the former Commission has provided financial assistance in the amount of \$2,600,000 for the partial acquisition, construction, operation and maintenance of the units plus \$32,000 on preconstruction loans. The promissory note shall bear simple interest at a rate of 3% per annum which is recorded as unavailable revenue. Payments shall be made annually in arrears on May 1. The entire unpaid principal balance, together with all accrued and unpaid interest, shall be due on the date which is 57 years from the date a certificate of occupancy is issued for the last residential unit in the project. The balance as of June 30, 2021, including accrued interest of \$773,369, is \$3,405,369. The loan receivable is recorded in the City's Low and Moderate Housing Fund.
- h. On May 3, 2000, Las Cases de Bell Gardens, a California limited partnership (the Borrower) and the City of Bell Gardens entered into an owner participation agreement to develop a affordable housing project consisting of 10 units. Pursuant to the agreement, the City has provided financial assistance in the amount of \$85,000 for the partial acquisition, construction, operation and maintenance of the units. The promissory note shall bear simple interest at a rate of 3% per annum which is recorded as unavailable revenue. Payments shall be made annually in arrears on May 1. The entire unpaid principal balance, together with all accrued and unpaid interest, shall be due on the date which is 654 years from the date a certificate of occupancy is issued for the last residential unit in the project. The balance as of June 30, 2021, including accrued interest of \$47,986, is \$132,986. The loan receivable is recorded in the City's Low and Moderate Housing Fund.
- i. On April 1, 2005, Bell Gardens Housing Partners, L.P., a California limited partnership entered in a promissory note to pay the Bell Gardens former RDA \$3,812,202 for the payment of public and private debts. The Low and Moderate Housing has provided certain financial assistance in construction of a 72-unit senior affordable housing project by providing a Commission Loan (which is represented by this Promissory Note) in the amount of \$3,812,202 for the acquisition and clearing of the site and to help defray Developer's costs. The promissory note amount shall bear simple interest at the rate of 3% per annum, and 10% per annum and shall accrue upon the amount of each payment required upon the date each such payment is due. The Promissory Note shall be paid from "Residual Receipts", defined as an amount equal to sixty-five percent (65%) of the net profits produced from the project (on a prorated basis), until the note amount has been repaid in full. Any remaining principal, interest and other amounts due and owing under this promissory note shall be paid in full on or before the fifty-fifth (55th) anniversary of the date of promissory note.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

# (3) Notes and Loans Receivable (continued)

The balance of the promissory note and the related interest has also been recorded as unavailable revenue. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2021, is as follows:

	Principal <u>Amount</u>	Interest <u>Amount</u>	<u>Total</u>
CDBG Special Revenue Former Community Development	\$ 964,100	450,623	1,414,723
Commission Low and Moderate Housing Subtotal	1,514,959 1,333,143 3,812,202	$708,097 \\ \underline{623,116} \\ 1,781,836$	2,223,056 1,956,259 5,594,038
Less amount reported in the Successor Agency	<u>1,514,959</u>	708,097	2,223,056
Total	<u>\$2,297,243</u>	<u>1,073,739</u>	3,370,982

Total notes and loans receivable as of June 30, 2021 is \$8,972,432.

# (4) Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

# a. Due To / From Other Funds:

The following summarizes the total due to and from other funds as of June 30, 2021:

	<u>Due To Other</u>		
	Nonmajor	Enterprise	
	Governmental	Water	
	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>Due From Other Funds</u> :			
General Fund	<u>\$167,701</u>	<u>4,108,086</u>	<u>\$4,275,787</u>

Inter-fund receivables and payables as of June 30, 2021 are the result of the elimination of deficit cash balances in individual funds.

#### b. Transfers To / From Other Funds:

The following summarizes the total transfers in and transfers out to other funds as of June 30, 2021:

_		Tra	ınsfers In:	
		Low-Mod	Nonmajor	
	General	Housing	Governmental	
Transfers Out:	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
General Fund	\$ -	204,860	948,564	1,153,424
Nonmajor				
Governmental Funds	-	-	124,186	124,186
Water Enterprise Fund	145,534		<del>-</del>	145,534
Total	<u>\$145,534</u>	204,860	1,072,750	<u>1,423,144</u>

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

# (4) Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers (continued)

The General Fund transferred funds to Nonmajor Governmental Funds to fund capital projects and to pay for operating costs.

The transfer to the General Fund from Non-Major Governmental Funds was to fund administrative costs. The Water Fund transferred funds to the General Fund for reimbursement of prior years subsidies from the General Fund.

# (5) Capital Assets

A summary of the changes in capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021, is as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Governmental Activities	Beginning			Ending
<u>Description</u>	Balance	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance
Non-depreciable:				
Land	\$ 67,249,714	-	-	67,249,714
Construction in process	2,021,588	3,985,877	(240,436)	5,767,029
Total non-depreciable	69,271,302	3,985,877	(240,436)	73,016,743
Depreciable:				
Buildings and structures	17,818,216	266,324	-	18,084,540
Equipment	11,109,391	316,506	-	11,425,897
Infrastructure	48,003,260			48,003,260
Total depreciable				
capital assets	76,930,867	582,830		77,513,697
Less accumulated depreciation f	for:			
Buildings and structures	9,025,101	572,880	-	9,597,981
Equipment	9,151,063	719,157	-	9,870,220
Infrastructure	28,177,364	1,064,473		29,241,837
Total accumulated				
depreciation	46,353,528	<u>2,356,510</u>		48,710,038
Total depreciable				
capital assets, net	30,577,339	(1,773,680)		28,803,659
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 99,848,641</u>	<u>2,212,197</u>	(240,436)	101,820,102

Depreciation expense was charged in the following functions in the Statement of Activities:

Governmental Activities:

General Government	\$1,292,037
Public Works	
Total	\$2,356,510

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

# (5) Capital Assets (continued)

Business-type Activities:

<u>Description</u>	Beginning Balance	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Ending Balance
Non-depreciable: Land	\$1,011,000			1,011,000
Total non-depreciable	1,011,000			1,011,000
Depreciable: Water rights Equipment	1,914,000 6,973,549		<u>-</u>	1,914,000 6,973,549
Total depreciable capital assets	8,887,549		<u> </u>	8,887,549
Less accumulated depreciation for Water rights Equipment	574,200 2,728,531	19,140 149,043	<u>-</u>	593,340 2,877,574
Total accumulated depreciation	3,302,731	168,183		3,470,914
Total depreciable capital assets, net	5,584,818	(168,183)		5,416,635
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$6,595,818</u>	(168,183)		6,427,635

Depreciation expense was charged in the following functions in the Statement of Activities:

Business-Type Activities Water

\$168,183

Total

<u>\$168,183</u>

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

#### (6) Long-term Liabilities

## (a) Governmental Activities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

					Amounts
	Beginning			Ending	Due within
	<b>Balance</b>	<u>Additions</u>	<b>Deletions</b>	<b>Balance</b>	One Year
Governmental Activities:					
2015 Lease revenue					
refunding bonds	\$5,020,000	-	185,000	4,835,000	190,000
Unamortized bond premium	509,537	-	24,127	485,410	24,127
Notes payable:					
So Cal Edison Bill Financing	4,102	-	3,602	500	500
Capital Lease payable	-	2,239,435	-	2,239,435	120,298
Compensated absences	3,222,332	1,699,535	1,311,737	3,610,130	1,805,065
CJPIA Retrospective Deposit					
Liability (Asset)	(37,472)	37,472	9,212	(9,212)	
Total governmental activities	\$8,718,499	3,976,442	1,533,378	11,161,263	2,139,990

# 2015 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds:

On April 14, 2015, the Authority issued \$5,830,000 of Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds. The proceeds were used to refund 2006 Certificates of Participation, to fund various capital projects within the City, to fund a reserve account and to finance the costs of the transaction. The bond refunded \$3,260,000 in principal with a \$32,600 premium for a total cost to refund the 2006 Certificates of Participation of \$3,292,600. This refunding resulted in a net present value savings for the City of approximately \$335,270. Interest rates range from 3.0% to 5.0% and is payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on June 1, 2016. Principal payments range from \$135,000 to \$370,000. As of June 30, 2021, the unamortized premium outstanding was \$485,410 and the total principal balance outstanding was \$4,835,000. In the event of default, the Authority may only recover rent and other monetary charges as they become due.

Fiscal Year	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2022	\$ 190,000	223,413	413,413
2023	200,000	215,813	415,813
2024	205,000	207,813	412,813
2025	220,000	199,613	419,613
2026	230,000	190,813	420,813
2027-2031	1,305,000	772,563	2,077,563
2032-2036	1,670,000	411,813	2,081,813
2037-2040	815,000	77,625	892,625
Total	<u>\$4,835,000</u>	2,299,466	7,134,466

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

## (6) Long-term Liabilities (continued)

#### **Southern California Edison On Bill Financing:**

Starting on March 16, 2011 until March 5, 2012, the City engaged in a total of 7 loans totaling \$240,626 from Southern California Edison for various lighting upgrades installed throughout the City. The loan is non-interest bearing, and principal payments are made monthly as part of the City's regular utility bill. At June 30, 2021, the total principal balance outstanding was \$500.

At June 30, 2021, the annual requirements to repay the outstanding indebtedness were as follows:

Fiscal Year	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2022	\$ 500	<del>_</del>	500
Total	<u>\$ 500</u>	<u>-</u>	500

# **Capital Lease Payable:**

On April 30, 2021, the City entered into a master equipment lease purchase for improvements to facilities lighting, HVAC, and water conservation. The term of the lease is 15 years and principal and interest payments commence in October 2021. Semi annual payments of \$93,182.18 are due October 31 and April 30 at an interest rate of 2.99%. At June 30, 2021, the total principal balance outstanding was \$2,239,435.

At June 30, 2021, the annual requirements to repay the outstanding indebtedness were as follows:

Fiscal Year	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2022	\$ 120,298	66,067	186,365
2023	123,922	62,443	186,365
2024	127,655	58,710	186,365
2025	131,500	54,865	186,365
2026	135,461	50,904	186,365
2027-2031	741,029	190,791	931,820
2032-2036	859,570	72,250	931,820
Total	<u>\$2,239,435</u>	<u>556,030</u>	2,795,465

# **Accrued Leave Payable (Compensated Absences)**

For governmental funds, accrued leave payable amounted to \$3,610,130 as of June 30, 2021. The balance is broken down as follows: \$1,085,031 in vacation leave, \$2,021,834 in sick leave, \$105,239 in compensatory time, \$311,159 in holiday, 47,069 in floating holiday, and \$39,798 in administrative leave.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

## (6) Long-term Liabilities (continued)

# **CJPIA Retrospective Deposit Liability**

Retrospective deposits are cost allocation adjustments to prior coverage periods. Some claims take many years to resolve and over time their estimated value changes. The retrospective adjustments are calculated annually and take into consideration all the changes in claim values that occurred during the most recent year. The formula is designed to adequately cover the cost of claims brought against members and to ensure the overall financial strength and security of the Authority. The formula was developed to be as equitable as possible by taking into consideration both risk exposure and claims experience of individual members. CJPIA has temporarily deferred the payment on retrospective deposits owed to the Authority by members. The payment deferral period extends until July 1, 2013 for the Liability program and July 1, 2015 for the Workers' Compensation program. Retrospective deposit payments are scheduled to resume on these dates. The October 2021 annual retrospective adjustment is included in these balances. As of June 30, 2021, the City has a retrospective deposit (asset) of \$9,212.

# **Optional Payment Plans:**

When retrospective deposit payments resume as indicated above, members will have the opportunity to select from a variety of optional payment plans. Discounts under the incentive plan are available to members choosing to voluntarily accelerate payment during the deferral period. The City has chosen not to voluntarily accelerate payment at this time.

After the deferral period, members choosing from among the optional payment plans will be subject to a moderate annual fee. The fee is intended to provide a means for the Authority to recover otherwise foregone investment earnings and to serve as a minor disincentive for the selection of longer financing terms.

# Retrospective Balances will Change Annually:

Retrospective balances will change with each annual computation during the payment deferral period. Member balances may increase or decrease as a result of the most recent year's claim development. Accordingly, some members who chose to pay off their balance in full may be required to pay additional retrospective deposits in the future based on the outcome of actual claim development reflected in subsequent retrospective deposit computations.

Conversely, if claim development is favorable then subsequent retrospective adjustments could potentially result in refunds to the member.

More information on the CJPIA retrospective balances can be found on the CJPIA website at: <a href="http://www.cjpia.org">http://www.cjpia.org</a>.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

# (6) Long-term Liabilities (continued)

# (b) Business-Type Activities:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due within One Year
Business-type Activities:					
2004 Revenue bonds	\$1,730,000	-	315,000	1,415,000	330,000
Unamortized bond premium	1,763		<u>387</u>	1,376	387
Total business-type activities	\$1,731,763		315,387	<u>1,416,376</u>	330,387

# 2004 Water Refunding Revenue Bonds

During fiscal year 2004-2005, the Bell Gardens Financing Authority issued \$5,240,000 of refunding revenue bonds to refund the 1994 Water Revenue Bonds and pay the cost of issuing the bonds (insurance, underwriter discount, and other costs). The maturity date of the bonds is October 1, 2024. The interest rate ranges from 1.75% to 4.875%. As of June 30, 2021, the unamortized premium on the 2004 Water Refunding Revenue Bonds was \$1,376 and the outstanding balance was \$1,415,000.

The debt service requirements to maturity for the revenue bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2022	\$ 330,000	67,608	397,608
2023	345,000	52,098	397,098
2024	360,000	35,710	395,710
2025	380,000	18,430	398,430
Total	<u>\$1,415,000</u>	<u>173,846</u>	1,588,846

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

#### (7) Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Plan Description: All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City of Bell Garden's Safety and Miscellaneous Employee Pension Plans, cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and City of Bell Garden resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided: CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA) requires new benefits and member contributions for new members as defined by PEPRA, that are hired after January 1, 2013. These PEPRA members in pooled plans are reflected in the new Miscellaneous and Safety risk pools created by the CalPERS Board in response to the passage of PEPRA, beginning with the June 30, 2013, risk-pool valuations.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2019, are summarized as follows:

	Miscella	aneous
-	Prior to	On or after
Hire Date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2.7% @ 55	2.0% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50 - 55	52 - 67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.0% to 2.7%	1.0% to 2.5%
Required employee contribution rates	8.00%	6.25%
Required employer contribution rates	17.37%	6.25%
_	Safe	ety
	Prior to	On or after
Hire Date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	3.0% @ 50	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50 - 55	52 - 67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	3.00%	2.0% to 2.7%
Required employee contribution rates	9.00%	12.25%
Required employer contribution rates	50.82%	12.25%

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

## (7) Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Contributions: Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for both Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City of Bell Gardens is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Contributions to the pension plans were \$548,215 and \$1,293,044 for the Miscellaneous and Safety plans, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - As of June 30, 2019, the City of Bell Gardens reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability as follows:

	Proportionate Share		
	of Net Pension Liability		
Miscellaneous	\$15,663,818		
Safety	27,735,721		
Total Net Pension Liability	\$43,399,539		

The City of Bell Gardens' net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 rolled forward to June 30, 2019 using standard update procedures. The City of Bell Gardens' proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City of Bell Gardens' long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City of Bell Gardens' proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of June 30, 2019 and 2020 was as follows:

	Miscellaneous	Safety
Proportion – June 30, 2019	0.36254%	0.42342%
Proportion – June 30, 2020	0.37135%	0.41631%
Change – Increase (Decrease)	0.00881%	(0.00712%)

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

# (7) Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City of Bell Gardens recognized pension expense of \$2,779,831 and \$5,144,697 for the Miscellaneous and Safety plans, respectively. At June 30, 2021, the City of Bell Gardens reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Miscella	neous
d Outflows	Deferred Inflows
esources	of Resources
1,728,516	-
330,954	-
-	(410,440)
807,203	-
435,319	-
<u> </u>	(111,721)
2 201 002	(522 161)
3,301,992	(522,161)
Safet	ty
l Outflows	Deferred Inflows
sources	of Resources
2,751,377	-
-	(745,801)
477,931	-
2,150,764	-
602,814	-
	(92,388)
5,982,886	(838,189)
1	d Outflows esources 1,728,516 330,954

\$1,728,516 and \$2,751,377 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022 for the Miscellaneous and Safety plans, respectively. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended		
June 30	Miscellaneous	Safety
2022	\$ 98,700	\$ 520,624
2023	420,155	922,961
2024	339,280	647,692
2025	223,180	302,043
	<u>\$1,081,315</u>	<u>\$2,393,320</u>

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

#### (7) Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	Miscellaneous	Safety
Valuation Date	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2019
Measurement Date	June 30, 20120	June 30, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost	Entry-Age Normal
	Method	Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Discount Rate	7.15%	7.15%
Inflation	2.5%	2.5%
Payroll Growth	3.0%	3.0%
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by Entry Age	Varies by Entry Age
Investment Rate of Return	7.5% (1)	7.5% (2)
Mortality	Varies (2)	Varies (2)

- (1) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation.
- (2) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB.

