# City of Bell Gardens Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2014





# CITY OF BELL GARDENS, CALIFORNIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

PREPARED BY:

FINANCE & ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES DEPARTMENT



#### COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

#### JUNE 30, 2014

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December 11, 2014

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Bell Gardens, California

It is the policy of the City of Bell Gardens to annually publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report for the City of Bell Gardens (the City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Bell Gardens. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Bell Gardens has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Bell Gardens' financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the costs of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Lance, Soll, & Lunghard, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Bell Gardens' financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2014. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. This letter of transmittal complements the MD&A and the financial statements, and it should be read from that perspective and in conjunction with all other sections of the comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR).

#### **Profile of the Government**

The City of Bell Gardens was incorporated in 1961 under the general laws of the State of California and is located in Southern California in the southeastern portion of Los Angeles County, approximately 11 miles southeast of Los Angeles. The City has a land area of 2.4 square miles and a population of 42,072. Bell Gardens is a general law City and uses the Council/City Manager form of government. Five City Council representatives are elected to four-year year terms of office by popular majority vote of Bell Gardens residents. The Mayor and Mayor Pro-Tem are selected from among the City Council members. The City Manager serves at the pleasure of the City Council to administer the City's affairs and to carry out policies established by the City Council.

The City is divided into six departments of Administration, Police, Public Works, Finance and Administrative Services, Community Development, and Recreation and Community Services. These departments provide a full range of services, including police protection, the construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure, recreational activities and cultural events, transportation and a portion of the City's water system. Fire, paramedic, library and animal control services are provided by the County of Los Angeles and the Southeast Area Animal Control Authority, respectively.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, department (e.g., police) and line item. The City Council and Manager charge department directors with the responsibility of controlling department budgets. Budgetary control is exercised through an on-line computerized system, which interfaces with the City's general ledger. The system maintains an on-going record of budget balances throughout the year based on actual expenditures and unfilled purchase orders.

The City Council has the legal authority to amend the budget at any time during year. The City Manager has the authority to re-appropriate expenditures within a fund. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund and major special revenue funds, this comparison is presented as part of the required supplementary information in the accompanying financial statements. For governmental funds that have appropriated annual budgets, other than the general fund and major special revenue funds, this comparison is presented in the supplementary section of the accompanying financial statements.

#### **Factors Affecting Financial Condition**

The City continues to make its way through the 'great recession'. Over 40% of the City's general fund revenues come from card club fees received from the Bell Gardens Bicycle Casino (the Bike). Casino revenues peaked in 2008 and then significantly turned downward through 2012. In 2013, casino revenues bottomed out and began to slowly increase. This slow increase continued through 2014 as casino revenues rose approximately 1.6%. The Bike has broken ground on the construction of a 100 room luxury hotel which is expected to be completed in the third quarter of calendar 2015.

Increases were also recognized in the other major revenue sources of the City's general fund which includes property tax, sales tax, vehicle license fees and lease payments.

During the 2014 fiscal year, the City was faced with the challenge of rising costs of health insurance, general liability and workers comp insurance, reduction in CDBG funding and rising retiree health costs. The negative impact of these challenges were offset by the measures put in place in response to the 'great recession' which included: 1) requiring employees to pay their portion of their retirement costs 2) placing a cap on City contributions toward employee health benefits 3) establishing multiple second tier benefits to pension and retirement healthcare. The City also froze certain vacant positions, delayed some capital improvements and reduced or eliminated some community events. These steps, along with the increased revenues and one time revenues, ultimately led to the General Fund receiving more revenue than expenditures for fiscal 2014

Also in 2014, the City entered into two-year agreements with all five employee groups. These agreements included pay increases for both miscellaneous employees and public safety employees along with changes to the City's health insurance plans.

#### **Relevant Financial Polices**

In previous years, the City had loaned the former Redevelopment Agency (RDA) a net amount of over \$14,000,000 to perform redevelopment activities. At the time of the loan it was agreed the RDA would pay interest on the loans of 10% which was a reasonable interest rate at the time the loans were provided. However, due to the legislation that eliminated redevelopment agencies the City is now only allowed to charge the current LAIF rate on those loans. The LAIF rate as of June 2014 was less than 1% (.228%). This change caused a significant decrease in the amount of accrued interest on these loans.

#### **Long-Term Financial Planning**

In 2008, the City implemented a reserve policy in which they initially committed \$1,000,000 for contingencies and added \$200,000 per year until the amount committed for contingencies reached 10% of the General Fund's expenditures. As of June 30, 2014, the amount committed for contingencies is \$2,100,000.

#### Acknowledgements

The dedication of the Finance Department staff made it possible to prepare this report in a timely manner. We wish to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report.

Respectfully submitted,

Will Kaholokula

Director of Finance and Administration

### **City of Bell Gardens**

## City Officials

#### **City Council**

Daniel Crespo Mayor

Priscilla Flores Mayor Pro Tem

Pedro Aceituno Councilmember

Jose J. Mendoza Councilmember

Jennifer Rodriguez Councilmember

#### **Administration and Department Heads**

**Philip Wagner**City Manager

John E. Oropeza Assistant City Manager

> **Robert Barnes** Chief of Police

Will Kaholokula
Director of Finance & Administrative Services

Abel Avalos
Director of Community Development

Chris Dastè
Director of Recreation & Community Services

Chau Vu Director of Public Works

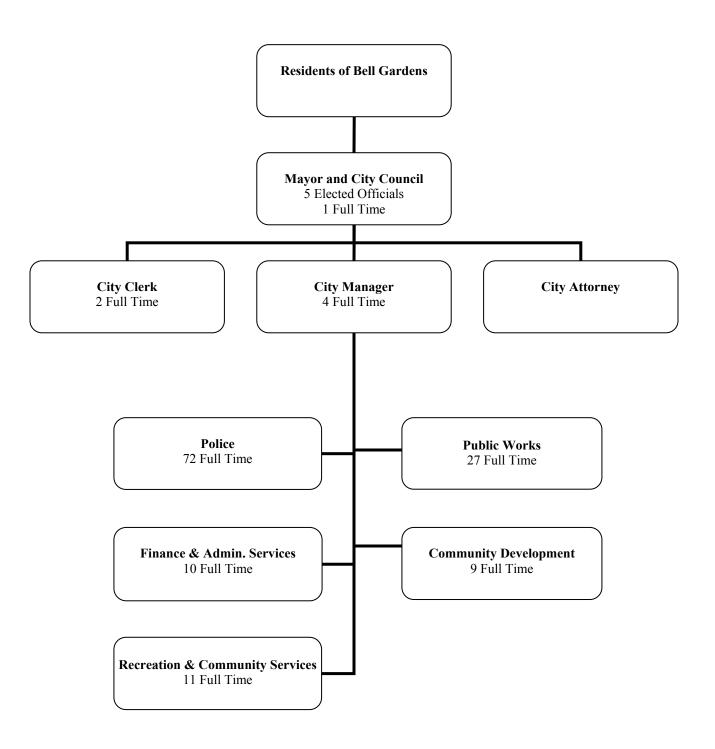
> Rosalia A. Conde City Clerk

**Arnold M. Alvarez-Glasman**City Attorney

**Sid Mousavi** City Engineer

## **City of Bell Gardens**

### **Organization Chart**





#### Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Bell Gardens California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2013

Executive Director/CEO



- David E. Hale, CPA, CFP Deborah A. Harper, CPA
- Donald G. Slater CPA
  - · Gary A. Cates, CPA
- Susan F. Matz, CPA
- . Bryan S. Gruber, CPA
- Richard K. Kikuchi, CPA
   Michael D. Mangold, CPA
  - · David S. Myers, CPA

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Bell Gardens, California

#### **Report on Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Bell Gardens, California, (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Bell Gardens, California

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bell Gardens, California, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis and the budgetary comparison information, as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Bell Gardens, California

Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 16, 2014 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Brea, California

December 16, 2014

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#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Bell Gardens, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Bell Gardens for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal and the City's financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

As of June 30, 2014, the City's net position (excess of assets over liabilities) was \$132.5 million. This is a decrease from prior year of about \$12.1 million. The decrease in net position was caused by a restatement of \$8.5 million; primarily due to the recalculation of interest on loans to the Successor Agency of \$17.6 million netted with the increase of \$10.9 million for loans owed to the City from the Successor Agency. The remaining \$3.6 million was expenditures exceeding revenues.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) Government-Wide Financial Statements, 2) Fund Financial Statements, and 3) Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-Wide Financial Statements present the financial picture of the City and provide readers with a broad view of the City's finances. These statements present governmental activities and business type activities separately and include all assets of the City as well as all liabilities.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities. These statements include *all* assets and liabilities of the City using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows, and liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event occurs, regardless of timing of related cash flows.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we separate the City activities as follows:

#### Governmental Activities

Most of the City's basic services are reported in this category, including general government, public safety, public works, community development, and parks and recreation. Property, business, hotel and sales taxes, club card fees, franchise taxes, motor vehicle in lieu, interest income, and state and federal grants finance these activities

#### **Business-Type Activities**

The City charges a fee to customers to cover all or most of the costs of certain services it provides. The City's water utility and golf course operations are reported as business-type activities.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also the legally separate entity of the Bell Gardens Financing Authority. The City is financially accountable for this entity and the financial information for this blended component unit are reported within the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the City's most significant funds – not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other funding sources.

The fund financial statements include statements for each of the three categories of activities – governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The governmental activities are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. The business-type activities are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The fiduciary activities are agency funds, which only report assets and liabilities and do not have a measurement focus.

Governmental Funds—The Governmental Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. However, unlike the Government-Wide Financial Statements, Governmental Funds Financial Statements focus on current financial resources, which emphasize near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as balances of spendable resources at the end of the fiscal year. This information is essential in evaluating the City's near-term financial requirements.