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of a actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2011. Further details of the Experience Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

Change of Assumptions – In Fiscal Year 2020-21, demographic assumptions and the inflation rate were changed in accordance with the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the discount rate. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for changes of assumptions represent the unamortized portion of the changes of assumptions related to prior measurement periods.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15% for each plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

## (7) Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

Asset Class (a)	New Strategic Allocation
Public Equity	49.0%
Global Fixed Income	22.0%
Real Assets	12.0%
Private Equity	8.0%
Inflation Sensitive Assets	6.0%
Liquidity	3.0%
Total	100%

- (a) In the CalPERS CAFR, fixed income is included in global debt securities; liquidity is included in short-term investments; inflation assets are included in both global equity securities and global debt securities.
- (b) An expected inflation of 2.0% used for this period.
- (c) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the Bell Gardens' proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the Bell Garden's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Miscellaneous	Safety
1% Decrease	6.15%	6.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$23,432,388	\$41,065,672
Current Discount Rate	7.15%	7.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$15,663,818	\$27,735,721
1% Increase	8.15%	8.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 9,244,893	\$16,797,234

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

# (8) Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description - In addition to the pension benefits described above, the City provides retiree health insurance benefits through a single employer defined benefit plan. In accordance with the plan, which was approved by the City Council, these benefits are available to all employees who are eligible for normal PERS retirement and who retire after January 1, 1990. The City pays for monthly medical, dental and vision premium. The portion paid is based on years of service at retirement. The plans vary based on date of hire and bargaining unit.

Employee Covered – As of June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, the following current and former employees were covered by the benefit terms under the plan:

Active employees	136
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefits	55
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet	
receiving benefits	-
Total	$\overline{191}$

Contributions - Currently, the City funds retiree healthcare benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The City recognizes expenditure for its share of the annual premiums as these benefits become due. For fiscal year 2020-2021, the City paid \$1,016,204 for benefits of 55 retired employees.

*Net OPEB Liability* - The City of Bell Gardens net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OEPB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date June 30, 2019 that was rolled forward to determine the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

# Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate	2.16%
Projected Salary Increase	Salary Scale
General Inflation	2.75%
Mortality	Varies (1)

(1) The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of a actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2011. Further details of the Experience Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the OPEB liability was 2.16 percent, using the average of 3-20 year municipal bond rate indices: S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index, Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index, Fidelity GO AA 20 Year Bond Index.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

# (8) Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

The Changes in the net OPEB liability for the plan are as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability/ (Asset) (c)=(a)-(b)
Balance at Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/20			
Measurement Date 6/30/19	\$74,652,340	\$ 250,890	\$74,401,450
Changes During the Period:			
Service Cost	3,178,212	-	3,178,212
Interest Cost	1,665,893	-	1,665,893
Expected Investment Income	-	-	-
Employer Contributions	-	1,038,109	(1,038,109)
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-
Benefit Payments	(1,038,109)	(1,038,109)	-
Assumption Changes	618,446	-	618,446
Plan Experience	-	-	-
Investment Experience	-	60,345	(60,345)
Recognized Deferred Resources	-	-	-
Administrative Expenses		(1,635)	1,635
Net Changes in Fiscal Year 2020-21	4,424,442	58,710	4,365,732
Balance at Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/21			
Measurement Date 6/30/20	\$79,076,782	\$ 309,600	\$78,767,182

As of June 30, 2021, \$1,165,830 of the net OPEB liability has been allocated to the Successor Agency of the Former Community Development Commission.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the City of Bell Gardens' OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the City's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

1% Decrease	1.16%
Net OPEB Liability	\$96,030,539
Current Discount Rate	2.16%
Net OPEB Liability	\$78,767,182
1% Increase Net OPEB Liability	3.16% \$65,422,390

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

# (8) Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trends – The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City of Bell Gardens' if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for the measurement period June 30, 2020:

1% Decrease  Net OPEB Liability	5.5%HMO/6.0%PPO Decreasing to 4.0%HMO/4.0%PPO \$63,339,668
Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Net OPEB Liability	6.5%HMO/7.0%PPO Decreasing to 5.0%HMO/5.0%PPO \$78,767,182
1% Increase	7.5%HMO/8.0%PPO Decreasing to 6.0%HMO/6.0%PPO
Net OPEB Liability	\$99,452,555

*OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB* – For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the City of Bell Gardens recognized OPEB expense of \$5,845,652. As of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the City of Bell Gardens reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 3,199,901	-
Differences between projected and actual return on assets Change in assumptions	1,049,625	(46,401)
Total	\$ 4,249,526	(46,401)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	Recognized Net Deferred Outflows and Inflows of
June 30	Resources
2022	\$ 999,911
2023	1,000,093
2024	1,197,657
2025	452,525
2026	464,593
Thereafter	88,346
	<u>\$4,203,125</u>

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

## (9) California Joint Powers Insurance Authority Insurance Program

# a. Description of Self-Insurance Pool Pursuant to Joint Powers Agreement

The City of Bell Gardens is a member of the CALIFORNIA JOINT POWERS INSURANCE AUTHORITY (Authority). The Authority is composed of 123 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code §6500 et seq. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group purchased insurance for property and other lines of coverage. The California JPIA began covering claims of its members in 1978. Each member government has an elected official as its representative on the Board of Directors. The Board operates through a nine-member Executive Committee.

# b. Primary Self-Insurance Program of the Authority

Each member pays an annual contribution at the beginning of the coverage period. A retrospective adjustment is then conducted annually thereafter, for coverage years 2012-13 and prior. Coverage years 2013-14 and forward are not subject to routine annual retrospective adjustment. The total funding requirement for primary self-insurance programs is based on an actuarial analysis. Costs are allocated to individual agencies based on payroll and claims history, relative to other members of the risk-sharing pool.

#### **Primary Liability Program**

Claims are pooled separately between police and general government exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$100,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$100,000 to \$500,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs from \$500,000 to \$50 million, are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers.

The overall coverage limit for each member, including all layers of coverage, is \$50 million per occurrence. Subsidence losses also have a \$50 million per occurrence limit. The coverage structure is composed of a combination of pooled self-insurance, reinsurance, and excess insurance. Additional information concerning the coverage structure is available on the Authority's website: <a href="https://cjpia.org/coverage/risk-sharing-pools/">https://cjpia.org/coverage/risk-sharing-pools/</a>.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

## (9) California Joint Powers Insurance Authority Insurance Program (continued)

## **Primary Workers' Compensation Program**

Claims are pooled separately between public safety (police and fire) and general government exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$75,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$75,000 to \$200,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs from \$200,000 to statutory limits are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers.

For 2020-21 the Authority's pooled retention is \$1 million per occurrence, with reinsurance to statutory limits under California Workers' Compensation Law. Employer's Liability losses are pooled among members to \$1 million. Coverage from \$1 million to \$5 million is purchased through reinsurance policies, and Employer's Liability losses from \$5 million to \$10 million are pooled among members.

#### c. Purchased Insurance

## Pollution Legal Liability Insurance

The City of Bell Gardens participates in the pollution legal liability insurance program which is available through the Authority. The policy covers sudden and gradual pollution of scheduled property, streets, and storm drains owned by the City of Bell Gardens. Coverage is on a claims-made basis. There is a \$250,000 deductible. The Authority has an aggregate limit of \$20 million.

## Property Insurance

The City of Bell Gardens participates in the all-risk property protection program of the Authority. This insurance protection is underwritten by several insurance companies. City of Bell Gardens property is currently insured according to a schedule of covered property submitted by the City of Bell Gardens to the Authority. City of Bell Gardens property currently has all-risk property insurance protection in the amount of \$40,251,342. There is a \$10,000 deductible per occurrence except for non-emergency vehicle insurance which has a \$2,500 deductible.

#### Crime Insurance

The City of Bell Gardens purchases crime insurance coverage in the amount of \$1,000,000 with a \$2,500 deductible. The fidelity coverage is provided through the Authority.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

## (9) California Joint Powers Insurance Authority Insurance Program (continued)

## d. Adequacy of Protection

During the past three fiscal years, none of the above programs of protection experienced settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There were also no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage in 2020-21.

## (10) Contingent Liabilities

## a. Lawsuits in the Normal Course of Business

The City is presently involved in certain matters of litigation that have arisen in the normal course of conducting City business. City management believes, based upon consultation with the City Attorney, that these cases, in the aggregate, are not expected to result in a material adverse financial impact on the City. Additionally, City management believes that the City's insurance programs are sufficient to cover any potential losses should an unfavorable outcome materialize.

## b. Federal and State Grant Programs

The City participates in several federal and state grant programs. These programs have been audited by the City's independent auditors in accordance with the provisions of the federal Single Audit Act, as amended and applicable state requirements. No cost disallowances were proposed as a result of these audits. However, these programs are still subject to further examination by the grantors and the amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time.

## c. Ongoing Operations

The City's operations may be affected by the recent and ongoing outbreak of COVID-19, which was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization in March 2020. The ultimate disruption which may be caused by the outbreak is uncertain; however, possible effects may include, but are not limited to, a reduction in certain tax revenues and a decline in the value of investments, which could have an impact on the City's financial position and operating results. There is significant uncertainty as to the severity and longevity of the outbreak and City management is in the process of evaluating the impact on the City and its financial statements.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

## (11) Operating Lease Agreements

- a. On November 9, 1987, the Bell Gardens former RDA approved a Lease Agreement with the Bicycle Club. The Bicycle Club agreed to lease property from the former RDA for use as a parking lot. The lease term is 15 years at an annual minimum rent of \$559,200 per year, adjusted every five years by the greater of the Consumer Price Index or 120%. During 1989-90 the parking lot was transferred to the City of Bell Gardens as a repayment of City loans. The lease agreement was assigned to the City along with the transfer. On July 1, 2005, the Bell Gardens former RDA approved an amendment to the original lease in the amount of \$633,535 and \$239,179 for Parcel D and C, respectively. Rent paid to the City under this agreement was \$2,648,223 for the year ended June 30, 2021.
- b. On November 11, 1987, the Bell Gardens former RDA approved a Lease Agreement with the Bell Gardens Hotel Partnership. The Hotel Partnership agreed to lease property with all buildings, structures, improvements and fixtures thereon for the use as a hotel and restaurant. The lease term is 99 years at a revised rate of \$81,510 per year, adjusted every five years by the Consumer Price Index, plus the excess, if any, of the sum of the following over the annual rate: 6.25% of gross room revenues, 3% of gross food and beverage revenues, and 10% of all other revenues. During 1991-92, the property was transferred to the City of Bell Gardens as a repayment of City loans. The lease agreement was assigned to the City along with the transfer. Rent paid to the City under this agreement was \$151,885 for the year ended June 30, 2021.
- c. On February 22, 1988, the Bell Gardens former RDA approved a Lease Agreement with the Bell Gardens Associates. The agreement is to lease property with all buildings, structures, improvements and fixtures thereon for use as a shopping center. The lease term is 55 years at a revised rate of \$736,830, adjusted every five years by 4% from the prior increase, plus one percent of gross revenues for the preceding year. During 1991-92, the property was transferred to the City of Bell Gardens as a repayment of City loans. Rent paid to the City under this agreement was \$1,510,685 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Future minimum lease payments due to the City are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Parking Lot	<u>Hotel</u>	Shopping Center
2022	\$ 2,648,223	151,885	1,525,799
2023	2,648,223	151,885	1,571,112
2024	2,648,223	151,885	1,571,112
2025	2,648,223	151,885	1,571,112
2026	2,648,223	151,885	1,571,112
Thereafter	89,377,334	11,087,379	
Total	\$102,618,449	<u>11,847,004</u>	<u>7,810,247</u>

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

## (12) Classification of Fund Balances

The City has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance and Governmental Fund Type Definitions". GASB 54 establishes fund balance classifications based largely upon the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. The governmental fund statements conform to this classification and are summarized as follows as of June 30, 2021:

		Low and	<u>Capital</u>		
		<b>Moderate</b>	<b>Improvement</b>	Non-major	
		<b>Housing Special</b>	<b>Projects Capital</b>	<b>Governmental</b>	
	General Fund	Revenue Fund	<b>Project Fund</b>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Totals</u>
Nonspendable					
Prepaid expenses	\$ 196,633	-	-	-	196,633
Notes and loans	105,324	-	-	-	105,324
Due from Water Fund	4,108,086	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>	4,108,086
Total Nonspendable	4,410,043	<u>-</u>	<del>_</del>	<u>-</u>	4,410,043
Restricted					
Housing	-	1,067,422	-	-	1,067,422
Recreation and community					
services	-	-	-	85,972	85,972
Public safety	-	-	-	914,720	914,720
Transportation	-	-	-	3,701,140	3,701,140
Environmental		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	146,018	146,018
Total Restricted		1,067,422		4,847,850	5,915,272
Assigned					
Contingencies	3,500,000	-	-	-	3,500,000
Post employment benefits	10,790,197	-	-	146,326	10,936,523
Compensated absences	3,610,130	-	-	-	3,610,130
Interfund loans receivable	167,701				167,701
Total Assigned	18,068,028	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>	146,325	18,214,354
Unassigned			(335,831)	(4,004)	(339,835)
Totals	<u>\$ 22,478,071</u>	1,067,422	(335,831)	4,990,172	28,199,834

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

## (13) Successor Agency Trust For Assets of Former Community Development Commission

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1X 26 ("the Bill") that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City of Bell Gardens that previously had reported a redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit.

The Bill directs the State Controller of the State of California to review the propriety of any transfers of assets between redevelopment agencies and other public bodies that occurred after January 1, 2011. If the public body that received such transfers is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, the State Controller is required to order the available assets to be transferred to the public body designated as the successor agency by the Bill.

Management believes, in consultation with legal counsel, that the obligations of the former community development commission due to the City are valid enforceable obligations payable by the successor agency trust under the requirements of the Bill. The City's position on this issue is not a position of settled law and there is considerable legal uncertainty regarding this issue. It is reasonably possible that a legal determination may be made at a later date by an appropriate judicial authority that would resolve this issue unfavorably to the City.

In accordance with the timeline set forth in the Bill (as modified by the California Supreme Court on December 29, 2011) all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and ceased to operate as a legal entity as of February 1, 2012.

## a. Cash and investments

Cash and investments reported in the accompanying financial statements consisted of the following:

Cash and investments	\$3,206,906
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	2,758,710
Total cash and investments	\$5,965,616

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

# (13) Successor Agency Trust For Assets of Former Community Development Commission (continued)

#### b. Notes and Loans Receivable

Notes and loans receivable as of June 30, 2021, consist of the following:

In October 11, 2004, Primestor El Portal, LLP, a California limited liability company (the Borrower) and the former Bell Gardens Community Development Commission (the Commission) have entered into a disposition and development agreement and a ground lease for the Borrower to lease from the former Commission certain real property. Pursuant to the agreement, the former Commission has agreed to provide a \$3,000,000 loan to be used in connection with the construction and development of the property. The promissory note shall be for the term of the ground lease and accrue interest at six percent (6%) simple interest which are recorded as deferred revenue. Borrower's obligation to repay shall be limited to fifteen percent (15%) of any and all net proceeds of any refinancing events and to fifty percent (50%) of any net profit resulting from the first sale event. The balance as of June 30, 2021, including accrued interest of \$2,992,500, is \$5,992,500.

On April 1, 2005, Bell Gardens Housing Partners, L.P., a California limited partnership entered into a promissory note to pay the former Bell Gardens Community Development Commission \$3,812,203 for the payment of public and private debts. The former Commission has provided certain financial assistance in construction of a 72-unit senior affordable housing project by providing a Commission Loan (which is represented by this Promissory Note) in the amount of \$3,812,203 for the acquisition and clearing of the site and to help defray Developer's costs. The promissory note amount shall bear simple interest at the rate of 3% per annum, and 10% per annum shall accrue upon the amount of each payment required upon the date each such payment is due. The Promissory Note shall be paid from "Residual Receipts", defined as an amount equal to sixty-five percent (65%) of the net profits produced from the project (on a prorate basis), until the note amount has been repaid in full. Any remaining principal, interest and other amounts due and owing under this promissory note shall be paid in full on or before the fifty-fifth (55th) anniversary of the date of the promissory note. The Successor Agency's outstanding balance as of June 30, 2021, including interest of \$708,097, is \$2,223,056.

Total notes and loans receivable at June 30, 2021, were \$8,215,556.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

# (13) Successor Agency Trust For Assets of Former Community Development Commission (continued)

## c. Capital Assets

An analysis of capital assets as of June 30, 2021, follows:

Description	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Ending Balance
Non-depreciable: Land	\$ 1,773,001	<del>-</del>	<del>_</del>	1,773,001
Total non-depreciable	\$ 1,773,001	<del>_</del>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,773,001</u>

## d. Long-Term Debt

The following debt was transferred from the Community Development Commission to the Successor Agency as of February 1, 2012 as a result of the dissolution. A description of long-term debt outstanding of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2021, follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due within
	<b>Balance</b>	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	<b>Balance</b>	One Year
Advances from City	\$39,440,825	364,374	1,024,299	38,780,900	-
Tax Allocation Bonds Payable:					
2014 Refunding Series A	1,490,000	-	475,000	1,015,000	495,000
2014 Refunding Series B	4,950,000	-	415,000	4,535,000	430,000
2014 Refunding Series C	8,995,000	-	470,000	8,525,000	485,000
<b>Unamortized Bond Premium</b>	322,547	-	79,746	242,801	79,748
Unamortized Bond Discount	(15,892)	-	(1,445)	(14,447)	(1,445)
Revenue Bonds Payable:					
2005 Series A Project Area No.	1 500,000	-	155,000	345,000	165,000
2005 Series A Central City					
Project Area	1,965,000	-	135,000	1,830,000	150,000
Unamortized Bond Premium	61,800	<del>-</del>	6,870	54,930	6,868
Subtotal	<u>\$57,709,280</u>	364,374	<u>2,764,470</u>	55,309,184	<u>1,810,171</u>

The advances from the City consist of \$38,780,900 loans including accrued interest of \$15,741,366. Accrued interest is calculated in accordance with HSC Section 34191.416 which states that interest shall be calculated from the origin of the loan at a simple interest rate of three percent.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

# (13) Successor Agency Trust For Assets of Former Community Development Commission (continued)

## d. Long-Term Debt, (Continued)

## 2005 Revenue Bonds, Series A

On June 22, 2005, the Commission issued \$4,775,000 of revenue bonds with an interest rate of 7.75%. The proceeds were used to finance redevelopment activities to benefit Project No. 1 Redevelopment Area and Central City Redevelopment Area, to fund a reserve fund, and to pay for the costs of issuing the bonds (insurance, underwriter discount, and other costs). Interest is paid semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 with a final maturity date of October 1, 2029. As of June 30, 2021, the unamortized premium outstanding was \$54,930 and the total principal outstanding was \$2,175,000.

At June 30, 2021, the annual requirements to repay the outstanding indebtedness were as follows:

Fiscal Year	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2022	\$ 315,000	168,563	483,563
2023	340,000	144,150	484,150
2024	170,000	117,800	287,800
2025	185,000	104,625	289,625
2026	200,000	90,288	290,288
2027-2030	965,000	194,138	1,159,138
Total	\$2,175,000	819,564	2,994,564

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

# (13) Successor Agency Trust For Assets of Former Community Development Commission (continued)

## d. Long-Term Debt, (Continued)

## 2014 Tax Allocation Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series A, B & C

On June 18, 2014, the Successor Agency issued a total of \$21,455,000 of revenue refunding bonds, Series A, B, and C.

The 2014 Series A and B revenue refunding bonds were issued for \$10,330,000 with an average interest rate of 4.41% and were used to advance refund the \$12.5 million of outstanding 2003 Series A and B revenue bonds with an average interest rate of 5.32%. This refunding resulted in a net present value savings for the Successor Agency of approximately \$1.5 million.

The 2014 Series C, Second Subordinate Tax Allocation Revenue Refunding Bonds were issued for a total of \$11,125,000 with an average interest rate of 4.8%. The bond proceeds were used to pay off the Bear Sterns note in the amount of \$8.3 million which had been in default and to pay the related other cost of issuance. The estimated remaining \$1.1 million was put into a reserve account with the trustee per the bond indenture agreement.

At June 30, 2021, the total principal outstanding for the 2014 Series A, B, and C were \$14,075,000.

As of June 30, 2021, the annual requirements to repay the outstanding indebtedness for the 2014 Series A bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year		<u>Principal</u> <u>Inte</u>		<u>Total</u>
2022 2023		\$ 495,000 520,000	38,375 13,000	533,375 533,000
	Total	\$1,015,000	51,375	1,066,375

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

# (13) Successor Agency Trust For Assets of Former Community Development Commission (continued)

## d. Long-Term Debt, (Continued)

## 2014 Tax Allocation Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series A, B & C, (Continued)

As of June 30, 2021, the annual requirements to repay the outstanding indebtedness for the 2014 Series B bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2022	\$ 430,000	172,350	602,350
2023	445,000	159,225	604,225
2024	460,000	145,650	605,650
2025	475,000	126,875	601,875
2026	500,000	102,500	602,500
2027-2030	2,225,000	<u>174,188</u>	2,399,188
Total	<u>\$4,535,000</u>	880,788	5,415,788

As of June 30, 2021, the annual requirements to repay the outstanding indebtedness for the 2014 Series C bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2022	\$ 485,000	408,710	893,710
2023	500,000	389,304	889,304
2024	520,000	367,941	887,941
2025	540,000	345,079	885,079
2026	565,000	318,737	883,737
2027-2031	4,200,000	1,091,088	5,291,088
2032	1,715,000	44,101	1,759,101
Total	\$8,525,000	<u>2,964,960</u>	11,489,960

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

## (13) Successor Agency Trust For Assets of Former Community Development Commission (continued)

## d. Long-Term Debt, (Continued)

## **Pledged Revenue**

The City pledged, as security for bonds issued, either directly or through the Financing Authority, a portion of tax increment revenue (including Low and Moderate Income Housing set-aside and pass through allocations) that it receives. The bonds issued were to provide financing for various capital projects, accomplish Low and Moderate Income Housing projects and to defease previously issued bonds. Assembly Bill 1X 26 provided that upon dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency, property taxes allocated to redevelopment agencies no longer are deemed tax increment but rather property tax revenues and will be allocated first to successor agencies to make payments on the indebtedness incurred by the dissolved redevelopment agency. Total principal and interest remaining on the debt is \$27,885,672 with annual debt service requirements as indicated above. For the current year, the total property tax revenue recognized by the City and Successor Agency for the payment of indebtedness incurred by the dissolved redevelopment agency was \$4,172,111 and the debt service obligation on the bonds was \$2,523,446. The Successor Agency was able to cover the debt service obligations for the year ended June 30, 2021.

## e. Successor Agency Unfunded Liabilities

When redevelopment agencies dissolved, there was a certain level of unfunded accrued liabilities related to other post-employment benefits (retiree healthcare) and pension benefits that the employees of the former redevelopment agency had accrued. In order to keep these liabilities with the Successor Agency, the liabilities need to be placed on a recognized obligation payment schedule (ROPS) and obtain approval from the Successor Agency Board, the Oversight Board and the State Department of Finance in order to become an enforceable obligation.

During the ROPS 15-16B process, the unfunded accrued liability was calculated, placed on the ROPS and approved by all three entities including the State Department of Finance. The total approved liability is \$2,053,403, is made up of \$1,366,885 for the OPEB; \$660,681 for the CalPERS pension; and \$25,837 for the CalPERS side fund and is being amortized over a 20 year; 22 year; and 12 year period, respectively. As of June 30, 2021 the unfunded accrued liability is \$1,852,348. However, subsequent to the ROPS 15-16B approval, the liability was rejected by the DOF. The City met and conferred over the issue witch the DOF reasserted their conclusion. The City is currently weighing their options.

#### f. Insurance

The Successor Agency is covered under the City of Bell Garden's insurance policies. Therefore, the limitation and self-insured retentions applicable to the City also apply to the Successor Agency. Additional information as to coverage and self-insured retentions can be found in Note 9.

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

## (14) Other Required Disclosures

## Deficit Fund Balances

The following funds had deficit fund balances as of June 30, 2021:

Capital Improvement Projects \$ 335,831 (a)

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:

Community Development Block Grant	28,097 (a)
Air Quality Improvement	27,139 (a)
ABC Grants	2,051 (a)
JAG Grants	1,519 (a)
Office of Traffic Safety Grant	17,971 (a)

(a) The deficit fund balance will be eliminated over time as revenues exceed expenditures.

## (15) Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 22, 2021 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and has determined that there are no transactions that will have a significant impact on the City.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## **General Fund**

# Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Variance with

	Budget A	mounts	Actual	Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:	Original		7 Hillounts	(reguire)
Taxes and assessments	\$ 14,331,379	12,029,793	13,422,846	1,393,053
Licenses and permits	613,500	363,500	461,485	97,985
Intergovernmental	5,514,726	15,182,058	12,292,191	(2,889,867)
Charges for services	247,795	164,115	116,094	(48,021)
Use of money and property	4,712,698	4,643,226	4,563,898	(79,328)
Fines and forfeitures	495,500	440,500	500,420	59,920
Contributions	-	-	250,000	250,000
Other revenue	1,810,439	1,222,439	1,477,231	254,792
Total revenues	27,726,037	34,045,631	33,084,165	(961,466)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	6,060,735	6,132,863	5,753,427	379,436
Public works	4,136,752	4,110,639	3,943,078	167,561
Public safety	15,342,530	15,310,532	14,594,110	716,422
Community development	1,244,571	1,402,525	1,120,694	281,831
Parks and recreation	2,146,033	3,018,237	2,595,714	422,523
Capital outlay	405,937	2,932,688	793,148	2,139,540
Debt service:				
Interest and fiscal charges	234,813	234,813	249,556	(14,743)
Principal retirement	189,492	188,602	188,602	
Total expenditures	29,760,863	33,330,899	29,238,329	4,092,570
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(2,034,826)	714,732	3,845,836	3,131,104
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	145,534	145,534	145,534	-
Transfers out	1,444,000	1,444,000	(1,153,424)	(2,597,424)
Proceeds from capital lease			2,239,435	2,239,435
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,589,534	1,589,534	1,231,545	(357,989)
Net change in fund balances	(445,292)	2,304,266	5,077,381	2,773,115
Fund balance, beginning of year	17,400,690	17,400,690	17,400,690	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 16,955,398	19,704,956	22,478,071	2,773,115

# Low and Moderate Housing Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

					Variance with
	Budget Amounts			Actual	Final Budget Positive
		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues: Use of money and property	\$	247,860	247,860	89,711	(158,149)
Total revenues		247,860	247,860	89,711	(158,149)
Expenditures: Current: Community development		<u>-</u>			
Total expenditures					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		247,860	247,860	89,711	(158,149)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in				204,860	204,860
Total other financing sources (uses)				204,860	204,860
Net change in fund balances		247,860	247,860	294,571	46,711
Fund balance, beginning of year		772,851	772,851	772,851	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	1,020,711	1,020,711	1,067,422	46,711

## NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2021

## Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

## **General Budget Policies**

The City's budget is prepared under the direction of the City Manager. Revenues are budgeted based on source. Expenditures are budgeted by functions, with sub classification by department and object of expenditures.

The City Council approves each year's budget submitted by the City Manager prior to the beginning of the new fiscal year. It includes proposed expenditures and estimated revenues and is legally adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Presentations are provided to the Council prior to the adoption of the budget. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments and object categories, and also between programs. Council approval is required only for transfers of budgeted amounts between funds, or for an increase in total appropriations. Supplemental appropriations, where required during the period are also approved by the Council. Budgeted expenditures are controlled at the fund level. During the year, several supplemental appropriations were necessary. At fiscal year-end, all operating budget appropriations lapse. Capital related appropriations may be carried forward to subsequent years.

# Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios <sup>1</sup> June 30, 2021

## Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Miscellaneous Last 10 Fiscal Years \*

	Ju	ne 30, 2020 <sup>1</sup>	Ju	ne 30, 2019 <sup>1</sup>	Ju	ne 30, 2018 <sup>1</sup>	Ju	ne 30, 2017 <sup>1</sup>	Ju	ne 30, 2016 <sup>1</sup>
	]	Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year	]	Fiscal Year
		2020-21		2019-20		2018-19		2017-18		2016-17
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.14396%		0.14168%		0.13867%		0.13756%		0.13644%
Proportionate share of the net pension										
liability (asset)	\$	15,663,818	\$	14,517,728	\$	13,362,387	\$	13,642,621	\$	11,806,379
Covered payroll <sup>2</sup>	\$	6,147,303	\$	6,070,128	\$	6,415,166	\$	6,527,431	\$	5,988,354
Proportionate Share of the net pension liability										
(asset) as percentage of covered payroll		254.81%		239.17%		208.29%		209.00%		197.16%
Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position										
as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability		73.17%		73.99%		74.75%		72.58%		73.42%
Proportionate Share of Aggregate Employer										
Contributions	\$	1,908,415	\$	1,710,852	\$	1,506,791	\$	1,366,134	\$	1,214,243
	Ju	ne 30, 2015 <sup>1</sup>	Ju	ne 30, 2014 <sup>1</sup>						
	]	Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year						
		2015-16		2014-15						
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.13592%		0.11614%						
Proportionate share of the net pension										
liability (asset)	\$	9,329,086	\$	7,226,815						
Covered payroll <sup>2</sup>	\$	5,673,946	\$	5,534,792						
Proportionate Share of the net pension liability										
(asset) as percentage of covered payroll		164.42%		130.57%						
Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position										
as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability		77.67%		82.23%						
Proportionate Share of Aggregate Employer										
Contributions	\$	1,122,673	\$	904,303						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

#### **Notes to Schedule:**

**Benefit Changes**: The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after June 30, 2015. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes)

<u>Changes in assumptions</u>: The discount rate was changed from 7.65 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.15 percent to correct for an adjustment to exclude administrative expense for June 30, 2018.

<sup>2</sup> Covered Payroll represented above is based on pensionable earnings provided by the employer. However, GASB 68 defines covered-employee payroll as the total of employees that are provided pensions through the pension plan. Accordingly, if pensionable earnings are different than total earnings for covered-employees, total earnings for covered-employees, the employer should display in the disclosure footnotes the payroll based on total earnings for the covered group and recalculate the required payroll-related ratios.

<sup>\* -</sup> Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only seven years are shown.