To better understand the City's long-term and short-term requirements, it is useful to compare the City's Governmental Fund Statements with the governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. A reconciliation of the statements is provided for both the governmental fund balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances to facilitate this comparison.

The City of Bell Gardens maintains 25 governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the Low and Moderate Housing fund which are reported as major funds. Data from the other 23 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregate presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the Supplementary Information section of this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General fund to demonstrate its compliance with this budget.

Proprietary Funds—The City maintains only one type of proprietary fund, the *enterprise fund* for its water utility and golf course operations. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds-As a result of the dissolution of the redevelopment agency, the city maintains a fiduciary fund, which consists of a private purpose trust fund used to account for the assets and liabilities of the former community development commission and the allocated revenue to pay estimated installment payments of enforceable obligations until the obligations of the former community development commission are paid in full and assets have been liquidated

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with the non-major governmental funds and enterprise funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

#### Statement of Net Position

At June 30, 2014, the City's net position (excess of assets over liabilities) was \$132.5 million (This includes \$8.5 million in restatement of net position in the government-wide financial statements of the City; the majority of this restatement is related to the net of \$17.6 million in reduction in Advances to Successor Agency for disallowed interest payable and \$10.9 million increase in net position for increase in loans to the City).

		Governmen	tal A	ctivities		Business-ty	ре А	ctivities	Tot		otal	
		2013		2014		2013	_	2014		2013		2014
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	58,141,426 106,868,389	\$	53,133,505 103,461,040	\$	72,699 7,773,308	\$	(101,387) 7,605,124	\$	58,214,125 114,641,697	\$	53,032,118 111,066,164
Total Assets		165,009,815		156,594,545		7,846,007		7,503,737		172,855,822		164,098,282
Deferred Outflows of Resources												
Deferred charge on refunding	-		-			134,391		122,747	-	134,391		122,747
Long-term liabilities outstanding		22,172,529		25,001,452		3,344,474		3,104,087		25,517,003		28,105,539
Other liabilities Total Liabilities		2,483,938		3,164,920		387,883	_	425,795	_	2,871,821	_	3,590,715
Net position:		24,656,467	_	28,166,372	_	3,732,357	_	3,529,882	_	28,388,824	_	31,696,254
Net Investment in Capital Assets		100,379,238		97,527,460		4,333,225		4,383,784		104,712,463		101,911,244
Restricted Unrestricted		7,453,015 32,521,095		10,815,624 20,085,089		400,037 (485,221)		399,535 (686,717)		7,853,052 32,035,874		11,215,159 19,398,372
Total Net Position	\$	140,353,348	\$	128,428,173	\$	4,248,041	\$	4,096,602	\$	144,601,389	\$	132,524,775

The following is the condensed Statement of Net Position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013. Approximately \$101.9 million (77%) of the City's net position consist of the City's investment in capital assets such as land, buildings, machinery and equipment, less any related debt to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. These assets are used to provide services to the citizens of the City of Bell Gardens; therefore, they are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

#### Statement of Activities

The following is the condensed Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013.

#### City of Bell Gardens Changes in Net Position

		Governmental A	ctivities	Business-type Activities			To		
		2013	2014	2013		2014	2013		2014
Revenues:									
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$	1,313,997 \$	1,630,172	\$ 1,401,3	38 \$	1,687,790	\$ 2,715,385	\$	3,317,962
Operating grants and contrib.		1,965,613	2,246,087		-	-	1,965,613		2,246,087
Capital grants and contrib.		2,410,285	1,711,667		-	-	2,410,285		1,711,667
General revenues:									
Sales taxes		2,554,034	2,709,528		-	-	2,554,034		2,709,528
Transient occupancy taxes		258,666	314,060		-	-	258,666		314,060
Franchise taxes		2,622,207	2,593,786		-	-	2,622,207		2,593,786
Business license taxes		249,097	281,051		-	-	249,097		281,051
Property taxes		1,160,306	1,057,205		-	-	1,160,306		1,057,205
Other taxes		1,363,015	1,347,657		-	-	1,363,015		1,347,657
Motor Vehide in Lieu		3,616,717	3,787,841		-	-	3,616,717		3,787,841
Use of money and property		3,966,769	4,244,461		-	13,599	3,966,769		4,258,060
Card dub taxes		9,683,860	9,836,243	5	77	-	9,684,437		9,836,243
Other		388,848	354,902		_	-	388,848		354,902
Total Revenues		31,553,414	32,114,660	1,401,9	35	1,701,389	32,955,379		33,816,049
Expenses:									
General government		8,765,852	9,335,078		-	-	8,765,852		9,335,078
Public safety		11,962,803	12,130,706		-	-	11,962,803		12,130,706
Community development		1,123,548	1,151,619		-	-	1,123,548		1,151,619
Parks and recreation		2,334,788	2,363,305		-	-	2,334,788		2,363,305
Public works		9,792,085	10,348,627		-	-	9,792,085		10,348,627
Interest and fiscal charges		305,236	331,911		-	-	305,236		331,911
Water utility		-	-	1,408,5		1,503,954	1,408,572		1,503,954
Golf course		<u> </u>		225,2		218,744	225,224	_	218,744
Total Expenses		34,284,312	35,661,246	1,633,7	<u> </u>	1,722,698	35,918,108	_	37,383,944
Increase (decrease) in net assets									
before transfers and extraordinary items		(2,730,898)	(3,546,586)	(231,8	31)	(21,309)	(2,962,729)		(3,567,895)
Extraordinary gain/(loss) on dissolution of redevelopment agency)		<u>-</u>	_		_	_	_		_
Transfers		130,856	130,130	(130,8	56)	(130,130)	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>
Changes in Net Position		(2,600,042)	(3,416,456)	(362,6	<del></del> 37)	(151,439)	(2,962,729)	_	(3,567,895)
Net Position - beginning of the year		160,661,311	140,353,348	4,762,9	•	4,248,041	165,424,307		144,601,389
Restatement of Net Position		(17,707,921)	(8,508,719)	(152,2		-	(17,860,189)		(8,508,719)
Net Position - end of the year	\$	140,353,348 \$	128,428,173	\$ 4,248,0	<u> </u>	4,096,602	144,601,389	 \$	132,524,775
•	_				— <u> </u>				

#### **Governmental Activities**

The City's net position from governmental activities totaled \$128.4 million. The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$35.7 million. Overall, the City's governmental program revenues were \$5.6 million. The City paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of governmental activities with \$30.1 million in taxes (some of which could only be used for certain programs) and with other revenues, such as interest earnings and general entitlements.

#### Revenue highlights:

- General Revenues increased by \$561k from the prior year- Charges for Services and Use of money and property made up the majority of this increase.
- Charges for Services increased by \$316k, due primarily to the increase of \$233k in Building permits associated with the new Casino Hotel property development.
- Use of money and property increased by \$278k, which was a \$186k in lease revenue rent increase and \$65k in rent and concession revenue increases at Ford Park.
- Card Club casino revenue increased by \$152k from the prior year as the casino is continuing to see a slight rebound in consumer discretion spending.

#### Expense highlights:

- Expenses increased by \$1.5 million from the prior year with a majority of the increase coming from General government activities. Public safety activities and Public works activities.
- General government expenditures increased from prior year by \$569k, which was primarily the current year increase in the CJPIA deposit liability of \$293k compared to the prior year having a decrease of \$438k.
- Public safety activities expenditures increased from the prior year by \$168k which was created by a portion of the prior year vacancies being filed in the current year.
- Public works expenditures increased from the prior year by \$557k, as a result of an increase in capital expenditures for street rehabilitation projects and higher utility amounts in the current year.

#### **Business Type Activities**

The City's business-type activities net position decreased by \$151k. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

#### Revenue Highlights:

• In the current fiscal year for the first time we accrued revenue in the amount of \$237k, relating to water sales receivable at June 30, 2014.

#### Expense Highlights:

- Total expenses in the business-type activities increased by \$88k. Water Utility Fund expenses increased by \$95k and the Golf Course fund expenses decreased by \$7k.
- The primary increase in the Water Utility Fund was related to an increase of \$29k in Contractual Services and an increase of \$36k in the purchase of water.

 The key decrease in expenses in the Golf Course fund compared to prior year was a decrease of \$4k in part-time salaries.

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENT ANALYSIS**

The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on short-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements.

As of the end of fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$30.6 million, a decrease of \$12.7 million compared to the prior year balance of \$43.3 million.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Factors concerning these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of Government-wide Financial Analysis of business-type activities.

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The original adopted General fund expenditure budget for this fiscal year was \$24.63 million and the final amended budget was \$24.71 million. Budget amendments totaled less than 1% of the original budget.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

The City of Bell Gardens has \$111.1 million invested in the capital assets, as compared to \$114.6 million in the prior year. Net decrease in the capital assets is approximately \$3.6 million.

Capital Assets at Year-End (Net of Depreciation) For the Year Ended June 30

		Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Totals			
	_	2013		2014	2013		2014		2013		2014	
Land	\$	69,022,714	\$	67,249,714	\$ 1,011,000	\$	1,011,000	\$	70,033,714	\$	68,260,714	
Buildings		10,263,185		9,838,817	-		-		10,263,185		9,838,817	
Equipment		788,088		610,716	5,288,527		5,139,484		6,076,615		5,750,200	
Construction in Progress		991,202		952,410	-		-		991,202		952,410	
Infrastructure		25,803,200		24,809,383	-		-		25,803,200		24,809,383	
Intangibles		-		-	1,473,781		1,454,640		1,473,781		1,454,640	
Total	\$	106,868,389	\$	103,461,040	\$ 7,773,308	\$	7,605,124	\$	114,641,697	\$	111,066,164	

The decrease was primarily due to a reclassification of \$1.8 million in land from the City to the Successor Agency, the increase in Accumulated Depreciation of Fixed Assets and decrease in construction in progress during fiscal year 2013-2014. For more detailed information, see notes 5 and 12 to the financial statements.

#### Long-term Debt

At year-end, the City had \$29.9 million in long-term debts including development fee related obligations, capital lease obligations, other post-employment benefits obligation, certificates of participations and compensated absences, as compared to \$26.6 million in prior year, a net increase of \$3.3 million during the fiscal year. The primary reason for the increase was related to the increase in the outstanding balance for other post-employment obligations of \$3.7 million (see note 8 for this calculation). Please refer to Note 6 for further details on the City's long-term liabilities.

## Outstanding Long-Term Debt For Fiscal Year Ended June 30

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Totals		
	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	
Accrued Leave Payable	\$ 2,804,723	\$ 2,867,702	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,804,723	\$ 2,867,702	
Other post employment obligations	13,206,460	16,955,945	-	-	13,206,460	16,955,945	
CJPIA Retrospective Deposit Liability	523,923	817,451	-	-	523,923	817,451	
Promissory Note- County of LA	2,965,000	2,545,000	-	-	2,965,000	2,545,000	
2006 Certificates of Participation	3,345,000	3,260,000	-	-	3,345,000	3,260,000	
Southern California Edison On Bill Financing	179,151	128,580	-	-	179,151	128,580	
2004 Water Refunding Revenue Bonds	-	-	3,570,000	3,340,000	3,570,000	3,340,000	
Unamortized bond premium	-	-	4,474	4,087	4,474	4,087	
Unamortized bond discount	(38,645)	(23,522)	-	-	(38,645)	(23,522)	
Total	\$ 22,985,612	\$ 26,551,156	\$ 3,574,474	\$ 3,344,087	\$ 26,560,086	\$ 29,895,243	

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS**

The City of Bell Gardens' finances are dependent on the local, national and international economies. Even though over 40% of the City's revenues are received from one local source, the widespread effect of a negative downturn in the economies will have an effect on the City's finances.

In its third quarterly report of 2014, the UCLA Anderson forecasts a real GDP growth rate of about 3 percent over the next two years. California's' economy is moving forward in an expansion from the Great Recession. The forecast calls for total employment growth of 2.4% in 2015 and 2.2% in 2016, which will drive down the unemployment rate to 5.7% by 2016, which is .3% higher than the U.S rate.

The State has continued to take local governments' revenue to address their budget crisis. In June 2011, the Governor signed into law AB X1 26 to eliminate all redevelopment agencies. As of February 1, 2012 all redevelopment agencies were eliminated, the potential effect of the revenue loss as a result of this is still ongoing but at a minimum the Cities ability to address blight and revitalize the community has suffered.

The Operating Budget for fiscal year 2014-15 reflects the City's commitment to foster steady, controlled growth and provide the highest level of service to the community within the City's financial constraint and is consistent with the City Council's goals and objectives. Questions or requests for information regarding the City of Bell Gardens' 2014-15 budgets should be sent to the Finance Department at the address below.

#### **CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City of Bell Gardens' finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City's Finance Department, at the City of Bell Gardens, 7100 Garfield Avenue, Bell Gardens, CA 90201.

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

	Primary Government					
	Governmental	Business-Type				
	Activities	Activities	Total			
Assets:						
Cash and investments	\$ 13,524,923	\$ 7,561	\$ 13,532,484			
Receivables:						
Accounts	800,019	337,198	1,137,217			
Notes and loans	8,448,834	-	8,448,834			
Accrued interest	4,831	75	4,906			
Internal balances	845,756	(845,756)	-			
Advances to Successor Agency	26,911,983	-	26,911,983			
Prepaid costs	16,490	-	16,490			
Due from other governments	1,900,171	-	1,900,171			
Restricted assets:						
Cash with fiscal agent	640,761	399,535	1,040,296			
Capital assets not being depreciated	68,202,124	1,011,000	69,213,124			
Capital assets, net of depreciation	35,258,916	6,594,124	41,853,040			
Total Assets	156,594,545	7,503,737	164,098,282			
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Deferred charge on refunding		122,747	122,747			
Total Deferred Outflows						
of Resources		122,747	122,747			
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	1,054,317	144,233	1,198,550			
Accrued liabilities	397,202	70	397,272			
Accrued interest	66,469	39,008	105,477			
Unearned revenue	-	2,484	2,484			
Deposits payable	97,228	-	97,228			
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Due within one year	1,549,704	240,000	1,789,704			
Due in more than one year	25,001,452	3,104,087	28,105,539			
Total Liabilities	28,166,372	3,529,882	31,696,254			
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets	97,527,460	4,383,784	101,911,244			
Restricted for:	- ,- ,	, , -	- ,- ,			
Community development projects	1,225,279	_	1,225,279			
Public safety	837,880	_	837,880			
Parks and recreation	116,501	_	116,501			
Public works	1,100,615	_	1,100,615			
Capital projects	171,323		171,323			
Post employment benefits	130,967	399,535	530,502			
Unrestricted	27,318,148	(686,717)	26,631,431			
Total Net Position	\$ 128,428,173	\$ 4,096,602	\$ 132,524,775			

	Program Revenues						
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Contributions and Grants	Capital Contributions and Grants			
Functions/Programs							
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
General government	\$ 9,335,078	\$ 170,956	\$ 124,074	\$ -			
Public safety	12,130,706	533,782	524,612	-			
Community development	1,151,619	-	-	999,975			
Parks and recreation	2,363,305	277,302	-	-			
Public works	10,348,627	648,132	1,597,401	711,692			
Interest on long-term debt	331,911						
Total Governmental Activities	35,661,246	1,630,172	2,246,087	1,711,667			
Business-Type Activities:							
Water	1,503,954	1,543,072	-	-			
Golf Course	218,744	144,718					
Total Business-Type Activities	1,722,698	1,687,790					
Total Primary Government	\$ 37,383,944	\$ 3,317,962	\$ 2,246,087	\$ 1,711,667			

#### **General Revenues:**

Taxes:

Club card gross receipt tax

Property taxes, levied for general purpose

Transient occupancy taxes

Sales taxes

Franchise taxes

Business licenses taxes

Other taxes

Motor vehicle in lieu - unrestricted

Use of money and property

Other

#### **Transfers**

#### **Total General Revenues and Transfers**

Change in Net Position

Net Position at Beginning of Year

Restatement of Net Position

#### Net Position at End of Year

	Net (Expenses)		s and Changes Government	in Ne	t Position
G	Governmental Activities	——————————————————————————————————————			
\$	(9,040,048) (11,072,312) (151,644) (2,086,003) (7,391,402) (331,911)	\$	- - - - -	\$	(9,040,048) (11,072,312) (151,644) (2,086,003) (7,391,402) (331,911)
	(30,073,320)		-		(30,073,320)
	- -		39,118 (74,026)		39,118 (74,026)
	<u>-</u>		(34,908)		(34,908)
	(30,073,320)		(34,908)		(30,108,228)
	9,836,243 1,057,205 314,060 2,709,528 2,593,786 281,051 1,347,657 3,787,841 4,244,461 354,902 130,130		- - - - - (65) 13,664 (130,130)		9,836,243 1,057,205 314,060 2,709,528 2,593,786 281,051 1,347,657 3,787,841 4,244,396 368,566
	26,656,864		(116,531)		26,540,333
	(3,416,456)		(151,439)		(3,567,895)
	140,353,348		4,248,041		144,601,389
	(8,508,719)				(8,508,719)
\$	128,428,173	\$	4,096,602	\$	132,524,775

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

JUNE 30, 2014	General	Special Revenue Funds Low and Moderate Housing	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:				<b>*</b> 40.504.000
Cash and investments	\$ 10,613,912	\$ 67,487	\$ 2,843,524	\$ 13,524,923
Receivables: Accounts	799,422	324	273	800,019
Notes and loans	219,254	5,910,106	2,319,474	8,448,834
Accrued interest	3,644	3,310,100	1,187	4,831
Grants	39,737	_	-	39,737
Prepaid costs	16,490	_	_	16,490
Due from other governments	762,231	-	542,650	1,304,881
Due from other funds	978,863	-	-	978,863
Advances to Successor Agency	26,911,983	595,290	-	27,507,273
Restricted assets:				
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	640,761			640,761
Total Assets	\$ 40,986,297	\$ 6,573,207	\$ 5,707,108	\$ 53,266,612
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 696,751	\$ -	\$ 357,566	\$ 1,054,317
Accrued liabilities	397,103	Ψ -	φ 337,300 99	397,202
Deposits payable	73,542	_	23,686	97,228
Due to other funds			133,107	133,107
Total Liabilities	1,167,396		514,458	1,681,854
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Unavailable revenues	12,578,536	5,910,106	2,486,312	20,974,954
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	12,578,536	5,910,106	2,486,312	20,974,954
Fund Balances:				
Nonspendable:				
Prepaid costs	16,490	-	-	16,490
Advances to Successor Agency Restricted for:	15,023,596	-	-	15,023,596
Community development projects	_	663,101	562,178	1,225,279
Public safety	_	-	837,880	837,880
Parks and recreation	-	-	116,501	116,501
Public works	-	-	1,100,615	1,100,615
Capital Projects	-	-	171,323	171,323
Debt service	-	-	130,967	130,967
Committed to:	0.400.000			0.400.000
Committed to contingencies	2,100,000	-	-	2,100,000
Assigned to: Post employment benefits	6,253,714			6,253,714
Compensated absences	2,867,702	- -		2,867,702
Interfund loans	978,863	_	_	978,863
Unassigned			(213,126)	(213,126)
Total Fund Balances	27,240,365	663,101	2,706,338	30,609,804
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 40,986,297	\$ 6,573,207	\$ 5,707,108	\$ 53,266,612

# RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

Fund balances of governmental funds			\$ 30,609,804
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets net of depreciation have not been included as financial resources in governmental fund activity.			103,461,040
Long-term debt and compensated absences have not been included in the governmental fund activity:  2006 Certificates of Participation  Unamortized bond premiums/discounts  Notes Payable: County of Los Angeles - Section 108	\$	(3,260,000) 23,522 (2,545,000)	
Southern California Edison On Bill Financing Agreement CJPIA General Liability Retrospective Payable Compensated Absences		(128,580) (817,451) (2,867,702)	(9,595,211)
Governmental funds report all OPEB contributions as expenditures, however in the statement of net position any excesses or deficiencies in contributions in relation to the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) are recorded as a asset or liability.			(16,955,945)
Accrued interest payable for the current portion of interest due on Bonds has not been reported in the governmental funds.			(66,469)
Revenues reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds and recogn			(00,409)
in the statement of activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenu in the governmental fund activity.	es		 20,974,954
Net Position of governmental activities			\$ 128,428,173

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Special Revenue Funds Low and	Other	Total
	General	Moderate Housing	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 14,733,854	\$ -	\$ 3,332,129	\$ 18,065,983
Licenses and permits	526,682	-		526,682
Intergovernmental	4,051,603	-	3,348,517	7,400,120
Charges for services	312,523	74.050	257,387	569,910
Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures	3,937,889	71,856	253,235	4,262,980
Contributions	270,695	-	191,278 30,000	461,973 30,000
Miscellaneous	238,657	80,689	142,443	461,789
Total Revenues	24,071,903	152,545	7,554,989	31,779,437
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	3,911,079	_	547,508	4,458,587
Public safety	11,782,031	-	334,819	12,116,850
Community development	1,064,117	-	88,229	1,152,346
Parks and recreation	2,161,703	-	191,005	2,352,708
Public works	3,096,189	-	5,054,374	8,150,563
Capital outlay	289,306	-	1,068,634	1,357,940
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	135,571	-	420,000	555,571
Interest and fiscal charges	182,837		142,950	325,787
Total Expenditures	22,622,833		7,847,519	30,470,352
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,449,070	152,545	(292,530)	1,309,085
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	360,180	_	689,594	1,049,774
Transfers out	(655,897)	-	(263,747)	(919,644)
Contributions from the Successor Agency		546,603		546,603
Total Other Financing Sources				
(Uses)	(295,717)	546,603	425,847	676,733
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,153,353	699,148	133,317	1,985,818
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year, as previously reported	40,723,850	(36,047)	2,573,021	43,260,824
Restatements	(14,636,838)			(14,636,838)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year, as restated	26,087,012	(36,047)	2,573,021	28,623,986

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 1,985,818
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.  Capital outlay  \$ 1,059,727  Disposal of assets  (51,318)	
Depreciation (2,642,758)	(1,634,349)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.  Repayment of long-term debt principal	
Certificates of participation 85,000	
Notes payable 420,000	
On bill financing 50,571	
Amortization of bond discounts (15,123)	
CJPIA retrospective deposit liability (293,528)	246,920
Accrued interest for long-term liabilities. This is the net change in accrued interest for the current period.	8,999
Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(62,979)
Governmental funds report all contributions in relation to the annual required contribution (ARC) for OPEB as expenditures, however in the statement of activities only the ARC is an expense.	(3,749,485)
Revenues reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds and recognized in the statement of activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues in the governmental fund activity.	(211,380)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (3,416,456)

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	Business-Tvr	pe Activities - Ente	erprise Funds
		Nonmajor Enterprise Fund	
Assets:	Water	Golf Course	Totals
Current:			
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 2	\$ 7,559	\$ 7,561
Accounts	333,472	3,726	337,198
Accrued interest	75	-	75
Restricted: Cash with fiscal agent	399,535	_	399,535
Cash with histar agent		<del></del>	
Total Current Assets	733,084	11,285	744,369
Noncurrent:			
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation	7,605,124		7,605,124
Total Noncurrent Assets	7,605,124		7,605,124
Total Assets	8,338,208	11,285	8,349,493
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Deferred charge on refunding	122,747		122,747
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	122,747		122,747
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 8,460,955	\$ 11,285	\$ 8,472,240
Liabilities and Net Position:			
Liabilities:			
Current: Accounts payable	\$ 141,424	\$ 2,809	\$ 144,233
Accrued liabilities	Ψ 111,121 -	70	70
Accrued interest	39,008	-	39,008
Unearned revenues	- 045.750	2,484	2,484
Due to other funds Bonds, notes, and capital leases	845,756 240,000	-	845,756 240,000
		E 262	
Total Current Liabilities	1,266,188	5,363	1,271,551
Noncurrent: Bonds, notes, and capital leases	3,104,087	_	3,104,087
•			
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	3,104,087		3,104,087
Total Liabilities	4,370,275	5,363	4,375,638
Net Position:	4 000 70 :		4 000 70 1
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service	4,383,784 399,535	-	4,383,784 399,535
Unrestricted	(692,639)	- 5,922	(686,717)
Total Net Position	4,090,680	5,922	4,096,602
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 8,460,955	\$ 11,285	\$ 8,472,240

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds			e Funds		
			Nonmajor Enterprise Fund			
		Water	Golf Course		Totals	
Operating Revenues:	•		•		•	
Sales and service charges Miscellaneous	\$	1,424,553	\$	139,149	\$	1,563,702
Miscellaneous		118,519		19,233		137,752
Total Operating Revenues		1,543,072		158,382		1,701,454
Operating Expenses:						
Administration and general		176,482		102,969		279,451
Cost of sales and services		996,137		115,775		1,111,912
Depreciation expense		168,184				168,184
Total Operating Expenses		1,340,803		218,744		1,559,547
Operating Income (Loss)		202,269		(60,362)		141,907
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):						
Interest revenue and change in fair value of investments		(67)		2		(65)
Interest expense		(163,151)				(163,151)
Total Nonoperating						
Revenues (Expenses)		(163,218)		2		(163,216)
Income (Loss) Before Transfers		39,051		(60,360)		(21,309)
Transfers in		_		66,477		66,477
Transfers out		(196,607)		-		(196,607)
Changes in Net Position		(157,556)		6,117		(151,439)
Net Position:						
Beginning of Year		4,248,236		(195)		4,248,041
End of Fiscal Year	\$	4,090,680	\$	5,922	\$	4,096,602

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Business-Tv	pe Activities - Ente	erprise Funds
		Nonmajor Enterprise Fund	mprioc i unuo
	Water	Golf Course	Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			<b>*</b>
Cash received from customers and users Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	\$ 1,223,119 (961,237)	\$ 157,140 (115,061)	\$ 1,380,259 (1,076,298)
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services  Cash paid to employees for services	(177,233)	(103,954)	(281,187)
	(***,===)	(100,000)	(== :, :=:)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	84,649	(61,875)	22,774
Cash Flows from Non-Capital			
Financing Activities:		00.477	00.477
Cash transfers in Cash transfers out	(196,607)	66,477	66,477 (196,607)
Cash borrowed from other funds	501,869	- -	501,869
Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital			
Financing Activities	305,262	66,477	371,739
Cash Flows from Capital			
and Related Financing Activities:			
Principal paid on capital debt	(230,000)	-	(230,000)
Interest paid on capital debt	(160,345)		(160,345)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in)			
Capital and Related Financing Activities	(390,345)		(390,345)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest received and change in fair value of investments	(66)	2	(64)
interest received and change in rail value of investments	(00)		(04)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in)			
Investing Activities	(66)	2	(64)
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(500)	4,604	4,104
			400.000
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	400,037	2,955	402,992
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 399,537	\$ 7,559	\$ 407,096
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash			
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:	¢ 202.260	<u>ቀ</u> (60.363)	¢ 141.007
Operating income (loss)	\$ 202,269	\$ (60,362)	\$ 141,907
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)			
net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation	168,184	_	168,184
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(319,953)	(3,726)	(323,679)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	34,900	714	35,614
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities	(751)	(985)	(1,736)
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue		2,484	2,484
Total Adjustments	(117,620)	(1,513)	(119,133)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 84,649	\$ (61,875)	\$ 22,774
Chairing Monthios	Ψ 07,049	<del>*</del> (01,013)	¥ ££,114
Non-Cash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities:			
Amortization of Unamortized Premiums/Discounts	\$ 387	\$ -	\$ 387
Gain/(Loss) on Investments	(2)	-	(2)

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	Private- Purpose Trust Fund
A	Successor Agency of the Former Community Development Commission
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 1,333,608
Receivables: Notes and loans	6,649,057
Restricted assets:	
Cash and investments with fiscal agents Capital assets:	2,953,217
Capital assets, not being depreciated	1,885,247
Total Assets	12,821,129
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	6,442
Accrued liabilities	10
Accrued interest Long-term liabilities:	73,916
Due in one year	190,000
Due in more than one year	53,644,823
Total Liabilities	53,915,191
Net Position:	
Held in trust for other purposes	(41,094,062)
Total Net Position	<b>\$ (41,094,062)</b>

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Private- Purpose Trust Fund Successor Agency of the Former Community Development Commission
Additions: Taxes	\$ 3,447,545
Interest and change in fair value of investments	218,429
Miscellaneous	8
Total Additions	3,665,982
Deductions:	
Administrative expenses	362,651
Contractual services	141,902
Interest expense	3,586,360
Contributions to other governments	546,603
Total Deductions	4,637,516
Changes in Net Position	(971,534)
Net Position - Beginning of the Year, as previously reported	(48,827,830)
Restatements	8,705,302
Beginning of the Fiscal Year, as restated	(40,122,528)
Net Position - End of the Year	\$ (41,094,062)

#### I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# Note 1: Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

# a. Description of the Reporting Entity

This report includes all fund types of the City of Bell Gardens (the "primary government"), as well as the Bell Gardens Financing Authority (the Authority). The Authority meets the definition of a "component unit", and is presented on a "blended" basis, as if it were part of the primary government. Although the Authority is a legally separate entity, the governing board of the entity is comprised of the same membership as the City Council. The City may impose its will on the component unit, including the ability to appoint, hire, reassign or dismiss management. There is also a financial benefit/burden relationship between the City and the Authority.