# Schedule of Plan Contributions - Defined Benefit Pension Plan June 30, 2021

## Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Miscellaneous Last 10 Fiscal Years \*

	Fiscal Year 2020-21	Fiscal Year 2019-20 <sup>1</sup>	Fiscal Year 2018-19 <sup>1</sup>	Fiscal Year 2017-18 <sup>1</sup>	Fiscal Year 2016-17 <sup>1</sup>	
Actuarially determined contribution <sup>2</sup>	\$ 1,593,412	\$ 1,423,751	\$ 1,305,689	\$ 1,172,671	\$ 1,037,345	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions <sup>2</sup>	\$ (1,593,412)	\$ (1,423,751)	\$ (1,305,689)	\$ (1,172,671)	\$ (1,037,345)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Covered payroll <sup>3</sup>	\$ 6,147,303	\$ 6,231,576	\$ 6,415,166	\$ 6,527,431	\$ 5,988,354	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll <sup>3</sup>	25.92% Fiscal Year	22.85% Fiscal Year	20.35%	17.97%	17.32%	
	2015-16 1	2014-15 1				
Actuarially determined contribution <sup>2</sup>	\$ 860,858	\$ 828,117				
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions <sup>2</sup>	\$ (860,858)	\$ (828,117)				
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -				
Covered payroll <sup>3</sup>	\$ 5,673,946	\$ 5,534,792				
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll <sup>3</sup>	15.17%	14.96%				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

## Notes to Schedule:

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal 2015-16 were from the June 30, 2013 public agency valuations.

Actuarial cost method Entry-age

Amortization method/period For detail, see June 30, 2013 Funding Valuation Report

Asset valuation method Actuarial Value of Assets. For details see June 30, 2012 Funding Valuation Report

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Payroll growth 3.00%

Investment rate of return 7.5% Net of Pension Plan Investment and Administrative expenses, including inflation

Retirement age The probabilities of Retirement are based on the 2010 CalPERS Experience Study for the period

from 1997 to 2007.

Mortality The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2010 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from

1997 to 2007. Pre-retirement and Post-Retirement mortality reats included 5 years of projected

mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries.

<sup>2</sup> Employee are assumed to make contributions equal to the actuarially determined contributions. However, some employers may choose to make additional contributions towards their unfunded liability. Employer contributions for such plans exceed the actuarially determined contributions. CalPERS has determined that employer obligations referred to as "side funds" do not conform to the circumstances described in paragraph 120 of GASB 68, therefore are not considered separately financed specific liabilities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Covered Payroll represented above is based on pensionable earnings provided by the employer. However, GASB 68 defines covered-employee payroll as the total of employees that are provided pensions through the pension Plan. Accordingly, if pensionable earnings are different than total earnings for covered-employees, total earnings for covered-employees, the employer should display in the disclosure footnotes the payroll based on total earnings for the covered group and recalculate the required payroll-related ratios.

<sup>\* -</sup> Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only seven years are shown.

# Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios <sup>1</sup> June 30, 2021

## Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Safety Last 10 Fiscal Years \*

	Jui	ne 30, 2020 <sup>1</sup>	Ju	ne 30, 2019 <sup>1</sup>	Ju	ne 30, 2018 <sup>1</sup>	Ju	ne 30, 2017 <sup>1</sup>	Ju	ne 30, 2016 <sup>1</sup>
	I	Fiscal Year	]	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year		]	Fiscal Year
		2020-21	2019-20		2018-19		2017-18			2016-17
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.25491%		0.25795%		0.26512%		0.26462%		0.27618%
Proportionate share of the net pension										
liability (asset)	\$	27,735,721	\$	26,432,318	\$	25,547,563	\$	26,242,972	\$	23,898,271
Covered payroll <sup>2</sup>	\$	5,527,368	\$	5,734,040	\$	6,080,034	\$	5,685,550	\$	5,339,083
Proportionate Share of the net pension liability										
(asset) as percentage of covered payroll		501.79%		460.97%		420.19%		461.57%		447.61%
Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position										
as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability		71.74%		71.89%		71.24%		68.85%		68.48%
Proportionate Share of Aggregate Employer										
Contributions	\$	3,645,018	\$	2,963,859						
	Jui	ne 30, 2015 <sup>1</sup>	Ju	ne 30, 2014 <sup>1</sup>						
	I	Fiscal Year	]	Fiscal Year						
		2015-16		2014-15						
D C.1		2013-10		2014-13						
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.29656%		0.30157%						
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)  Proportionate share of the net pension										
	\$		\$							
Proportionate share of the net pension	\$	0.29656%	\$ \$	0.30157%						
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)		0.29656% 20,355,288		0.30157% 18,765,190						
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)  Covered payroll <sup>2</sup>		0.29656% 20,355,288		0.30157% 18,765,190						
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) Covered payroll <sup>2</sup> Proportionate Share of the net pension liability		0.29656% 20,355,288 5,076,167		0.30157% 18,765,190 4,756,423						
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) Covered payroll <sup>2</sup> Proportionate Share of the net pension liability (asset) as percentage of covered payroll		0.29656% 20,355,288 5,076,167		0.30157% 18,765,190 4,756,423						
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) Covered payroll <sup>2</sup> Proportionate Share of the net pension liability (asset) as percentage of covered payroll Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position		0.29656% 20,355,288 5,076,167 401.00%		0.30157% 18,765,190 4,756,423 394.52%						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

#### Notes to Schedule:

<u>Benefit Changes</u>: The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after June 30, 2015. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes)

<u>Changes in assumptions</u>: The discount rate was changed from 7.65 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.15 percent to correct for an adjustment to exclude administrative expense for June 30, 2018.

<sup>2</sup> Covered Payroll represented above is based on pensionable earnings provided by the employer. However, GASB 68 defines covered-employee payroll as the total of employees that are provided pensions through the pension plan. Accordingly, if pensionable earnings are different than total earnings for covered-employees, total earnings for covered-employees, the employer should display in the disclosure footnotes the payroll based on total earnings for the covered group and recalculate the required payroll-related ratios.

<sup>\* -</sup> Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only seven years are shown.

# Schedule of Plan Contributions - Defined Benefit Pension Plan June 30, 2021

Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Safety
Last 10 Fiscal Years \*

	Fiscal Year 2020-21 <sup>1</sup>	Fiscal Year 2019-20 <sup>1</sup>	Fiscal Year 2018-19 <sup>1</sup>	Fiscal Year 2017-18 <sup>1</sup>	Fiscal Year 2016-17 <sup>1</sup>
Actuarially determined contribution <sup>2</sup>	\$ 3,781,851	\$ 3,479,779	\$ 3,299,926	\$ 2,972,647	\$ 2,712,086
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions <sup>2</sup>	\$ (3,781,851)	\$ (3,479,779)	\$ (3,299,926)	\$ (2,972,647)	\$ (2,712,086)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll <sup>3</sup>	\$ 5,527,368	\$ 5,688,142	\$ 6,080,034	\$ 5,685,550	\$ 5,339,083
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll <sup>3</sup>	68.42%	61.18%	54.27%	52.28%	50.80%
	Fiscal Year 2015-16 <sup>1</sup>	Fiscal Year 2014-15 <sup>1</sup>			
Actuarially determined contribution <sup>2</sup>	\$ 2,451,516	\$ 2,189,458			
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions <sup>2</sup>	\$ (2,451,516)	\$ (2,189,458)			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -			
Covered payroll <sup>3</sup>	\$ 5,076,167	\$ 4,756,423			
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll <sup>3</sup>	48.29%	46.03%			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

#### **Notes to Schedule:**

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal 2015-16 were from the June 30, 2013 public agency valuations.

Actuarial cost method Entry-age

Amortization method/period For detail, see June 30, 2013 Funding Valuation Report

Asset valuation method Actuarial Value of Assets. For details see June 30, 2012 Funding Valuation Report

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Payroll growth 3.00%

Investment rate of return 7.5% Net of Pension Plan Investment and Administrative expenses, including inflation

Retirement age The probabilities of Retirement are based on the 2010 CalPERS Experience Study for the period

from 1997 to 2007.

Mortality The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2010 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from

1997 to 2007. Pre-retirement and Post-Retirement mortality reats included 5 years of projected

mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries.

<sup>2</sup> Employee are assumed to make contributions equal to the actuarially determined contributions. However, some employers may choose to make additional contributions towards their unfunded liability. Employer contributions for such plans exceed the actuarially determined contributions. CalPERS has determined that employer obligations referred to as "side funds" do not conform to the circumstances described in paragraph 120 of GASB 68, therefore are not considered separately financed specific liabilities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Covered Payroll represented above is based on pensionable earnings provided by the employer. However, GASB 68 defines covered-employee payroll as the total of employees that are provided pensions through the pension Plan. Accordingly, if pensionable earnings are different than total earnings for covered-employees, total earnings for covered-employees, the employer should display in the disclosure footnotes the payroll based on total earnings for the covered group and recalculate the required payroll-related ratios.

<sup>\* -</sup> Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only seven years are shown.

# CITY OF BELL GARDENS Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 Fiscal Years \*

	Fiscal Year 2020-21	Fiscal Year 2019-20	Fiscal Year 2018-19	Fiscal Year 2017-18
Total OPEB Liability				
Service cost	\$ 3,178,212	\$ 2,397,228	\$ 2,333,069	\$ 2,325,434
Interest on the total OPEB Liability	1,665,893	2,178,333	2,179,874	2,038,237
Actual and expected experience difference	-	4,479,863	-	-
Changes in assumptions	618,446	(1,846,156)	4,445,153	(1,183,098)
Benefit payments **	(1,038,109)	(1,023,490)	(881,139)	(827,361)
Net change in total OPEB liability	4,424,442	6,185,778	8,076,957	2,353,212
Total OPEB liability - beginning	74,652,340	68,466,562	60,389,605	58,036,393
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$79,076,782	\$74,652,340	\$68,466,562	\$60,389,605
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contribution - employer	\$ 1,038,109	\$ 1,023,490	\$ 881,139	\$ 827,361
Net investment income	60,345	9,798	15,543	13,744
Benefit payments **	(1,038,109)	(1,023,490)	(881,139)	(827,361)
Administrative expense	(1,635)	(1,304)	(575)	(559)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	58,710	8,494	14,968	13,185
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	250,890	242,396	227,428	214,243
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 309,600	\$ 250,890	\$ 242,396	\$ 227,428
Net OPEB liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$78,767,182	\$74,401,450	\$ 68,224,166	\$60,162,177
Employee payroll	\$11,231,170	\$11,586,109	\$12,414,529	\$12,895,877
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of employee payroll	701.33%	642.16%	549.55%	466.52%

## **Notes to Schedule**

Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

st - Fiscal year 2017-18 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only four years are shown.

<sup>\*\* -</sup> Benefit payments include refunds and the implied subsidy benefit payments.

## Schedule of Plan Contributions - OPEB Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years \*

	Fiscal Year 2020-21	Fiscal Year 2019-20	Fiscal Year 2018-19	Fiscal Year 2017-18
Actuarially determine contribution	\$ 1,038,109	\$ 1,023,490	\$ 881,139	\$ 823,361
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	(1,038,109)	(1,023,490)	(881,139)	(823,361)
Contribution excess	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Employee payroll	\$11,231,170	\$11,586,109	\$ 12,414,529	\$12,895,877
Contributions as a percentage of employee payroll	9.24%	8.83%	7.10%	6.38%

## **Notes to Schedule**

Actuarial cost method	Entry-age
Amortization method/	Level percent of pay
period	
Asset valuation method	Fair value of assets
Inflation	2.75%
Payroll growth	2.75% per year
Investment rate of return	6% Net of Pensin Plan Investment and Administrative expenses,
	includes inflation
Healthcare Cost-Trend	Assumed increases occur once each year with premium increases
Rates	of 7.0% on 1/1/19 with increases of 0.5% less each January 1 thereafter
	through 2024. Assumed 5% increases for year 2024 and later.
Mortality	The probabilties of mortality are based on the 2010 CalPERS Experience
	Study for the period from 1997 to 2007. Pre-retirement and Post-Retirement
	mortality rates incuded 5 years of projected mortality improvement using
	Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries.

<sup>\* -</sup> Fiscal year 2017-18 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only four years are shown.

<sup>\*\* -</sup> Benefit payments include refunds and the implied subsidy benefit payments.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds						
	Public Safety		COPS State	State Gas	Asset		
	Au	gmentation		Tax	Forfeiture		
ASSETS							
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	214,717	260,530	171,117	394,511		
Accounts		_	_	_	_		
Notes and loans		_	_	_	_		
Interest		26	_	-	91		
Due from other governments		24,377	61,384				
Total assets	\$	239,120	321,914	171,117	394,602		
<u>LIABILITIES</u>							
Accounts payable	\$	1,124	_	46,170	_		
Deposits payable		-	-	-	57,147		
Due to other funds							
Total liabilities		1,124		46,170	57,147		
DEFERRED IN FLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue		-	61,285	-	-		
Total deferred in flows							
(outflows) of resources			61,285				
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted		237,996	260,629	124,947	337,455		
Assigned		-	-	-	-		
Unassigned							
Total fund balances (deficits)		237,996	260,629	124,947	337,455		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows							
and fund balances	\$	239,120	321,914	171,117	394,602		

Special Revenue Funds

	Community Development					
Waste	Block	•	Proposition	Air Quality	Recycling	Academic
Management	Grant	A	C	Improvement	Grants	Pursuit
-	-	329,810	1,348,981	85,083	152,653	-
-	-	-	-	_	-	-
-	1,776,341	-	-	-	-	362,884
-	-	78	331	22	40	-
124,878	120,674			12,330		
124,878	1,897,015	329,888	1,349,312	97,435	152,693	362,884
34,564	116,893	77,126	116,266	124,574	6,675	_
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17,541	21,115					
52,105	138,008	77,126	116,266	124,574	6,675	
	1,787,104					362,884
_	1,787,104	_	_	_	_	362,884
-	-	252,762	1,233,046	-	146,018	-
72,773	(28,097)	-	-	(27,139)	-	-
72,773	(28,097)		1,233,046	(27,139)	146,018	
	,			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
124,878	1,897,015	329,888	1,349,312	97,435	152,693	362,884

## Nonmajor Governmental Funds, Continued Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds						
	En	Post nployment	Measure	ABC	JAG	COPS	Anson Ford
	]	Benefits	R	Grants	Grants	Grant	Park
<u>ASSETS</u>							
Cash and investments	\$	146,326	1,424,977	-	-	78,620	99,568
Receivables:							
Accounts		-	-	-	-	-	-
Notes and loans		-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest		-	347	-	-	20	-
Due from other governments							
Total assets	\$	146,326	1,425,324			78,640	99,568
<u>LIABILITIES</u>							
Accounts payable	\$	-	-	-	-	-	13,596
Deposits payable		_	-	_	-	-	-
Due to other funds				2,051	1,519		
Total liabilities				2,051	1,519		13,596
DEFERRED IN FLOWS OF RESOURCE	CES						
Unavailable revenue		-	-	-	-	-	-
Total deferred in flows (outflows)							
of resources							
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted		_	1,425,324	_	_	78,640	85,972
Assigned		146,326	, , -	_	-	-	<b>-</b>
Unassigned		-	-	(2,051)	(1,519)	-	-
Total fund balances (deficits)		146,326	1,425,324	(2,051)	(1,519)	78,640	85,972
Total liabilities, deferred inflows							
and fund balances	\$	146,326	1,425,324			78,640	99,568

			Сирпил	
			Projects	
Speci	ial Revenue	Funds	Fund	
		Office of		Total
SB 1		Traffic	Transportation	Nonmajor
Road	Measure	Safety	Development	Governmental
Maintenance	M	Grant	Act	Funds
-	678,564	-	-	5,385,457
-	-	_	24,633	24,633
-	-	-	-	2,139,225
134	156	-	-	1,245
83,337	_	83,763	-	510,743
	(79.720		24 622	9.061.202
83,471	678,720	83,763	24,633	8,061,303
_	13,659	600	_	551,247
_	_	-	_	57,147
83,471	_	17,371	24,633	167,701
83,471	13,659	17,971	24,633	776,095
		83,763		2,295,036
		83,763		2,295,036
_	665,061	-	-	4,847,850
-	-	-	-	146,326
-	-	(17,971)	-	(4,004)
	665,061	(17,971)		4,990,172
		/		
83,471	678,720	83,763	24,633	8,061,303
·	-	<del></del>	<del></del>	

Capital

## **Nonmajor Governmental Funds**

## Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds					
	Public Safety Augmentation		COPS State (SLESF)	State Gas Tax	Asset Forfeiture	
Revenues:						
Taxes and assessments	\$	-	-	-	-	
Intergovernmental	15	9,597	156,727	1,711,084	163,651	
Charges for services		-	-	-	-	
Use of money and property		417	1,077	1,032	1,504	
Fines and forfeitures		-	-	-	-	
Other revenue	-	204				
Total revenues	16	0,218	157,804	1,712,116	165,155	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		-	-	-	-	
Public works		-	-	1,542,743	-	
Public safety	21	0,993	-	-	121,987	
Community development		-	-	-	-	
Parks and recreation		-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay				82,831	136,725	
Total expenditures	21	0,993		1,625,574	258,712	
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over						
(under) expenditures	(5	(0,775)	157,804	86,542	(93,557)	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	12	4,186	-	-	-	
Transfers out			(124,186)			
Total other financing						
sources (uses)	12	4,186	(124,186)			
Net change in fund balances	7	3,411	33,618	86,542	(93,557)	
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year	16	4,585	227,011	38,405	431,012	
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$ 23	7,996	260,629	124,947	337,455	

Special Revenue Funds

	Community Development	•				
Waste	Block	Proposition	Proposition	Air Quality	Recycling	Academic
Management	Grant	A	С	Improvement	Grants	Pursuit
3,338,180	-	864,601	717,156	-	-	-
-	490,164	194,633	-	52,901	3,582	-
-	-	-	21,512	-	-	-
-	-	1,326	4,088	209	564	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15,000		4,174				
3,353,180	490,164	1,064,734	742,756	53,110	4,146	
_	_	_	_	_	_	_
3,199,891	_	1,100,456	70,702	1,683	23,022	_
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
_	312,639	_	-	-	-	_
-	-	_	-	-	-	-
	205,622		540,879	124,434		
3,199,891	518,261	1,100,456	611,581	126,117	23,022	
153,289	(28,097)	(35,722)	131,175	(73,007)	(18,876)	_
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>-</u>	_	_	-	_	-	_
153,289	(28,097)	(35,722)	131,175	(73,007)	(18,876)	
	(20,097)	, ,		· · ·	1	-
(80,516)	<u> </u>	288,484	1,101,871	45,868	164,894	
72,773	(28,097)	252,762	1,233,046	(27,139)	146,018	

## **Nonmajor Governmental Funds**

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, Continued For the Year ended June 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds					
	Post Employment Benefits	Measure R	ABC Grants	JAG Grants	COPS Grant	Anson Ford Park
Revenues:						
Taxes and assessments	\$ -	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	538,612	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	67,640	-	-	-	-	8,816
Use of money and property	-	4,506	1	-	272	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other revenue						
Total revenues	67,640	543,118	1		272	8,816
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	1,016,204	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	36,786	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community development	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parks and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	124,919
Capital outlay		309,129				
Total expenditures	1,016,204	345,915				124,919
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	(948,564)	197,203	1		272	(116,103)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	948,564	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out						
Total other financing						
sources (uses)	948,564					
Net change in fund balances	-	197,203	1	-	272	(116,103)
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year	146,326	1,228,121	(2,052)	(1,519)	78,368	202,075
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$ 146,326	1,425,324	(2,051)	(1,519)	78,640	85,972

			Projects	
Spec	ial Revenue F	unds	Fund	
		Office of		Total
SB 1		Traffic	Transportation	Nonmajor
Road	Measure	Safety	Development	Governmental
Maintenance	M	Grant	Act	Funds
-	-	-	-	4,919,937
-	610,268	58,135	24,633	4,163,987
-	-	-	-	97,968
-	1,336	-	-	16,332
-	-	-	-	-
				19,378
	611,604	58,135	24,633	9,217,602
-	-	-	-	1,016,204
-	-	-	-	5,975,283
-	-	-	-	332,980
-	-	-	-	312,639
-	-	-	-	124,919
	164,756	62,547	24,633	1,651,556
	164,756	62,547	24,633	9,413,581
<u> </u>	446,848	(4,412)		(195,979)
-	-	-	-	1,072,750
				(124,186)
-	-	-	-	948,564
-	446,848	(4,412)		752,585
	218,213	(13,559)		4,237,587
	665,061	(17,971)		4,990,172

Capital

# Public Safety Augmentation Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Variance with
	Budget Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 124,004	159,597	35,593
Use of money and property	1,500	417	(1,083)
Other revenue	1,500	204	(1,296)
Total revenues	127,004	160,218	33,214
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Public safety	251,190	210,993	40,197
Total expenditures	251,190	210,993	40,197
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	(124,186)	(50,775)	73,411
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in	124,186	124,186	
Total other financing sources (uses)	124,186	124,186	
Net change in fund balances	-	73,411	73,411
Fund balance, beginning of year	164,585	164,585	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 164,585	237,996	73,411

## **COPS State (SLESF) Special Revenue Fund**

# Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Variance with
	Budget Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 100,000	156,727	56,727
Use of money and property	1,500	1,077	(423)
Total revenues	101,500	157,804	56,304
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Public safety			
Total expenditures			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	101,500	157,804	56,304
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers out	(124,186)	(124,186)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(124,186)	(124,186)	
Net change in fund balances	(22,686)	33,618	56,304
Fund balance, beginning of year	227,011	227,011	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 204,325	260,629	56,304

## **State Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund**

# Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budget Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,009,651	1,711,084	701,433
Use of money and property	<del></del>	1,032	1,032
Total revenues	1,009,651	1,712,116	702,465
Expenditures: Current:			
Public works	1,745,014	1,542,743	202,271
Capital outlay	200,206	82,831	117,375
Total expenditures	1,945,220	1,625,574	319,646
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	(935,569)	86,542	1,022,111
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	738,545		(738,545)
Total other financing sources (uses)	738,545		(738,545)
Net change in fund balances	(197,024)	86,542	283,566
Fund balance, beginning of year	38,405	38,405	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ (158,619)	124,947	283,566

## Asset Forfeiture Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

## For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Variance with
	Budget Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Fillal	Amounts	(Negative)
Intergovernmental	\$ 164,373	163,651	(722)
Use of money and property	4,000	1,504	(722) $(2,496)$
Fines and forfeitures	50,000	1,504	(50,000)
Thies and fortettures			(30,000)
Total revenues	218,373	165,155	(53,218)
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Public safety	140,000	121,987	18,013
Capital outlay	400,373	136,725	263,648
Total expenditures	540,373	258,712	281,661
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	(322,000)	(93,557)	228,443
,			
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out	(54,000)		(54,000)
Transfels out	(34,000)		(34,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(54,000)		(54,000)
Net change in fund balances	(376,000)	(93,557)	174,443
Fund balance, beginning of year	431,012	431,012	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 55,012	337,455	174,443

# Waste Management Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Variance with
	Budget Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Taxes and assessments Other revenue	\$ 3,504,412	3,338,180 15,000	(166,232) 15,000
Total revenues	3,504,412	3,353,180	(151,232)
Expenditures: Current:			
Public works	3,345,904	3,199,891	146,013
Total expenditures	3,345,904	3,199,891	146,013
Net change in fund balances	158,508	153,289	(5,219)
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year	(80,516)	(80,516)	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 77,992	72,773	(5,219)

# Community Development Block Grant Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Variance with
	Budget Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,039,600	490,164	(549,436)
Total revenues	1,039,600	490,164	(549,436)
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Community development	1,031,000	312,639	718,361
Capital outlay	1,142,073	205,622	936,451
Total expenditures	2,173,073	518,261	1,654,812
Net change in fund balances	(1,133,473)	(28,097)	1,105,376
Fund balance, beginning of year			
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$ (1,133,473)	(28,097)	1,105,376

# Proposition "A" Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Variance with
	Budget Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Taxes and assessments	\$ 769,889	864,601	94,712
Intergovernmental	49,600	194,633	145,033
Use of money and property	-	1,326	1,326
Other revenue		4,174	4,174
Total revenues	819,489	1,064,734	245,245
Expenditures: Current:			
Public works	1,394,503	1,100,456	294,047
Total expenditures	1,394,503	1,100,456	294,047
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(575,014)	(35,722)	539,292
over (under) expenditures	(373,014)	(33,722)	
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	479,147		(479,147)
Total other financing sources (uses)	479,147		(479,147)
Net change in fund balances	(95,867)	(35,722)	60,145
Fund balance, beginning of year	288,484	288,484	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 192,617	252,762	60,145

# Proposition "C" Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Variance with
	Budget Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Taxes and assessments	\$ 601,038	717,156	116,118
Charges for services	30,000	21,512	(8,488)
Use of money and property	<del></del>	4,088	4,088
Total revenues	631,038	742,756	111,718
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Public works	91,825	70,702	21,123
Capital outlay	918,378	540,879	377,499
Total expenditures	1,010,203	611,581	398,622
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	(379,165)	131,175	510,340
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers out	(479,147)		(479,147)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(479,147)		(479,147)
Net change in fund balances	(858,312)	131,175	31,193
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,101,871	1,101,871	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 243,559	1,233,046	31,193

# Air Quality Improvement Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Variance with
	Budget Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:		Timounts	(Tregutive)
Intergovernmental	\$ 54,000	52,901	(1,099)
Use of money and property		209	209
Total revenues	54,000	53,110	(890)
Expenditures: Current:			
Public works	38,900	1,683	37,217
Capital outlay	80,000	124,434	(44,434)
Total expenditures	118,900	126,117	(7,217)
Net change in fund balances	(64,900)	(73,007)	(8,107)
Fund balance, beginning of year	45,868	45,868	
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	<u>\$ (19,032)</u>	(27,139)	(8,107)

# Recycling Grants Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Variance with
	Budget Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 24,530	3,582	(20,948)
Use of money and property		564	564
Total revenues	24,530	4,146	(20,384)
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Public works	33,562	23,022	10,540
Total expenditures	33,562	23,022	10,540
Net change in fund balances	(9,032)	(18,876)	(9,844)
Fund balance, beginning of year	164,894	164,894	<del>-</del>
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ 155,862</u>	146,018	(9,844)

# Post Employment Benefits Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budget Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 73,900	67,640	(6,260)
Total revenues	73,900	67,640	(6,260)
Expenditures:			
Current:			
General government	885,700	1,016,204	(130,504)
Total expenditures	885,700	1,016,204	(130,504)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	(811,800)	(948,564)	(136,764)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in	811,801	948,564	136,763
Total other financing sources (uses)	811,801	948,564	136,763
Net change in fund balances	1	-	(1)
Fund balance, beginning of year	146,326	146,326	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 146,327	146,326	(1)

### **Measure R Special Revenue Fund**

			Variance with
			Final Budget
	Budget	Actual	Positive
	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 450,825	538,612	87,787
Use of money and property		4,506	4,506
Total revenues	450,825	543,118	92,293
Expenditures: Current:			
Public works	63,575	36,786	26,789
Capital outlay	1,353,409	309,129	1,044,280
Total expenditures	1,416,984	345,915	1,071,069
Net change in fund balances	(966,159)	197,203	1,163,362
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,228,121	1,228,121	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 261,962	1,425,324	1,163,362

### **ABC Grants Special Revenue Fund**

			Variance with
	Budget Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 28,000	-	(28,000)
Use of money and property	 	1	1
Total revenues	 28,000	1	(27,999)
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Public safety	 28,000		28,000
Total expenditures	 28,000		28,000
Net change in fund balances	-	1	1
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year	 (2,052)	(2,052)	
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$ (2,052)	(2,051)	1

### **COPS Grant Special Revenue Fund**

			Variance with
	Budget Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Use of money and property	\$ 2,310	272	(2,038)
Total revenues	2,310	272	(2,038)
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Public safety			
Total expenditures			
Net change in fund balances	2,310	272	(2,038)
Fund balance, beginning of year	78,368	78,368	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 80,678	78,640	(2,038)

## **Anson Ford Park Special Revenue Fund**

			Variance with
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget Positive
	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 14,800	8,816	(5,984)
Use of money and property	33,500		(33,500)
Total revenues	48,300	8,816	(39,484)
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Parks and recreation	140,000	124,919	15,081
Total expenditures	140,000	124,919	15,081
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	(91,700)	(116,103)	(24,403)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in	92,200		(92,200)
Total other financing sources (uses)	92,200		(92,200)
Net change in fund balances	500	(116,103)	(116,603)
Fund balance, beginning of year	202,075	202,075	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 202,575	85,972	(116,603)

### **Measure M Special Revenue Fund**

			Variance with
	Budget Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 510,882	610,268	99,386
Use of money and property		1,336	1,336
Total revenues	510,882	611,604	100,722
Expenditures:			
Capital outlay	710,031	164,756	545,275
Total expenditures	710,031	164,756	545,275
Net change in fund balances	(199,149)	446,848	645,997
Fund balance, beginning of year	218,213	218,213	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 19,064	665,061	645,997

# Office of Traffic Safety Grant Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Variance with
	Budget Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 80,000	58,135	(21,865)
Total revenues	80,000	58,135	(21,865)
Expenditures:			
Capital outlay	80,000	62,547	17,453
Total expenditures	80,000	62,547	17,453
Net change in fund balances	-	(4,412)	(4,412)
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year	(13,559)	(13,559)	
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$ (13,559)	(17,971)	(4,412)

# Transportation Development Act Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Variance with
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget Positive
	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 22,822	24,633	1,811
Total revenues	22,822	24,633	1,811
Expenditures:			
Capital outlay	26,000	24,633	1,367
Total expenditures	26,000	24,633	1,367
Net change in fund balances	(3,178)	-	3,178
Fund balance, beginning of year			
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$ (3,178)		3,178

# Capital Improvement Projects Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Variance with
	Budget Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 3,108,818	3,108,818	\$ -
Use of money and property		23	23
Total revenues	3,108,818	3,108,841	23
Expenditures:			
Capital outlay	18,030,119	3,554,734	14,475,385
Total expenditures	18,030,119	3,554,734	14,475,385
Net change in fund balances	(14,921,301)	(445,893)	14,475,408
Fund balance, beginning of year	110,062	110,062	
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$ (14,811,239)	(335,831)	14,475,408

## Statistical Section

This part of the City of Bell Gardens comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

### **Contents**

#### Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

### Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader asses the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

### **Debt Capacity**

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

### Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment with in which the government's financial activities take place.