The City of Bell Gardens, California (City) was incorporated on August 1, 1961. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services: general government, public safety, public works, recreation and community development.

The Bell Gardens Financing Authority (Authority) was created on November 28, 1988, under a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement by and between the City of Bell Gardens and the former Bell Gardens Community Development Commission (former Commission). The Authority was established pursuant to the laws of the State of California with authority to acquire the former RDA's bonds as provided in Section 6588 of the Government Code of the State of California. The former RDA has determined that "significant public benefits" will be derived by the former RDA in undertaking the issuance of the bonds and their sale to the Authority and resale to the underwriter, in furtherance of the corporate purposes of the former RDA.

Separate financial statements are not prepared for the Authority.

#### b. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, and eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and the major individual enterprise fund are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### c. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments are not recognized until paid.

The City's fiduciary funds consist of a private purpose trust fund which is reported using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Property taxes, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.
- The Low and Moderate Housing Fund was established to account for the assets of the former Community Development Commission's Low and Moderate Housing Fund. The fund accounts for transactions related to affordable housing activities. Revenues include repayments of loans that will be recorded for use into this fund for affordable housing activities.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

### Note 1: Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

 The Water Enterprise Fund accounts for the financial activity of the City's water utility. The costs of providing these services to the general public are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

- Special Revenue Funds These funds account for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or otherwise assigned for specific purposes.
- Capital Projects Funds These funds account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.
- The Private-purpose Trust Fund The fund is used to account for the assets and liabilities of the former community development commission and the allocated revenue to pay estimated installment payments of enforceable obligations until the obligations of the former community development commission are paid in full and assets have been liquidated.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to members, customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water Enterprise Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund includes the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then use unrestricted resources as needed.

#### d. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position or Equity

#### 1. Cash and Investments

Investments are reported in the accompanying statement of net position at fair value. Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as investment

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

### Note 1: Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

income reported for that fiscal year. Investment income includes interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation, maturity, or sale of investments.

The City pools cash and investments of all funds, except for assets held by bond trustees and fiscal agents. Each fund's share in this pool is displayed in the accompanying financial statements as cash and investments. Investment income, earned by the pooled investments, is allocated to the various funds based on each fund's average cash and investment balance.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Cash invested in the City's cash management pool is also considered to be cash equivalents.

# 2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Under California law, property taxes are assessed and collected by the counties at 1% of assessed value plus other increases approved by the voters. Property taxes collected go into a pool and are then allocated to the cities based on a predetermined formula. The City of Bell Gardens accrues only those taxes which are received from the County of Los Angeles within 60 days after year-end.

Lien date: January 1 Levy date: June 30

Due dates: November 1, February 1
Delinquent dates: December 11, April 11

#### 3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of materials and supplies (if material) are carried at cost on a first-in, first-out (FIFO) basis. The City uses the consumption method of accounting for inventories. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### 4. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets represent unexpended bond proceeds, interest earnings thereon and reserve amounts of certificates of participation and tax allocation bonds. Under the related resolutions and indentures, the remaining proceeds are restricted for the use of future construction of improvements to the respective projects, for debt service or for reserve requirements. The majority of these assets are held by trustees and fiscal agents.

#### 5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, intangible assets and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are valued at the fair value of the assets on the date on which they were contributed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. The City utilizes a capitalization threshold of \$5,000-\$10,000 depending on asset type.

Depreciation is charged to operations using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Buildings and improvements 20-40 years
Equipment 3-15 years
Infrastructure 20-50 years
Water rights 100 years

#### 6. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and governmental fund balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the business-type Statement of Net Position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and governmental fund balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position and fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has one item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

# 7. Compensated Absences

The cost of earned but unused vacation and sick leave, for which the City has a future obligation to pay, is recognized in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they become due and payable as a result of employee resignations or retirements. Typically, the City liquidates its compensated absences with general fund resources.

#### 8. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are no longer reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt, instead they should be expensed in the period incurred. This was a change in accounting principle due to implementing GASB 65.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### 9. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following fund balance classification:

Nonspendable - include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> - include amounts that are constrained on the use of resources by either (a) external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws of regulations of other governments or (b) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – the City Council, as the City's highest level of decision-making authority, may commit fund balance for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal actions taken. The formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution. City Council action to commit fund balance needs to occur within the fiscal reporting period; however, the amount can be determined subsequently.

<u>Assigned</u> – include amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Pursuant to the City's fund balance policy established by the City Council by resolution, it has delegated the authority to assign fund balance amounts to the City Manager for intended specific purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - include the residual amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes.

In July 2008, through Resolution 2008-17, the City Council adopted a fund balance reserve policy. The policy consists of establishing an economic contingency reserve by placing liquid cash in a financial institution in compliance with the investment policy in the amount of \$1,000,000 commencing July 1, 2008 and adding \$200,000 to the established reserve fund each fiscal year thereafter. The City Council's goal is to achieve a minimum of 10% of the annual General Fund appropriations as committed fund balance in the General Fund.

The accounting policies of the City consider restricted fund balance to have been spent first when expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Similarly, when expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted classifications of fund balance could be used, the City considers committed amounts to be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

#### 10. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

#### 11. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### **II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS**

#### Note 2: Cash and Investments

As of June 30, 2014, cash and investments were reported in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental activities		\$ 14,165,684
Business-type activities		407,096
Fiduciary funds	_	4,286,825
Total Cash and Investments		\$ 18,859,605

The City of Bell Gardens maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use for all funds. Each fund type's position in the pool is reported on the combined balance sheet as cash and investments. The City has adopted an investment policy, which authorizes it to invest in various investments.

#### Deposits

As of June 30, 2014, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$1,421 and the bank balance was \$243,962. The \$242,541 difference represents outstanding checks and other reconciling items.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure a City's deposits by pledging government securities with a value of 110% of a City's deposits. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of a City's total deposits. The City Treasurer may waive the collateral requirement for deposits which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the FDIC. The collateral for deposits in federal and state chartered banks is held in safekeeping by an authorized Agent of Depository recognized by the State of California Department of Banking. The collateral for deposits with savings and loan associations is generally held in safekeeping by the Federal Home Loan Bank in San Francisco, California as an Agent of Depository. These securities are physically held in an undivided pool for all California public agency depositors. Under Government Code Section 53655, the placement of securities by a bank or savings and loan association with an "Agent of Depository" has the effect of perfecting the security interest in the name of the local governmental agency. Accordingly, all collateral held by California Agents of Depository are considered to be held for, and in the name of, the local governmental agency.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

#### Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

Investments Authorized by the City's Investment Policy

Under provision of the City's investment policy, and in accordance with Section 53600 of the California Government Code, the following investments are authorized:

		Maximum	Maximum Investment
	Maximum	Percentage	In One
Investment Types	Maturity	of Portfolio	Issuer
U.S. Treasury Bills, Bonds and Notes	5 years	None	None
U.S. Government Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Bills of Exchange	180 days	40%	15%
Commercial Paper	270 days	40%	15%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	15%
Repurchase Agreements	92 days	None	15%
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	None	15%
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Medium Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	15%

# Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

The above investments do not address investment of debt proceeds held by a bond trustee. Investments of debt proceeds held by a bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

#### Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

#### Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfil its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating, by Standard and Poor and Moody's as of year-end for each investment type:

Investment Type	Total as of ine 30, 2014	Minimum Legal Rating	Exempt from Disclosure AAA/Aaa			AA+/Aa1		
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	\$ 10,450,399	N/A	\$ 10,450,399	\$ -	\$	-		
Money Market Mutual Funds	2,330,537	AAA/Aaa	-	2,330,537		-		
United States Government Sponsored								
Enterprise Securities	2,083,735	N/A	-	-		2,083,735		
Held by Fiscal Agent:								
Money Market Mutual Funds	3,993,513	AAA/Aaa	 _	3,993,513		_		
	\$ 18,858,184		\$ 10,450,399	\$ 6,324,050	\$	2,083,735		

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

#### Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment policy does not impose restrictions on the maximum percentage it can invest in a single type of investment. As of June 30, 2014, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 40 requirements, the City is exposed to concentration of credit risk whenever they have invested more than 5% of their total investments in any one issuer. As of June 30, 2014, the City was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools (such as LAIF).

As of June 30, 2014, none of the City's deposits or investments were exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates.

The City's investment policy limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The City's investment policy states that, with the exception of the investment of bond proceeds and LAIF, investments may not exceed five years in maturity. The City has elected to use the segmented time distribution method of disclosure for its interest rate risk.