### **Operating Information**

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services that the government provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

				Fiscal Year						
	2012	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 114,874,209	9 \$ 100,379,238	\$ 99,300,460	\$ 97,439,996	\$ 96,995,245	\$ 97,101,421 \$	\$ 102,917,119 \$	96,341,128 \$	94,319,104 \$	94,260,557
Restricted	6,518,912	. , ,			6,485,391	14,654,518	11,470,333	13,508,005	14,869,823	15,278,715
Unrestricted	39,268,190	32,521,095	10,361,721	20,271,500	8,141,746	2,531,794	(35,969,103)	(35,706,062)	(50,305,957)	(48,223,688)
Total governmental activities										
net position	\$ 160,661,311	1 \$ 140,353,348	\$ 130,201,173	\$ 117,711,496	\$ 111,622,382	<u>\$ 114,287,733</u>	\$ 78,418,349 <u>\$</u>	74,143,071 \$	58,882,970 \$	61,315,584
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 4,307,348	8 \$ 4,333,225	\$ 4,383,784	\$ 4,333,240	\$ 4,382,797	\$ 4,475,003	\$ 4,614,646 \$	4,731,850 \$	4,864,055 \$	5,011,259
Restricted	416,340	0 400,037	399,535	398,744	\$ 398,751	\$ 397,976	\$ 407,014 \$	398,840 \$	399,479 \$	399,339
Unrestricted	39,308	8 (485,221	) (686,717)	(1,048,651)	(1,324,084)	(1,736,560)	(2,458,157)	(3,177,331)	(4,540,898)	(5,398,397)
Total business-type activities										
net position	\$ 4,762,996	6 \$ 4,248,041	\$ 4,096,602	\$ 3,683,333	\$ 3,457,464	\$ 3,136,419	\$ 2,563,503 \$	1,953,359 \$	722,636 \$	12,201
Primary government	Ф 440 404 FF3	7	¢ 402.004.044	¢ 404 770 000	¢ 404.070.040	Ф 404 F7C 404 (	107 F24 70F	404 070 070	00 402 450	00 074 040
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$ 119,181,557	. , ,					, ,	- /- /		99,271,816
Unrestricted	6,935,252 39,307,498		, ,	398,744 19,222,849		15,052,494 795,234	11,877,347 (38,427,260)	13,906,845 (38,883,393)	15,269,302 (54,846,855)	15,678,054 (53,622,085)
	39,307,490	32,033,674	9,075,004	13,222,049	0,017,002	195,254	(30,427,200)	(30,003,393)	(34,040,000)	(33,022,063)
Total primary government										
net position	<u>\$ 165,424,307</u>	<u>7                                    </u>	\$ 134,297,775	\$ 121,394,829	<u>\$ 115,079,846</u>	<u>\$ 117,424,152</u>	\$ 80,981,852 <u>\$</u>	76,096,430 \$	59,605,606 \$	61,327,785

	_	2012		2013	2014	2015		2016		2017		2018	2019		2020		2021
Expenses		· <u></u>								· <u></u>							
Governmental activities:																	
General government	\$	9,171,894	\$	8,765,852	\$ 9,335,078	\$ 9,517,139	\$	7,475,621	\$	9,428,611	\$	8,712,219	9,579,450	\$	12,322,003	\$	9,494,894
Public safety		12,740,622		11,962,803	12,130,706	13,055,529		13,809,907		13,805,735		19,969,281	20,099,425		24,409,260		16,262,137
Public works		2,408,181		9,792,085	1,151,619	908,350		1,011,500		975,513		1,119,201	1,054,777		1,114,821		1,433,333
Community Development		2,647,386		1,123,548	2,363,305	2,497,441		2,715,948		2,907,759		2,947,132	2,976,205		3,011,198		2,720,633
Recreation Interest and fiscal charges		10,178,663 1,164,716		2,334,788 305,236	10,348,627 331,911	9,931,312 476,273		9,628,821 372,171		11,248,611 330,085		12,665,811 263,511	12,367,768 222,679		13,245,178 160,317		12,654,001 224,813
Total governmental activities expenses		38,311,462		34,284,312	 35,661,246	 36,386,044		35,013,968	_	38,696,314	_	45,677,155	 46,300,304	_	54,262,777	_	42,789,811
·	_	30,311,402		34,204,312	 33,001,240	 30,300,044	_	33,013,900	_	30,090,314	_	45,077,155	 40,300,304	_	34,202,777	_	42,769,611
Business-type activities: Water		1,344,353		1,408,572	1,503,954	1,459,000		1,465,697		1,260,039		1,246,971	1,480,401		2,283,601		1,641,054
Interest and fiscal charges		1,344,333		1,400,372	1,303,934	1,439,000		1,403,097		1,200,039		1,240,971	1,400,401		2,203,001		1,041,034
Golf Course		241,823		225,224	218,744	227,726		319,165		257,431		216,378	293,272		230,571		204,753
Total business-type activities expenses		1,586,176		1,633,796	 1,722,698	 1,686,726		1,784,862		1,517,470		1,463,349	 1,773,673		2,514,172		1,845,807
Total primary government expenses	\$	39,897,638	\$	35,918,108	\$ 37,383,944	\$ 38,072,770	\$	36,798,830	\$	40,213,784	\$	47,140,504	\$ 48,073,977	\$	56,776,949	\$	44,635,618
Program Revenues																	
Governmental activities:																	
Charges for services:																	
General government	\$	134,994	\$	171,167	\$ 170,956	\$ 301,769	\$	338,249	\$	342,463	\$	323,653	\$ 331,190	\$	286,337	\$	162,745
Publicsafety		705,874		469,800	533,782	782,601		634,835		1,356,767		571,834	841,816		760,878		650,065
Community development						37,618		255,812		280,090		278,614	286,460		268,136		267,283
Parks and recreation		313,946		274,325	274,818	469,769		165,014		164,346		98,339	452,631		275,756		14,879
Public works		368,433		398,705	648,132	322,887		348,916		347,616		394,728	352,032		321,524		446,415
Interest on long-term debt Operating contributions and grants		5,360,465		1,965,613	1,205,929	4,360,505		3,642,395		4,361,504		4,256,834	5,268,930		4,613,116		13,102,459
Capital contributions and grants		2,563,187		2,410,285	1,964,183	678,093		623,406		1,023,124		2,058,437	1,543,927		2,129,774		3,857,745
Total governmental activities		2,000,101		2,110,200	 1,001,100	 0.0,000		020,100	_	.,020,.21	_	2,000,101	 1,010,021	_	2,120,111		0,007,7
program revenues		9,446,899		5,689,895	4,797,800	6,953,242		6,008,627		7,875,910		7,982,439	9,076,986		8,655,521		18,501,591
Business-type activities:																	
Charges for services:																	
Water		1,261,619		1,260,620	1,543,072	1,275,948		1,542,145		1,095,560		1,167,953	1,216,817		1,198,474		1,061,040
Golf Course		159,898		140,768	 144,718	 134,886	_	177,563	_	146,113	_	96,175	 97,598		90,893	_	219,842
Total business-type activities																	
program revenues		1,421,517	_	1,401,388	 1,687,790	 1,410,834	_	1,719,708	_	1,241,673	_	1,264,128	 1,314,415	_	1,289,367	_	1,280,882
Total primary government																	
program revenues	\$	10,868,416	\$	7,091,283	\$ 6,485,590	\$ 8,364,076	\$	7,728,335	\$	9,117,583	\$	9,246,567	\$ 10,391,401	\$	9,944,888	\$	19,782,473

		2042	2042		2011		2045	2040	2047		2040	2040	0000	2024
Net (Expense)/Revenue		<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
Governmental activities	\$	(28,864,563) \$	(28,594,417)	\$	(30,863,446)	\$	(29,432,802) \$	(29,005,341) \$	(30,820,404)	\$	(37,694,716)	\$ (37,223,318)	\$ (45,607,256)	(24,288,220)
Business-type activities		(164,659)	(232,408)		(34,908)		(275,892)	(65,154)	(275,797)	_	(199,221)	(459,258)	(1,224,805)	(564,925)
Total primary government												_		
net expense	\$	(29,029,222)	(28,826,825)	\$	(30,898,354)	\$	(29,708,694) \$	(29,070,495) \$	(31,096,201)	\$	(37,893,937)	<u>\$ (37,682,576)</u>	\$ (46,832,061)	(24,853,145)
General Revenues and Other														
Changes in Net Assets														
Governmental activities:														
Taxes Sales taxes	\$	2,844,538	2,554,034	æ	2,709,528		2,755,036	2,972,041	2,906,014		2,978,666	3,293,906	2,902,461	3,923,189
Property taxes	Ф	2,396,411	1,160,306	Ф	1.057.205		1.128.467	1,313,441	1,360,575		1,338,926	3,293,906 1,235,171	2,902,461 1,521,691	3,923,169 1,554,677
Other taxes		17.401.997	17,793,562		18,160,638		17,714,879	20,797,686	22,961,050		21,986,790	23.717.627	21,040,023	16,824,148
Use of money and property		3,888,527	3,966,769		(1,686,213)		4,626,532	3,815,632	3,565,789		4,526,786	4,399,595	4,664,367	4,139,105
Others		66,782,676	519,704		470,113		272,688	384,225	3,497,000		509,076	157,817	218,613	279,715
Total governmental activities	-	93,314,149	25,994,375		20,711,271		26,497,602	29,283,025	34,290,428	_	31,340,244	32,804,116	30,347,155	26,720,834
Business-type activities:			<u> </u>						<u> </u>		, ,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · ·
Investment earnings		27,996	577		13,599		3,555	3,562	2,819		12,583	1,281	641	24
Miscellaneous		- ,,,,,,,	(130,856)		(130,130)		-	34,788	(48,067)		149,927	(8,243)	(6,559)	(145,534)
Total business-type activities		27,996	(130,279)		(116,531)		3,555	38,350	(45,248)		162,510	(6,962)	(5,918)	(145,510)
Total primary government	\$	93,342,145	25,864,096	\$	20,594,740	\$	26,501,157 \$	29,321,375 \$	34,245,180	\$	31,502,754	\$ 32,797,154	\$ 30,341,237	26,575,324
Change in Net Position	•	04.440.500	(0.000.040)	•	(40.450.475)	•	(0.005.000) #	077.004	0.470.004	•	(0.054.470)	<b>A</b> (4.440.000)	* (45,000,404)	0.400.044
Governmental activities	\$	64,449,586 \$	( ,,- ,	\$	(10,152,175)	\$	(2,935,200) \$	277,684 \$	3,470,024	\$	(6,354,472)	, ,	\$ (15,260,101) \$	' '
Business-type activities	_	(136,663)	(362,687)	_	(151,439)	_	(272,337)	(26,804)	(321,045)	_	(36,711)	(466,220)	(1,230,723)	(710,435)
Total primary government	\$	64,312,923	(2,962,729)	\$	(10,303,614)	\$	(3,207,537) \$	250,880 \$	3,148,979	\$	(6,391,183)	\$ (4,885,422)	\$ (16,490,824) \$	1,722,179

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>		<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
Function/Program														
Governmental activities:														
General government	\$ 203,038	\$ 232,347	\$ 238,627	\$	481,300	\$	452,527	\$ 412,444	\$	323,653	\$ 331,190	\$	339,202	\$ 6,018,504
Public safety	1,846,946	1,227,375	758,406		1,558,134		1,019,638	1,693,762		820,587	1,390,056		1,235,120	1,417,073
Public works	3,053,246	3,053,241	2,346,995		68,137		338,110	349,086		318,345	449,004		428,992	10,596,003
Community Development	3,949,929	879,716	1,178,954		469,769		165,014	164,346		98,339	452,631		357,881	455,132
Recreation	393,740	297,216	 274,818		4,375,902	_	4,033,338	5,256,272		6,421,515	6,454,105		6,294,326	14,879
Subtotal governmental activities	 9,446,899	 5,689,895	 4,797,800	_	6,953,242	_	6,008,627	 7,875,910	_	7,982,439	 9,076,986	_	8,655,521	 18,501,591
Business-type activities:														
Water	1,261,619	1,260,620	1,543,072		1,275,948		1,542,145	1,095,560		1,167,953	1,216,817		1,198,474	1,061,040
Golf Course	159,898	140,768	 144,718		134,886	_	177,563	146,113		96,175	97,598		90,893	219,842
Subtotal business-type activities	 1,421,517	 1,401,388	 1,687,790	_	1,410,834	_	1,719,708	1,241,673	_	1,264,128	 1,314,415		1,289,367	 1,280,882
Total primary government	\$ 10,868,416	\$ 7,091,283	\$ 6,485,590	\$	8,364,076	\$	7,728,335	\$ 9,117,583	\$	9,246,567	\$ 10,391,401	\$	9,944,888	\$ 19,782,473

City of Bell Gardens Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	0																	
	2012		<u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2020</u>	2021
General Fund																		
Nonspendable	\$ 31,063,	371	\$ 31,225,087	\$	15,040,086	\$	16,026,718	\$	13,649,022	\$	13,601,162	\$	2,148,992	\$	2,661,903	\$	3,613,735	\$ 4,410,043
Restricted		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Committed	1,700,	000	1,900,000		2,100,000		2,300,000		2,500,000		2,700,000		2,900,000		-		-	
Assigned	6,506,	443	7,598,763		10,100,279		8,358,491		12,574,042		16,937,770		12,907,322		17,152,208		13,786,955	18,068,028
Unassigned		-	-		_		-		-		-		-		_		-	-
Total general fund	\$ 39,269,	814	\$ 40,723,850	\$	27,240,365	\$	26,685,209	\$	28,723,064	\$	33,238,932	\$	17,956,314	\$	19,814,111	\$	17,400,690	\$ 22,478,071
All Other Governmental Funds																		
Nonspendable	\$	_	\$ -	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3,387	\$	_	\$	5,537	\$	=	\$	19,740	
Restricted	Ψ		Ψ	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	0,001	Ψ		Ψ	0,001	Ψ		Ψ	10,7 10	
Housing		-	_		663,101		693,620		775,919		997,199		536,826		651,886		772,851	1,067,422
Comm Development Proj	442,	846	468,060		562,178		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Recreation and Comm Svcs	121,	469	117,741		116,019		729,771		730,810		730,810		120,884		282,608		202,075	85,972
Public Works	1,177,	422	1,091,302		1,100,615		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Public Safety	832,	532	827,949		837,880		600,476		356,541		1,055,351		918,275		923,954		900,976	914,720
Transportation		-	-		31,474		1,393,310		974,519		1,851,822		1,827,769		2,222,774		2,875,094	3,701,140
Environmental		-	=		-		297,779		327,303		385,104		390,510		332,956		210,762	146,018
Capital Improvement Projects	23,	454	80,216		139,849		3,637,951		3,554,948		3,294,209		-		-		-	
Debt Service		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Commited																		
Post Emploument Benefits	201	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	440.000
Assigned	324,		73,707		131,449		150,653		150,751		150,752		150,632		146,325		236,648	146,326
Unassigned	(316,	482)	(122,001)		(213,126)	_	(338,925)		(170,854)		(87,603)		(502,682)		(213,984)		(97,646)	 (339,835)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 2,605,	257	\$ 2,536,974	\$	3,369,439	\$	7,164,635	\$	6,703,324	\$	8,377,644	\$	3,447,751	\$	4,346,519	\$	5,120,500	\$ 5,721,763

	2012	2013	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
Revenues															
Taxes (see Schedule 6)	\$ 18,957,727	\$ 8,186,973	\$ 8,229,740	\$ 19,080,069	\$ 22,415,867	\$	24,300,284	\$	23,165,933	\$	24,990,387	\$	21,822,682	\$	18,342,783
Licenses and permits	246,684	296,646	526,682	3,910,865	4,020,146		3,061,686		4,066,421		5,415,634		5,187,109		461,485
Fines and forfeitures	658,947	410,651	461,973	746,328	582,265		4,200,624		4,374,440		4,832,065		556,294		500,420
Use of money and property	3,869,148	3,980,288	4,262,980	4,483,440	4,193,622		649,604		569,371		619,791		5,161,940		4,669,964
From other Agencies	8,573,115	8,095,770	7,400,120	3,330,088	2,803,809		4,445,859		4,670,113		4,931,407		4,224,076		19,564,996
Charges for services	575,465	10,255,382	10,406,153	598,817	677,357		1,295,306		510,712		743,679		454,514		214,062
Other revenues	319,264	548,434	491,789	1,194,298	702,143	_	4,339,168	_	1,249,951		971,653	_	1,043,146	_	1,746,609
Total revenues	33,200,350	31,774,144	31,779,437	33,343,905	35,395,209		42,292,531		38,606,941	_	42,504,616	-	38,449,761		45,500,319
Expenditures															
General government	5,021,662	4,523,348	4,458,587	5,243,358	5,715,862		5,733,380		6,303,209		5,968,070		6,766,846		6,769,631
Public safety	12,594,893	11,960,492	12,116,850	13,055,529	13,809,907		14,902,518		15,760,348		16,058,371		16,462,100		14,927,090
Public works	7,911,996	7,919,556	8,150,563	8,314,613	8,465,041		9,450,700		9,791,978		10,067,951		9,967,562		9,918,361
Community Development	2,429,742	1,099,124	1,152,346	908,350	1,011,500		975,513		1,119,201		1,054,777		1,114,821		1,433,333
Recreation	2,614,651	2,391,734	2,352,708	2,497,441	2,715,948		2,907,759		2,947,132		2,976,205		3,011,198		2,720,633
Capital Outlay	1,854,584	1,779,346	1,059,727	927,565	1,323,911		754,104		5,513,706		1,694,180		203,460		4,328,271
Debt service															
Interest	1,563,700	321,527	325,787	498,571	400,370		329,879		300,118		260,173		185,044		249,556
Principal	1,338,280	530,571	555,571	257,069	647,953		689,876		709,901		748,132		241,917		188,602
Bond Issuance costs				1,043,792				_		_					<u>-</u>
Total expenditures	35,329,508	30,525,698	30,172,139	32,746,288	34,090,492		35,743,729		42,445,593		38,827,859		37,952,948		40,535,477
Excess of revenues															
over (under)															
expenditures	(2,129,158)	1,248,446	1,607,298	597,617	1,304,717		6,548,802		(3,838,652)		3,676,757		496,813		4,964,842