As of June 30, 2014, the City had the following investments and original maturities:

		Remain			
Investment Type	6 months or less		 1 to 3 years	3 to 5 years	Total
Local Agency Investment Fund Money Market Accounts Federal Farm Credit Bank Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. Federal National Mortgage Assoc.	\$	10,450,399 2,330,537 - -	\$ 500,000 - 510,770	\$ - 579,500 493,465	\$ 10,450,399 2,330,537 500,000 579,500 1,004,235
Cash with Fiscal Agents: Money Market Accounts		3,993,513			 3,993,513
Total	\$	16,774,449	\$ 1,010,770	\$ 1,072,965	\$ 18,858,184

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

#### Note 3: Notes and Loans Receivable

Notes and loans receivable at June 30, 2014, consist of the following:

- **a.** During 1992-93, the Bell Gardens former RDA entered into a loan agreement with Nehemiah West Housing Corporation for the development of low to moderate-income housing. The loan amount is \$1,000,000 originally due October 13, 1994, and bearing interest at the rate of 12% per annum compounded after its due date. The balance as of June 30, 2014, is \$566,999. The City's Low and Moderate Housing Fund has recorded unavailable revenue as of June 30, 2014, for the remainder of the outstanding loan.
- **b.** As of June 30, 2014, the City had deferred loans receivable pertaining to housing rehabilitation loans and micro business loans given under the Community Development Block Grant Program in the amount of \$517,340 which has also been recorded as unavailable revenue.
- c. The City and Southern California Water Company executed an agreement effective July 1, 1990, providing for reimbursement to the City of certain costs incurred by the City for water system improvements. The total reimbursement has been estimated at approximately \$466,563 and is to be repaid in annual installments. As of June 30, 2014, the balance of the receivable was \$159,713 which has also been recorded as unavailable revenue.
- **d.** During 1997-98, the City instituted a deferred loan program for academic scholarships. As of June 30, 2014, the balance of the loans outstanding is \$582,463 which has also been recorded as unavailable revenue.
- **e.** As of June 30, 2014, the City has \$59,541 in settlements receivable. The City is scheduled to receive \$3,600 annually toward the receivable.
- The Bell Gardens former Commission is required by State law to set aside funds to create and preserve housing that is affordable to low and moderate income families and individuals. The City has decided to utilize these funds for a second mortgage and/or closing costs, as needed for low-to-moderate income first time homebuyers. The City has established a not-to-exceed cap of \$33,000 per case on an as needed basis. The Bell Gardens First Time Home Buyer Program is a deferred equity share loan secured by a second deed of trust and note with an annual rate of 3%. The loan shall become due and payable only when the property is sold, leased or transferred. Repayment terms of principal, shared equity and interest at 3% per annum simple interest vary depending on the year sold or transferred. After the twentieth year, the loan is forgiven. The former Commission's share of equity in the property shall not exceed the proportional investment as a percentage of the original purchase price. The balance of the First Time Home Buyer Program as of June 30, 2014, is \$804,340 which has also been recorded as unavailable revenue. As a result of the dissolution of the Community Development Commission, the loan receivable was transferred to the City's Low and Moderate Housing Fund.

#### Note 3: Notes and Loans Receivable (Continued)

- g. On March 22, 2011, Terra Bella, LLP, a California limited partnership (the Borrower) and the Bell Gardens former RDA entered into an owner participation agreement to develop a senior affordable housing project consisting of 65 units. Pursuant to the agreement, the former Commission has provided financial assistance in the amount of \$2,600,000 for the partial acquisition, construction, operation and maintenance of the units plus \$32,000 on preconstruction loans. The promissory note shall bear simple interest at a rate of 3% per annum which is recorded as unavailable revenue. Payments shall be made annually in arrears on May 1. The entire unpaid principal balance, together with all accrued and unpaid interest, shall be due on the date which is 65 years from the date a certificate of occupancy is issued for the last residential unit in the project. The balance as of June 30, 2014, including accrued interest of \$220,223, is \$2,852,223. The loan receivable is recorded in the City's Low and Moderate Housing Fund.
- h. On April 1, 2005, Bell Gardens Housing Partners, L.P., a California limited partnership entered into a promissory note to pay the Bell Gardens former RDA \$3,812,203 for the payment of public and private debts. The Low and Moderate Housing has provided certain financial assistance in construction of a 72-unit senior affordable housing project by providing a Commission Loan (which is represented by this Promissory Note) in the amount of \$3,812,203 for the acquisition and clearing of the site and to help defray Developer's costs. The promissory note amount shall bear simple interest at the rate of 3% per annum, and 10% per annum and shall accrue upon the amount of each payment required upon the date each such payment is due. The Promissory Note shall be paid from "Residual Receipts", defined as an amount equal to sixty-five percent (65%) of the net profits produced from the project (on a prorated basis), until the note amount has been repaid in full. Any remaining principal, interest and other amounts due and owing under this promissory note shall be paid in full on or before the fifty-fifth (55<sup>th</sup>) anniversary of the date of the promissory note.

The balance of the promissory note and the related interest have also been recorded as unavailable revenue. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2014, is as follows:

	Prin	Principal Amount		rest Amount	Total
CDBG Special Revenue	\$	964,100	\$	255,571	\$ 1,219,671
Former Community					
<b>Development Commission</b>		1,514,959		401,598	1,916,557
Low and Moderate Housing		1,333,143		353,401	1,686,544
		3,812,202		1,010,570	4,822,772
Less amount reported in					
the Successor Agency		(1,514,959)		(401,598)	(1,916,557)
	\$	2,297,243	\$	608,972	\$ 2,906,215

Total notes and loans receivable as of June 30, 2014 is \$8,448,834.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

### Note 4: Inter-fund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

#### a. Due To / From Other Funds:

The following summarizes the total due to and from other funds as of June 30, 2014:

	Due To Oth		
	Nonmajor		
	Governmental	Water	
Due From Other Funds	Funds	Funds	Total
General Fund	\$ 133,107	\$ 845,756	\$ 978,863

Inter-fund receivables and payables as of June 30, 2014, are the result of the elimination of deficit cash balances in individual funds.

#### b. Transfers To / From Other Funds:

The following summarizes the total transfers in and transfers out to other funds as of June 30, 2014:

		Nonmajor			N	onmajor		
	(	General	Go	vernmental	Er	nterprise		
Transfers Out	Fund		Fund Funds		Funds Funds		Funds	 Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$	589,420	\$	66,477	\$ 655,897	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		163,573		100,174		-	263,747	
Water Fund		196,607		-		-	196,607	
Total	\$	360,180	\$	689,594	\$	66,477	\$ 1,116,251	

The General Fund transferred funds to Nonmajor Governmental Funds to fund capital projects and to pay for operating costs. The General Fund also transferred funds to cover for the Golf Course Fund's operations deficit.

The transfer to the General Fund from the Water Fund was for reimbursement of the debt service payment on the 2006 Certificates of Participation and the transfer from the Non-Major Governmental Funds was to reimburse the General Fund for cost incurred relating to the Ford Sports Complex.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

# Note 5: Capital Assets

A summary of the changes in capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2014, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	 Adjustments*	Adjusted Beginning Balance	ing		Increases		Increases		Increases		Decreases		Transfers		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction-in-progress	\$ 69,022,714 991,202	\$ (1,773,000)	\$ 67,249,714 991,202	\$	- 935,038	\$	- -	\$	- (973,830)	\$ 67,249,714 952,410						
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	70,013,916	 (1,773,000)	68,240,916		935,038		_		(973,830)	68,202,124						
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and structures Equipment Infrastructure	15,924,693 7,060,280 45,028,982	- - -	15,924,693 7,060,280 45,028,982		- 118,913 5,776		- 129,741 198,855		67,737 - 906,093	15,992,430 7,049,452 45,741,996						
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	68,013,955	 	68,013,955		124,689		328,596		973,830	68,783,878						
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and structures Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	5,661,508 6,272,192 19,225,782	- - -	5,661,508 6,272,192 19,225,782		492,105 296,284 1,854,369		- 129,740 147,538		- - -	6,153,613 6,438,736 20,932,613						
Total Accumulated Depreciation	31,159,482	 	 31,159,482		2,642,758		277,278			33,524,962						
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	36,854,473	 	36,854,473		(2,518,069)		51,318		973,830	35,258,916						
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 106,868,389	\$ (1,773,000)	\$ 105,095,389	\$	(1,583,031)	\$	51,318	\$	_	\$ 103,461,040						

<sup>\*</sup>Adjustments to capital assets are shown on the government-wide statements as a restatement of Net Position. Refer to Note 12 for additional information.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government in the Governmental Activities as follows:

Governmental Activities:

 General government
 \$ 788,389

 Public works
 1,854,369

Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities \$ 2,642,758

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

# Note 5: Capital Assets (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:			•	•	
Land	\$ 1,011,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,011,000
Total Capital Assets,					
Not Being Depreciated	1,011,000				1,011,000
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Water rights	1,914,000	-	-	-	1,914,000
Equipment	6,973,549				6,973,549
T. ( ) O . ( ) ( ) O . ( )					
Total Capital Assets,	0.007.540				0.007.540
Being Depreciated	8,887,549				8,887,549
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Water rights	440,219	19,141	-	-	459,360
Equipment	1,685,022	149,043			1,834,065
Total Accumulated					
Depreciation	2,125,241	168,184			2,293,425
Total Capital Assets,					
Being Depreciated, Net	6,762,308	(168,184)	_	-	6,594,124
5 1		, , , , ,			<del></del>
Business-Type Activities					
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 7,773,308	\$ (168,184)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,605,124

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government in the Business-Type Activities as follows:

Business-Type Activities:
Water \$ 168,184

Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities \$ 168,184

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

### Note 6: Long-Term Debt

# a. Governmental Activities

The following is a schedule of changes in governmental fund long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2014:

	Balance July 1, 2013			Additions		Deletions	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2014	Due Within One Year	
2006 Certificates of Participation	\$	3,345,000	\$	-	\$	85,000	\$	3,260,000	\$	90,000
Notes Payable: County of Los Angeles - Section 108		2,965,000		-		420,000		2,545,000		448,000
Southern California Edison On Bill Financing		179,151		-		50,571		128,580		50,571
Accrued leave benefits		2,804,723		176,511		113,532		2,867,702		116,081
Other Post Employment Benefits Obligation		13,206,460		4,244,163		494,678		16,955,945		635,123
CJPIA Retrospective Deposit Liability		523,923	_	428,076		134,548		817,451		209,929
Sub-total	\$	23,024,257	\$	4,848,750	\$	1,298,329		26,574,678	\$	1,549,704
				Unamortized Bond Discount			(23,522)			
							\$	26,551,156		

# 2006 Certificates of Participation

On June 20, 2006, the Authority issued \$3,870,000 of Certificates of Participation. The proceeds were used to fund various public infrastructure improvements, to fund a reserve account and to finance the costs of the transaction. Interest rates range from 3.6% to 4.75% and is payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on December 1, 2006. Principal payments range from \$65,000 to \$230,000. As of June 30, 2014, the unamortized discount outstanding was \$23,522 and the total principal balance outstanding was \$3,260,000.

As of June 30, 2014, the annual requirements to repay the outstanding indebtedness were as follows:

	Principal	Interest
2014-2015	\$ 90,000	\$ 151,365
2015-2016	95,000	147,765
2016-2017	100,000	143,870
2017-2018	100,000	139,720
2018-2019	105,000	135,470
2019-2024	600,000	602,290
2024-2029	760,000	446,263
2029-2034	960,000	247,713
2034-2036	450,000	32,300
Totals	\$ 3,260,000	\$ 2,046,756

### Note 6: Long - Term Debt (Continued)

### Section 108 Loan with the County of Los Angeles

During the fiscal year 2004-05, the City of Bell Gardens entered into a loan agreement with the County of Los Angeles for the construction of public improvements to develop a sport complex and cultural community center at John Anson Ford Park for \$5,000,000. The proceeds were used to pay for construction of public improvements, construction management, loan underwriting and issuance fees. The interest rate is derived from the 3-month LIBOR plus 20 basis points during interim financing period, then actual HUD offering rate plus 75 basis points. As of June 30, 2014, the principal balance outstanding was \$2,545,000.

As of June 30, 2014, the annual requirements to repay the outstanding indebtedness were as follows:

	 Principal	Interest
2014-2015	\$ 448,000	\$ 120,988
2015-2016	477,000	97,491
2016-2017	508,000	72,372
2017-2018	541,000	45,056
2018-2019	571,000	15,360
Totals	\$ 2,545,000	\$ 351,267

#### Southern California Edison On Bill Financing

Starting on March 16, 2011 until March 5, 2012, the City engaged in a total of 7 loans totaling \$240,626 from Southern California Edison for various lighting upgrades installed throughout the City. The loan is non-interest bearing, and principal payments are made monthly as part of the City's regular utility bill. At June 30, 2014, the total principal balance outstanding was \$128,580.

At June 30, 2014, the annual requirements to repay the outstanding indebtedness were as follows:

	 rincipal
2014-2015	\$ 50,571
2015-2016	50,571
2016-2017	27,438
Totals	\$ 128,580

# **Accrued Leave Payable (Compensated Absences)**

For governmental funds, accrued leave payable amounted to \$2,867,702 as of June 30, 2014. The balance is broken down as follows: \$796,000 in vacation leave, \$1,805,607 in sick leave, \$71,806 in compensatory time, \$124,746 in floating holiday, and \$69,543 in administrative leave.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

#### Note 6: Long - Term Debt (Continued)

### Other Post Employment Benefits Obligation

The City's policies relating to other post employment benefits are described in Note 8 of the Notes to Financial Statements. The General Fund has been used in prior years to liquidate such amounts. The liability will be paid in future years by the General Fund.

#### **CJPIA Retrospective Deposit Liability**

Retrospective deposits are cost allocation adjustments to prior coverage periods. Some claims take many years to resolve and over time their estimated value changes. The retrospective adjustments are calculated annually and take into consideration all the changes in claim values that occurred during the most recent year. The formula is designed to adequately cover the cost of claims brought against members and to ensure the overall financial strength and security of the Authority. The formula was developed to be as equitable as possible by taking into consideration both risk exposure and claims experience of individual members. CJPIA has temporarily deferred the payment on retrospective deposits owed to the Authority by members. The payment deferral period extends until July 1, 2013 for the Liability program and July 1, 2015 for the Workers' Compensation program. Retrospective deposit payments are scheduled to resume on these dates. The October 2011 annual retrospective adjustment is included in these balances. As of June 30, 2014, the City has a retrospective deposit due of \$817,451.

#### **Optional Payment Plans**

When retrospective deposit payments resume as indicated above, members will have the opportunity to select from a variety of optional payment plans. Discounts under the incentive plan are available to members choosing to voluntarily accelerate payment during the deferral period. The City has chosen not to voluntarily accelerate payment at this time.

After the deferral period, members choosing from among the optional payment plans will be subject to a moderate annual fee. The fee is intended to provide a means for the Authority to recover otherwise foregone investment earnings and to serve as a minor disincentive for the selection of longer financing terms.

#### Retrospective Balances will Change Annually

Retrospective balances will change with each annual computation during the payment deferral period. Member balances may increase or decrease as a result of the most recent year's claim development. Accordingly, some members who chose to pay off their balance in full may be required to pay additional retrospective deposits in the future based on the outcome of actual claim development reflected in subsequent retrospective deposit computations.

Conversely, if claim development is favorable then subsequent retrospective adjustments could potentially result in refunds to the member.

More information on the CJPIA retrospective balances can be found on the CJPIA website at: <a href="http://www.cjpia.org">http://www.cjpia.org</a>.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

### Note 6: Long - Term Debt (Continued)

### b. Business-Type Activities

The following is a schedule of changes in proprietary fund long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2014:

	Balance July 1, 2013		Addi	Additions		Deletions		Balance June 30, 2014		Due Within One Year	
2004 Revenue Bonds	\$	3,570,000	\$		\$	230,000	\$	3,340,000	\$	240,000	
			Unamor	Unamortized bond premium				4,087			
				Total		\$	3,344,087				

#### 2004 Water Refunding Revenue Bonds

During fiscal year 2004-2005, the Bell Gardens Financing Authority issued \$5,240,000 of refunding revenue bonds to refund the 1994 Water Revenue Bonds and pay the cost of issuing the bonds (insurance, underwriter discount, and other costs). The maturity date of the bonds is October 1, 2024. The interest rate ranges from 1.75% to 4.875%. As of June 30, 2014, the unamortized premium on the 2004 Water Refunding Revenue Bonds was \$4,087 and the outstanding balance was \$3,340,000.

The debt service requirements to maturity for the revenue bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2014, are as follows:

	Principal	Interest		
2014-2015	\$ 240,000	\$	151,230	
2015-2016	250,000		140,805	
2016-2017	260,000		129,330	
2017-2018	275,000		116,949	
2018-2019	285,000		103,649	
2019-2024	1,650,000		295,325	
2024-2025	380,000		9,215	
Totals	\$ 3,340,000	\$	946,503	

#### Note 7: Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### **Plan Description**

The City of Bell Gardens contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute and city ordinance. Copies of CalPERS' annual financial report may be obtained from their executive office: 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95814.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

### Note 7: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

# **Funding Policy**

Participants are required to contribute 8% (9% for safety employees) of their annual covered salary. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the current rate is 16.312% for miscellaneous employees and 48.415% for police employees of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by PERS.

# **Required Contribution**

For fiscal year 2013-2014, the City's contribution of \$3,873,443 for PERS was equal to the City's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2011, actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The General Fund has been used in prior years to liquidate such amounts. The liability will be paid in future years by the General Fund.

A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the annual required contribution is shown in the following table:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2011
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Payroll
Average Remaining Period	20 Years as of the Valuation Date (Miscellaneous)
	21 Years as of the Valuation Date (Safety)
Asset Valuation Method	15 Year Smoothed Market
Actuarial Assumptions	
Investment Rate of Return	7.50% (net of administrative expenses)
Projected Salary Increases	3.30% to 14.20% depending on age, service and type
	of employment
Inflation	2.75%
Payroll Growth	3.00%
Individual Salary Growth	A merit scale varying by duration of employment coupled
	with an assumed annual inflation component of 2.75%

Initial unfunded liabilities are amortized over a closed period that depends on the plan's date of entry into CalPERS. Subsequent plan amendments are amortized as a level percent of pay over a closed 20-year period. Gains and losses that occur in the operation of the plan are amortized over a 30 year rolling period, which results in an amortization of about 6% of unamortized gains and losses each year. If the Plan's accrued liability exceeds the actuarial value of plan assets, the annual contribution with respect to the total unfunded liability may not be less than the amount produced by a 30-year amortization of the unfunded liability.

and an annual production growth of 0.25%

Three-Year Trend Information for PERS (\$ Amount in Thousands)

Fiscal Year	equired atribution	Percentage Contributed
6/30/2012	\$ 3,854	100%
6/30/2013	3,716	100%
6/30/2014	3,873	100%

### Note 7: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

For fiscal year 2013-2014, the City of Bell Gardens participated in risk pooling for its miscellaneous and safety employees. Risk pooling consists of combining assets and liabilities across employers to produce large groups where the impact of a catastrophic demographic event is shared among all employers of the same risk pool. Participation in risk pools is mandatory for all rate plans with less than 100 active members. Mandated participation in risk pools was initially based on the active membership of each rate plan as of June 30, 2003. The implementation of risk pools was done in a way that minimizes the impact on employer contribution rates. The first year in risk pools, the employer contribution rates are almost identical to what the rates would have been outside pools. Future rates will be based on the experience of each pool. Pooling will reduce the volatility of future employer rates. Mandated participation will occur on an annual basis. If on any valuation date starting with the June 30, 2003, valuation, a rate plan has less than 100 active members, it will be mandated in one of the risk pools effective on that valuation date.

#### Note 8: Other Post-Retirement Benefits

#### **Plan Description**

In addition to the pension benefits described above, the City provides retiree health insurance benefits. In accordance with the plan, which was approved by the City Council, these benefits are available to all employees who are eligible for normal PERS retirement and who retire after January 1, 1990. The City pays for monthly medical, dental and vision premium. The portion paid is based on years of service at retirement. The plans vary based on date of hire and bargaining unit.

#### **Funding Policy**

Currently, the City funds retiree healthcare benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The City recognizes expenditure for its share of the annual premiums as these benefits become due. For fiscal year 2013-2014, the City paid \$547,026 for benefits of 36 retired employees.