# City of Bell Gardens Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds (continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2012	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	2020	<u>2021</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Bonds issued	-	-	-	5,830,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Premium on bonds issued	-	-	-	630,175	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payments to escrow agent	-	-	-	(2,452,943)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other debts issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	1,497,933	1,165,595	1,596,377	1,858,093	1,148,793	2,112,928	2,807,125	1,035,236	1,124,510	1,423,144
Trnsfers out	(2,266,744)	(1,034,739)	(919,644)	(1,950,963)	(1,183,581)	(2,064,861)	(2,957,052)	(1,026,993)	(1,117,951)	(1,277,610)
Proceeds from Cap Lease			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	2,239,435
Total other financing										
sources (uses)	(768,811)	130,856	676,733	3,914,362	(34,788)	48,067	(149,927)	8,243	6,559	2,384,969
Extraordinary gain/(loss)										
on dissolution of Red Ag Net change in	43,519,044	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
fund balances	\$ 40,332,425	\$ 1,385,753 \$	1,985,818 \$	4,334,721	5 1,377,477 \$	1,377,477 \$	(5,688,306)	2,612,641	\$ (1,639,440)	\$ 5,678,644
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital										
expenditures	8.67%	2.96%	3.03%	2.37%	3.20%	2.91%	2.73%	2.72%	1.13%	1.21%

(modified	accrual	basis	of	accounting)

Fiscal	Duamantu	Calaa 9 Haa	•	P	Property	Other	T. (.)
<u>Year</u>	<u>Property</u>	Sales & Use	<u>Occupancy</u>	<u>Franchise</u>	<u>Transfer</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>Total</u>
2012	4,730,399	2,390,885	238,104	518,889	14,738	14,971,352	22,864,367
2013	4,807,151	2,533,682	258,666	589,683	33,368	15,614,309	23,836,859
2014	4,854,325	2,635,981	314,060	582,545	26,768	16,016,240	24,429,919
2015	5,475,800	2,755,036	362,340	675,274	30,883	16,876,306	26,175,639
2016	5,302,713	2,724,441	534,412	634,387	37,364	18,630,606	27,863,923
2017	5,525,193	2,906,014	742,345	704,476	43,383	24,112,701	34,034,112
2018	5,623,586	2,978,666	737,207	737,113	95,964	20,541,169	30,713,705
2018	5,623,586	2,978,666	737,207	737,113	95,964	20,541,169	30,713,705
2019	5,781,864	3,293,906	751,886	790,764	42,307	21,837,310	32,498,037
2020	6,497,085	2,902,461	595,441	855,197	40,797	18,560,708	29,451,689
2021	12,327,451	3,923,189	410,282	849,511	51,247	17,889,742	35,451,422
Change							
2011-2020	160.6%	64.1%	72.3%	63.7%	247.7%	19.5%	55.1%

City of Bell Gardens Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Miscellaneous Property	Estimated Actual Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Taxable Assessed Value <sup>a</sup> as a Percentage of Actual Taxable Value
2012	955,510,379	204,218,229	150,142,989	137,164,651	1,447,036,248	1	10000.000%
2013	955,933,544	208,065,529	152,823,079	133,730,238	1,450,552,390	1	10000.000%
2014	999,929,015	211,197,686	154,882,700	167,161,033	1,533,170,434	1	10000.000%
2015	1,022,936,332	219,064,657	152,796,983	170,635,741	1,565,433,713	1	10000.000%
2016	1,074,587,956	225,037,146	154,989,143	174,441,992	1,629,056,237	1	10000.000%
2017	1,112,397,761	239,905,413	160,863,704	179,475,910	1,692,642,788	1	10000.000%
2018	1,166,730,523	246,284,076	167,771,117	195,015,390	1,775,801,106	1	10000.000%
2019	1,225,224,578	256,128,286	179,966,251	199,913,074	1,861,232,189	1	10000.000%
2020	1,285,054,924	265,900,863	193,776,781	238,245,440	1,982,978,008	1	10000.000%
2021	1,353,071,844	314,751,283	203,185,886	253,247,928	2,124,256,941	1	10000.000%

**City Direct Rates** 

		•,	<b>-</b>			
Fiscal	Basic	General Obligation Debt	Redevelopment Debt	Total Direct	Los Angeles	Montebello Unified School
					_	
Year	Rate	Service	Service	Rate	County	District
2012	1.00	_		1.00	0.2923	0.1000
		-	-			
2013	1.00	-	-	1.00	0.3251	0.0963
2014	1.00	-	-	1.00	0.2855	0.0946
2015	1.00	-	-	1.00	0.3041	0.0875
2016	1.00	-	-	1.00	0.3315	0.0875
2017	1.00	-	-	1.00	0.3323	0.1470
2018	1.00	-	-	1.00	0.3208	0.1351
2019	1.00	-	-	1.00	0.3185	0.1392
2020	1.00	-	-	1.00	0.2978	0.0931
2021	1.00	-	-	1.00	0.3148	0.0971

Source: HDL

**Notes:** The city's basic property tax rate may be increased only by a majority vote of the city's residents. Rates for debt service are set based on each year's requirements.

City of Bell Gardens Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Ten Years Ago

	202	1			2012	
<u>Taxpayer</u>	Taxable Assessed Value		Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Bicycle Casino LP Prime CRDF Bell Gardens Ilc Prime CRDF Los Jardines Ilc Prime Store El Portal	\$ 114,635,354 71,059,331 29,685,727 22,680,720	1 2 3 4	5.56% 3.44% 1.44% 1.10%	\$ 61,576,461	1	4.26%
Western B West California LLC Villa Del Rio Inc Wei Chuan International Inc.	21,648,641 16,295,548 14,739,341	5 6 7	1.05% 0.79% 0.71%	16,142,778	4	1.12%
IIT Bell Gardens Portfulio LLP Gifaffe Properties LLC Jamesn P. and Judy A. Berg Prime Frit Los Jardines LLC	9,792,000	8	0.47%	15,550,000 8,544,615 6,991,613	5 6 9	1.07% 0.59% 0.48%
Garfield Avenue LLC Bell Gardens Hospitality LLC Primestor Bell Gardens LLC Suva Montalane Investment LLC Florence Eastern Marketplace LLC	9,259,560 8,841,556	9	0.45% 0.43%	\$7,543,183 34,865,502 6,991,973 36,000,000	7 3 8 2	0.52% 2.41% 0.48% 2.49%
Caster Garfield Storage LP  Total	\$ 318,637,778		15.44%	\$ 6,465,101 200,671,226	10	0.45% 13.87%

**Source:** HdL Coren & Cone, Los Angeles County Assessor 2011/12 and 2020/21 Combined Tax Rolls Bell Gardens Bicycle Club

Fiscal Year			within the rof the Levy	Collection in	Collection to date		
Ended June 30,	for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Subsequent Years	Amount	Pecent of Levy	
2012	1,331,273	995,598	74.79%	20,531	1,016,129	76.33%	
2013	1,334,508	1,185,167	88.81%	1,191	1,186,358	88.90%	
2014	1,372,471	1,077,254	78.49%	975	1,078,229	78.56%	
2015	1,401,157	1,127,438	80.46%	1,029	1,128,467	80.54%	
2016	1,458,844	1,313,441	90.03%	-	1,313,441	90.03%	
2017	1,523,617	1,360,576	89.30%	-	1,360,576	89.30%	
2018	1,585,780	1,338,925	84.43%	-	1,338,925	84.43%	
2019	1,662,373	1,235,171	74.30%	-	1,235,171	74.30%	
2020	1,773,585	1,521,691	85.80%	-	1,521,691	85.80%	
2021	1,899,332	1,554,677	81.85%	-	1,554,677	81.85%	

Sources: Finance Department records and Los Angeles County Assessors Office

#### \* NOTE:

The City receives limited information from Los Angeles County in connection to tax levies and collections. At the current time the City does not have the resources to retrive the Collection in Subsequent years data for the periods 2005-2011 and does not currently have the Taxes Levied information for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

City of Bell Gardens Taxable Sales by Category Last Ten Calendar Years (in thousands of dollars)

	 <u>2012</u>		<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	2018	2019	2020	<u>2021</u>
Apparel stores	\$ 33,193	\$	33,152	\$ 34,323	\$ 31,160	\$ 34,069	\$ 38,708	\$ 37,466	\$ 37,640	\$ 37,515	\$ 27,850
General merchandise	2,065		2,159	2,404	2,447	2,511	2,415	2,480	2,437	2,437	2,559
Food stores	14,750		18,015	22,382	21,629	21,801	17,069	15,060	15,357	14,606	16,787
Eating and drinking establishments	33,026		36,057	38,703	42,616	44,119	46,617	50,928	51,050	49,650	47,052
Building materials and farm tools	7,206		5,976	5,312	5,925	6,529	5,796	6,531	6,403	7,606	8,491
Auto dealers and supplies	6,940		8,231	7,811	8,164	8,714	8,873	8,125	8,417	8,139	7,687
Service stations	44,953		47,645	45,757	48,131	41,218	35,445	41,728	51,187	47,543	38,678
Other retail stores	32,596		32,368	35,372	39,027	40,330	44,618	42,629	38,988	45,652	39,163
All other outlets	 59,754	_	62,704	 69,589	 75,544	 81,171	 85,884	 90,059	 92,905	 106,333	 108,858
Total	\$ 234,483	\$	246,307	\$ 261,653	\$ 274,644	\$ 280,462	\$ 285,426	\$ 295,006	\$ 304,384	\$ 319,481	\$ 297,124
City direct sales tax rate	1.00%		1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

Source: The HdL Companies

Fiscal Year	City Direct Rate	Los Angeles County	State of California
2012	1.00	1.50	7.25
2013	1.00	1.50	6.50
2014	1.00	1.50	6.50
2015	1.00	1.50	6.50
2016	1.00	1.50	6.50
2017	1.00	1.50	7.00
2018	1.00	1.50	7.00
2019	1.00	1.50	7.00
2020	1.00	1.50	7.00
2021	1.00	1.50	7.00

**Sources:** Los Angeles County

**Note:** The city sales tax rate may be changed only with the approval of the state legislature.

		<del>_</del>			
Tax Remitter	Business Category	Tax Remitter	Business Category		
76	Service Stations	76	Service Stations		
Alfredo Mexican Foof	Quick-Service Restaurants	Andrea Shoes	Shoe stores		
Applebees	Casual Dining	Applebees	Casual Dining		
Arco AM PM	Service Stations	Arco AM PM	Service Stations		
Auto Zone	Automotive Supply Stores	Auto Zone	Automotive Supply Stores		
Big 5 Sporting Goods	Sporting Goods/Bike Stores	Bicycle Club Casino	Leisure/Entertainment		
Bob's Discount furniture	Home Furnishsings	Big 5 Sporting Goods	Sporting Goods/Bike Stores		
Casa Leaders	Home Furnishings	Casa Leaders	Home Furnishings		
Chevron	Service Stations				
Chevron Pronto Lube & Tune	Service Stations	Chevron Pronto Lube & Tune	Service Stations		
El Pescador	Casual Dining	El Pollo Loco	Quick service Restaurants		
El Pollo Loco	Quick-Service Restaurants	Eurocraft Architectural	Heavy Industrial		
Food 4 Less	Grocery Stores	Factory 2U	Family Apparel		
Jack in the Box	Quick-Service Restaurants	Food 4 Less	Grocery Stores		
Marshalls	Family Apparel				
Mc Donalds	Quick-Service Restaurants	IHOP	Casual Dining		
Mosier	<b>Building Materials</b>	Jack in the Box	Quick service Restaurants		
O'Reilly Auto Parts	Automotive Supply Stores	Marahalls	Family Apparel		
Parkhouse Tire Service	Trailers/Auto Parts	Mc Donalds	Quick-Service Restaurants		
Petco	Specialty Stores	Mosier	Building Material		
Prime Metal Supply	Heavy Industrial	Parkhouse Tire Service	Trailers/Auto Parts		
Rite Aid	Drug Stores	Rite Aid	Drug Stores		
Ross	Family Apparel	Ross	Family Apparel		
Sol Y Mar Mariscos	Casual Dining				
Super A Foods	Grocery Stores	Super A Foods	Grocery Stores		
		Thrifty Oil	Service Stations		
		Toys R Us	Specialty Stores		
		Valero	Service Stations		

2021

Percent of FY Total Paid by Top 25 Accounts

64.10%

66.67%

2012

Source: Hinderliter, de Llamas & Associates, State Board of Equalization

	Governmental Ac					Business - type Activities			
Fiscal Year	Tax Allocation Bonds	Revenue Bonds	Notes Payable	Capital Lease Payable	Certificates of Participation	Water Revenue Bonds	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2012	-	_	3,360,000		3,430,000	3,795,000	6,790,000	1.84%	240
2013	-	-	3,144,151		3,306,355	3,574,474	6,450,506	2.10%	238
2014	-	-	2,673,580		3,260,000	3,340,000	5,933,580	1.83%	220
2015	-	6,460,172	2,175,009		-	3,103,700	8,635,181	2.18%	252
2016	-	6,301,045	1,662,056		-	2,853,313	7,963,101	1.90%	257
2017	-	6,111,918	1,137,179		-	2,592,926	7,249,097	1.71%	229
2018	-	5,927,791	587,278		-	2,317,537	8,832,606	1.47%	207
2019	-	5,733,664	9,146		-	2,032,150	7,774,960	1.24%	181
2020	-	5,529,539	4,102		-	1,731,763	7,265,404	1.11%	173
2021	-	4,883,540	500	2,239,435	-	1,416,376	8,539,851	1.60%	213

**Notes:** Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

	G	eneral Bonded Debt O	utstanding		
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Redevelopment Bonds	Total	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per Capita
2011	-	13,865,000	13,865,000	95.50%	314.73
2012	-	-	-	-	-
2013	-	-	-	-	-
2014	-	-	-	-	-
2015	-	-	-	-	-
2016	-	-	-	-	-
2017	-	-	-	-	-
2018	-	-	-	-	-
2019	-	-	-	-	-
2020	-	-	-	-	-

**Notes:** Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

#### CITY OF BELL GARDENS DIRECT & OVERLAPPING DEBT AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

	Outstanding debt	City	
Direct Debt	6/30/2021	Percentage	Net bonded Debt
119.01 2015 LEASE REV REF BONDS	4,835,000	100.000	4,835,000
119.01 Unamortized bond premium	485,410	100.000	485,410
Notes payable	500	100.000	500
capital Lease payable	2,239,435	100.000	2,239,435
119.01 2004 Revenue Bonds	1,415,000	100.000	1,415,000
119.01 2004 Revenue Bonds-Unamortized bond premium	1,376	100.000	1,376
Total Direct Debt			8,976,721
Overlapping Debt			
*315.05 METROPOLITAN WATER DISTRICT	13,101,783	0.130	16,974
790.54 CERRITOS CCD DS 2004 SERIES 2012D	31,855,943	0.072	22,892
790.55 CERRITOS CCD DS 2012 SERIES 2014A	73,900,000	0.072	53,106
790.56 CERRITOS CCD DS 2014 REF BONDS SERIES A	74,671,000	0.072	53,659
790.57 CERRITOS CCD DS 2014 REF BONDS SERIES B	7,620,000	0.072	5,476
790.58 CERRITOS CCD DS 2012 SERIES 2018B	53,415,000	0.072	38,385
790.59 CERRITOS CCD DS 2012 SERIES 2019C	99,125,000	0.072	71,233
790.60 CERRITOS CCD DS 2020 REF BDS	51,830,000	0.072	37,246
805.55 LA CCD DS 2003 TAXABLE SERIES 2004B	2,115,000	0.210	4,446
805.56 LA CCD DS 2001 TAXABLE SERIES 2004A	31,555,000	0.210	66,334
805.65 LA CCD DS 2008, 2009 TAXABLE SER B	75,000,000	0.210	157,664
805.66 LA CCD DS 2008, 2010 TAX SERIES D	125,000,000	0.210	262,773
805.67 LA CCD DS 2008, 2010 TAX SER E (BABS)	900,000,000	0.210	1,891,963
805.69 LA CCD DS 2008 2012 SERIES F	19,000,000	0.210	39,941
805.70 LA CCD DS 2013 REF BONDS	12,270,000	0.210	25,794
805.71 LA CCD DS 2008 SERIES G	33,670,000	0.210	70,780
805.73 LA CCD DS 2015 REF SERIES A	203,235,000	0.210	427,237
805.74 LA CCD DS 2015 REF SERIES B	205,540,000	0.210	432,082
805.75 LA CCD DS 2015 REF SERIES C	190,920,000	0.210	401,349
805.76 LA CCD DS 2018 REF SERIES C	173,700,000	0.210	365,149
805.78 LA CCD DS 2006 SERIES 1 805.78 LA CCD DS 2016 REF BONDS	239,880,000	0.210	504,271
805.82 LA CCD DS 2016 SER B 1	2,193,365,000	0.210	4,610,852
853.53 DOWNEY USD DS REFUNDING 1999 SERIES A	2,335,256	0.267	6,240
853.60 DOWNEY USD DS 2007 REF BDS	11,325,000	0.267	30,262
853.61 DOWNEY USD DS 2011 REFUNDING BONDS	1,275,000	0.267	3,407
853.62 DOWNEY USD DS 2012 REF BONDS	950,000	0.267	2,539
853.63 DOWNEY USD DS 2014 SERIES A	34,935,000	0.267	93,351
853.64 DOWNEY USD DS 2015 REF BONDS	2,945,000	0.267	7,869
853.65 DOWNEY USD DS 2016 REF BONDS	5,095,000	0.267	13,615
853.66 DOWNEY USD DS 2014 SERIES B	200,372,984	0.267	535,423
887.86 LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2002 SERIES E	200,000,000	0.008	16,062
887.89 LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2005 SERIES H-QSCBS	249,040,000	0.008	20,001
887.92 LOS ANGELES UNIF MEASURE R SERIES KRY BABS	363,005,000	0.008	29,154
887.93 LOS ANGELES UNIF MEASURE Y 2009 SERIES KRY BABS	806,795,000	0.008	64,796
887.98 LOS ANGELES UNIF MEASURE R 2010 SERIES RY BABS	477,630,000	0.008	38,360
887.99 LOS ANGELES UNIF MEASURE Y 2010 SERIES RY BABS	772,955,000	0.008	62,078

<sup>\*</sup>This fund is a portion of a larger agency, and is responsible for debt in areas outside the city.

This report reflects debt which is being repaid through voter-approved property tax indebtedness. It excludes mortgage revenue,

tax allocation bonds, interim financing obligations, non-bonded capital lease obligations, and certificates of participation, unless provided by the city.

Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. The percentage of overlapping debt

applicable is estimated by using taxable assessed values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another

governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the city's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value.

Data Source: HdL Coren 8 Cone, Los Angeles County Assessor and Auditor Combined 2019/20 Lien Date Tax Rolls

This report is not to be used in support of debt issuance or continuing disclosure statements without the written consent of HdL, Coren & Cone

	Gross Bonded Debt	City	·
Overlapping Debt	Balance	Percentage	Net bonded Debt
888.55 LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2005 2010 SERIES J-1 QSCBS	134,415,000	0.008	10,795
888.56 LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2005 2010 SERIES J-2 QSCBS	70,670,000	0.008	5,676
888.57 LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2011 REFUNDING BOND SERIES A 1	52,305,000	0.008	4,201
888.58 LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2011 REFUNDING BOND SERIES A 2	131,825,000	0.008	10,587
888.59 LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2012 REFUNDING BOND SERIES A	79,965,000	0.008	6,422
888.60 LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2014 REF BOND SERIES A	39,990,000	0.008	3,212
888.61 LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2014 REF BOND SERIES B	126,165,000	0.008	10,133
888.62 LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2014 REF BOND SERIES C	767,245,000	0.008	61,619
888.63 LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2014 REF BOND SERIES D	115,040,000	0.008	9,239
888.68 LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2015 REF BONDS SERIES A	218,260,000	0.008	17,529
888.69 LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2008 SERIES A 2016	377,985,000	0.008	30,357
888.70 LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2016 REF BONDS SERIES A	267,465,000	0.008	21,481
888.71 LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2016 REF BONDS SERIES B	498,240,000	0.008	40,015
888.72 LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2017 REF BONDS SER A PROP BB	113,455,000	0.008	9,112
888.73 LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2017 REF BONDS SER A MEAS K	921,240,000	0.008	73,987
888.74 LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2005 SERIES M 1 2018	111,265,000	0.008	8,936
888.76 LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2008 SERIES B 1 2018	1,034,935,000	0.008	83,118
888.78 LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2019 REF 2002 SER D MEAS K	142,765,000	0.008	11,466
888.79 LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2019 REF 2004 SER I MEAS R	316,820,000	0.008	25,445
888.80 LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2019 REF 2005 SER F MEAS Y	85,710,000	0.008	6,884
888.82 LA USD MEAS R 2020 SER RYQ	829,000,000	0.008	66,579
888.83 LA USD MEAS Y 2020 SER RYQ	302,000,000	0.008	24,254
888.84 LA USD MEAS Q 2020 SER RYQ	907,190,000	0.008	72,859
888.85 LA USD DS SER RYQ 2020 B	196,310,000	0.008	15,766
899.50 MONTEBELLO USD DS 1998 SERIES 1998	2,059,841	10.406	214,352
899.51 MONTEBELLO USD DS 1998 SERIES 1999	2,244,866	10.406	233,606
899.52 MONTEBELLO USD DS 1998 SERIES 2001	2,632,827	10.406	273,979
899.53 MONTEBELLO USD DS 1998 SERIES 2004	5,023,902	10.406	522,800
899.54 MONTEBELLO USD DS 1998 SERIES 2002	4,257,964	10.406	443,094
899.58 MONTEBELLO USD DS 2004 SERIES 2009A-2 BABS	12,640,000	10.406	1,315,350
899.60 MONTEBELLO USD DS REF 2004 SERIES 2013A	15,010,000	10.406	1,561,978
899.61 MONTEBELLO USD DS REF BOND SERIES 2015	26,185,000	10.406	2,724,877
899.62 MONTEBELLO USD DS REF BONDS 2016 SERIES A	13,425,000	10.406	1,397,039
899.63 MONTEBELLO USD DS 2016 SERIES A	79,345,000	10.406	8,256,840
Total Overlapping debt			28,056,350
Total Direct and Overlapping debt		_	37,033,071

## 2020/21 Assessed Valuation: \$1,492,704,219 After Deducting \$570,654,305 Incremental Value Debt To Assessed Valuation Ratios:

Direct Debt	24.24%
Overlapping Debt	75.76%
Total Debt	100.00%

\*This fund is a portion of a larger agency, and is responsible for debt in areas outside the city.

This report reflects debt which is being repaid through voter-approved property tax indebtedness. It excludes mortgage revenue, tax allocation bonds, interim financing obligations, non-bonded capital lease obligations, and certificates of participation, unless provided by the city.

Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated by using taxable assessed values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the city's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value.

Data Source: HdL Coren 8 Cone, Los Angeles County Assessor and Auditor Combined 2019/20 Lien Date Tax Rolls This report is not to be used in support of debt issuance or continuing disclosure statements without the written consent of HdL, Coren & Cone

#### Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2021

Assessed value
Debt limit (15% of assessed value)
Debt applicable to limit:
General obligation bonds

Less: Amount set aside for repayment of general obligation debt

Total net debt applicable to limit

Legal debt margin

\$ 309,503,779

\$ 2,063,358,524

309,503,779

	2012	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	2019	2020	<u>2021</u>
Debt limit	\$ 217,055,442	\$ 217,582,859	\$ 223,772,444	\$ 228,455,393	\$ 237,724,320	\$ 248,274,475	\$ 258,399,113	270,892,319	\$ 289,018,017	\$ 309,503,779
Total net debt applicable to limit							<del>-</del> -	<u>-</u>		
Legal debt margin	\$ 217,055,442	\$ 217,582,859	\$ 223,772,444	\$ 228,455,393	\$ 237,724,320	\$ 248,274,475	\$ 258,399,113	270,892,319	\$ 289,018,017	\$ 309,503,779
Total net debt applicable to the lim as a percentage of debt limit	nit 0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

**Note:** Under state finance law, the city's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 15 percent of total assessed property value. The City has no bonded indebtedness.

Source: HDL

### **Water Revenue Bonds**

Fiscal	Utility Fiscal Service		Net Available	Debt S			
Year	Charges	Expenses	Revenue	Principal Interest		Coverage	
2012	1,150,100	1,372,324	(222,224)	215,000	176,518	(0.57)	
2013	1,260,620	1,408,572	(147,952)	225,000	168,705	(0.38)	
2014	1,543,070	1,365,071	177,999	230,000	160,343	0.46	
2015	1,038,752	962,962	75,790	240,000	151,230	0.19	
2016	1,545,560	1,318,431	227,129	250,000	140,805	0.58	
2017	1,103,221	147,407	955,814	260,000	135,180	2.42	
2018	1,167,877	975,029	192,848	285,000	110,418	0.49	
2019	1,216,817	1,255,718	(38,901)	300,000	96,880	(0.10)	
2020	1,198,473	1,759,566	(561,093)	315,000	82,255	(1.41)	
2021	1,061,040	1,479,979	(418,939)	330,000	67,608	(1.05)	

**Notes:** Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include bond interest, depreciation, or amortization expenses.

		Personal Income	Per Capita	
Calendar		(thousands	Personal	Unemployment
Year	Population	of dollars)	Income	Rate
2012	42,437	508,607	11,985	14.9%
2013	42,667	497,497	11,660	12.4%
2014	42,685	493,908	11,571	9.5%
2015	42,952	489,495	11,396	7.8%
2016	42,824	499,815	11,671	6.1%
2017	43,051	494,144	11,478	5.6%
2018	42,972	520,032	12,101	4.7%
2019	42,449	537,963	12,673	4.4%
2020	42,641	543,500	12,673	4.4%
2021	42,233	560,614	13,274	13.2%

Source: HDL

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	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Function/Program	<u> 2012</u>	2010	<u> 2017</u>	2010	2010	2011	2010	2013	2020	<u> 2021</u>
General government										
Mayor and City Council	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
City Manager's Office	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3
City Clerk's Office	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3
Finance	8	10	10	10	10	10	9	9	9	9
Community Development	12	10	10	10	10	9	9	9	10	10
Police										
Sworn	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	48	48
Non-sworn	22	21	21	21	22	22	23	23	23	23
Public works	29	27	27	27	27	27	28	28	28	28
Recreation & Community Services	11	11	11	11	11	12	12	12	11	11
Total	140	137	137	137	138	138	140	140	136	136

Source: City Budget

**Notes:** A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including vacation and sick leave). Full-time-equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours by 2,080.

### City of Bell Gardens Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	20	21	2012				
<u>Employers</u>	Number of Employees	Percent of Total Employment	Number of Employees	Percent of Total Employment			
Bicycle Casino Briarcrest Nursing Center	1,113 250	9.98% 2.24%					
First Class Vending, Inc. Metal Surfaces Inc.	150 121	1.34% 1.08%					
Wei-Chuan U.S. A. Inc. Laundry Los Angeles	100 100	0.90% 0.90%					
Food 4 Less #307 Dx-Chol Enterprises Inc	90 66	0.81% 0.59%					
Ross Dress for Less #981 Marshalls #308	65 64	0.58% 0.57%					
Total	2,119	19.00%					

#### Source:

City Bell Gardens Community Development Department

California Employment Development Labor Market Information <a href="http://wwwlabormarketinfor.edd.ca.gov/cgi/dataanalysis/AreaSelection.asp?tableName=Labforce">http://wwwlabormarketinfor.edd.ca.gov/cgi/dataanalysis/AreaSelection.asp?tableName=Labforce</a>

2008-2012 Employer data is not readily available and thus the City has chosen not to present it at this time.

<sup>\*</sup> Note

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
<u>Function/Program</u>										<u> </u>
General government										
Building permits issued	233	215	199	266	264	202	310	291	263	310
Police										
Physical arrests	1,817	1,638	1,330	1,399	1,343	1,220	1,246	1,360	1,204	1,140
Parking violations	5,198	4,408	4,946	4,796	7,435	7,553	10,223	10,830	13,897	10,629
Traffic violations	6,529	5,532	2,890	3,518	2,164	2,506	1,990	2,093	1,817	1,324
Refuse collection										
Refuse collected (tons per day)	72	43	42	23	29	29	30	32	34	44
Recyclables collected (tons per day)	22	14	13	18	20	20	21	24	22	17
Other public works										
Street resurfacing (miles)	1.5	0.6	0.6	0.2	0.0	0.0	1.3	3.3	1.5	5.5
Potholes repaired	198	185	250	270	405	405	160	230	326	351
Parks and recreation										
Athletic field permits issued	238	194	224	307	274	231	261	266	905**	1
Community center admissions	417,919	420,277	428,683	443,687	455,368	482,690	448,901	430,945	287298**	14,365***
Transit										
Total route miles	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Passengers	*	230,254	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

**Sources:** Various city departments.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The recording changed from FY 19 to FY 20 due to implementation of a software (Max Galaxy). Prior years reflected actual permit where 1 permit could range from 1 to 20 days in a month. The current is reflective of actual facility usage.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Due to COVID

### City of Bell Gardens Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Function/Program					( <u></u>					
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Other public works										
Streets (miles)	402.3	402.3	402.3	402.3	402.3	402.3	402.3	402.3	402.3	402.3
Highways (miles)	107.4	107.4	107.4	107.4	107.4	107.4	107.4	107.4	107.4	107.4
Streetlights	8,162	8,162	8,162	8,162	8,162	8,162	8,162	8,162	8,162	8,162
Traffic signals	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111
Parks and recreation										
Acreage	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64
Playgrounds	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Baseball/softball diamonds	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	1
Wastewater										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	484.4	484.4	484.4	484.4	484.4	484.4	484.4	484.4	484.4	484.4
Storm sewers (miles)	338.5	338.5	338.5	338.5	338.5	338.5	338.5	338.5	338.5	338.5
Treatment capacity (thousands of gallons)	4,200	4,200	4,200	4,200	4,200	4,200	4,200	4,000	4,000	4,000
Transit—Senior Citizen Bus	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7

**Sources:** Various city departments.

**Notes:** No capital asset indicators are available for the general government function.

<sup>\*</sup> Information not available