#### **Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation**

The City's annual other post-retirement benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

# Note 8: Other Post-Retirement Benefits (Continued)

The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 4,450,879
Interest on net pension obligation	528,258
Adjustment to ARC	(734,974)
Annual OPEB cost	4,244,163
Contribution made	494,678
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	3,749,485
Net OPEB obligation - July 1, 2013	13,206,460
Net OPEB obligation - June 30, 2014	\$ 16,955,945

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the 2013-14 fiscal year and the two preceding years were as follows:

				Actual	Percentage of	
Fiscal Year		Annual	Co	ntribution	Annual OPEB	Net OPEB
Ended	C	PEB Cost	(Net of Adjustments)		Cost Contributed	Obligation
06/30/12	\$	2,608,461	\$	509,529	19.53%	\$ 9,591,183
06/30/13		4,160,650		545,373	13.11%	13,206,460
06/30/14		4,244,163		494,678	11.66%	16,955,945

#### **Funded Status and Funding Progress**

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress below presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

# Schedule of Funding Progress for OPEB (Amount in Thousands)

Actuarial Valuation date	Actuarial Valuation of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll
6/30/2012	\$ -	\$ 41,661	\$ 41,661	0.0%	\$ 9,121	456.8%
6/30/2009	-	29,230	29,230	0.0%	8,781	332.9%

### Note 8: Other Post-Retirement Benefits (Continued)

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The actuarial valuation, dated July 1, 2012, used the frozen entry age actuarial cost method, a discount rate of 4.00% which is the long-term expected rate of return on the City's investment fund, an inflations rate of 3.25%, and a medical cost trend of 7.0%, 3.5% and 2.0% per year for medical, dental and vision, respectively. The unfunded accrued actuarial liability (UAAL) is being amortized over a fixed 20-year closed period as a level percentage of payroll beginning with the 2009-10 fiscal year. As of the actuarial valuation date, the City had 131 active participants and 36 retirees receiving benefits.

#### Note 9: Insurance

#### a. Description of Self-Insurance Pool Pursuant to Joint Powers Agreement

The City of Bell Gardens is a member of the CALIFORNIA JOINT POWERS INSURANCE AUTHORITY (Authority). The Authority is composed of 119 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code §6500 et seq. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group purchased insurance for property and other lines of coverage. The California JPIA began covering claims of its members in 1978. Each member government has an elected official as its representative on the Board of Directors. The Board operates through a nine-member Executive Committee.

#### b. Self-Insurance Programs of the Authority

Each member pays an annual contribution to cover estimated losses for the coverage period. This initial funding is paid at the beginning of the coverage period. After the close of the coverage period, outstanding claims are valued. A retrospective deposit computation is then conducted annually thereafter until all claims incurred during the coverage period are closed on a pool-wide basis. This subsequent cost re-allocation among members based on actual claim development can result in adjustments of either refunds or additional deposits required.

The total funding requirement for self-insurance programs is estimated using actuarial models and pre-funded through the annual contribution. Costs are allocated to individual agencies based on exposure (payroll) and experience (claims) relative to other members of the risk-sharing pool. Additional information regarding the cost allocation methodology is provided below.

### Note 9: Insurance (Continued)

General Liability - In the liability program claims are pooled separately between police and non-police exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$30,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$30,000 to \$750,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs in excess of \$750,000 up to the reinsurance attachment point of \$5 million are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers. (5) Costs of covered claims from \$5 million to \$10 million are paid under a reinsurance contract subject to a \$2.5 million annual aggregate deductible. The \$2.5 million annual aggregate deductible is fully covered under a separate policy; as such no portion of it is retained by the Authority. Costs of covered claims from \$10 million to \$15 million are paid under two reinsurance contracts subject to a combined \$3 million annual aggregate deductible. The \$3.0 million annual aggregate deductible is fully retained by the Authority. (6) Costs of covered claims from \$15 million to \$20 million are paid under reinsurance agreements. (7) Costs of covered claims from \$20 million to \$50 million are paid under excess insurance policies.

The overall coverage limit for each member including all layers of coverage is \$50 million per occurrence.

Costs of covered claims for subsidence losses are paid by reinsurance and excess insurance with a pooled sub-limit of \$30 million per occurrence. This \$30 million subsidence sub-limit is composed of (a) \$5 million retained within the pool's SIR, (b) \$15 million in reinsurance, subject to the same annual aggregate deductibles previously stated, and (c) \$10 million in excess insurance. The excess insurance layer has a \$10 million annual aggregate limit.

Worker Compensation - The City of Bell Gardens also participates in the workers' compensation pool administered by the Authority. In the workers' compensation program claims are pooled separately between public safety (police and fire) and non-public safety exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$50,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$50,000 to \$100,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs in excess of \$100,000 up to the reinsurance attachment point of \$2 million are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers. (5) Costs of covered claims from \$2 million up to statutory limits are paid under a reinsurance policy. Protection is provided per statutory liability under California Workers' Compensation Law. Employer's Liability losses are pooled among members to \$2 million. Coverage from \$2 million to \$5 million is purchased as part of a reinsurance policy, and Employer's Liability losses from \$5 million to \$10 million are pooled among members.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

### Note 9: Insurance (Continued)

#### c. Purchased Insurance

#### Pollution Legal Liability Insurance

The City of Bell Gardens participates in the pollution legal liability insurance program (formerly called environmental insurance) which is available through the Authority. The policy covers sudden and gradual pollution of scheduled property, streets, and storm drains owned by the City of Bell Gardens. Coverage is on a claims-made basis. There is a \$50,000 deductible. The Authority has a limit of \$50 million for the 3-year period from July 1, 2011 through July 1, 2014. Each member of the Authority has a \$10 million sub-limit during the 3-year term of the policy.

#### Property Insurance

The City of Bell Gardens participates in the all-risk property protection program of the Authority. This insurance protection is underwritten by several insurance companies. City of Bell Gardens property is currently insured according to a schedule of covered property submitted by the City of Bell Gardens to the Authority. City of Bell Gardens property currently has all-risk property insurance protection in the amount of \$37,673,920. There is a \$5,000 deductible per occurrence except for non-emergency vehicle insurance which has a \$1,000 deductible. Premiums for the coverage are paid annually and are not subject to retrospective adjustments.

#### Earthquake and Flood Insurance

The City of Bell Gardens purchases earthquake and flood insurance on a portion of its property. The earthquake insurance is part of the property protection insurance program of the Authority. City of Bell Gardens property currently has earthquake protection in the amount of \$7,923,560. There is a deductible of 5% per unit of value with a minimum deductible of \$100,000. Premiums for the coverage are paid annually and are not subject to retrospective adjustments.

#### Crime Insurance

The City of Bell Gardens purchases crime insurance coverage in the amount of \$1,000,000 with a \$2,500 deductible. The fidelity coverage is provided through the Authority. Premiums are paid annually and are not subject to retrospective adjustments.

#### Special Event Tenant User Liability Insurance

The City of Bell Gardens further protects against liability damages by requiring tenant users of certain property to purchase low-cost tenant user liability insurance for certain activities on agency property. The insurance premium is paid by the tenant user and is paid to the City of Bell Gardens according to a schedule. The City of Bell Gardens then pays for the insurance. The insurance is arranged by the Authority.

### d. Adequacy of Protection

During the past three fiscal years, none of the above programs of protection experienced settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There were also no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage in 2013-14.

#### Note 10: Contingent Liabilities

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

### Note 11: Operating Lease Agreements

- a. On November 9, 1987, the Bell Gardens former RDA approved a Lease Agreement with the Bicycle Club. The Bicycle Club agreed to lease property from the former RDA for use as a parking lot. The lease term is 15 years at an annual minimum rent of \$559,200 per year, adjusted every five years by the greater of the Consumer Price Index or 120%. During 1989-90 the parking lot was transferred to the City of Bell Gardens as a repayment of City loans. The lease agreement was assigned to the City along with the transfer. On July 1, 2005, the Bell Gardens former RDA approved an amendment to the original lease in the amount of \$633,535 and \$239,179 for Parcel D and C, respectively. Rent paid to the City under this agreement was \$2,022,948 for the year ended June 30, 2014.
- b. On November 11, 1987, the Bell Gardens former RDA approved a Lease Agreement with the Bell Gardens Hotel Partnership. The Hotel Partnership agreed to lease property with all buildings, structures, improvements and fixtures thereon for the use as a hotel and restaurant. The lease term is 99 years at a revised rate of \$81,510 per year, adjusted every five years by the Consumer Price Index, plus the excess, if any, of the sum of the following over the annual rate: 6.25% of gross room revenues, 3% of gross food and beverage revenues, and 10% of all other revenues. During 1991-92, the property was transferred to the City of Bell Gardens as a repayment of City loans. The lease agreement was assigned to the City along with the transfer. Rent paid to the City under this agreement was \$164,006 for the year ended June 30, 2014.
- c. On February 22, 1988, the Bell Gardens former RDA approved a Lease Agreement with the Bell Gardens Associates. The agreement is to lease property with all buildings, structures, improvements and fixtures thereon for use as a shopping center. The lease term is 55 years at a revised rate of \$736,830, adjusted every five years by 4% from the prior increase, plus one percent of gross revenues for the preceding year. During 1991-92, the property was transferred to the City of Bell Gardens as a repayment of City loans. Rent paid to the City under this agreement was \$1,373,350 for the year ended June 30, 2014.
- d. On November 22, 2010, the City of Bell Gardens approved a Lease Agreement with the City of Lynwood. The agreement is to lease 700 Acre Feet of Central Basin Groundwater Annual Pumping Right with flex rights to the City of Lynwood. The lease term is 5 years beginning in 2010-2011 at \$135 per acre feet and increasing annually by \$5 per acre feet until the term of the lease has expired. Rent paid to the City under this agreement was \$105,000 for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Future minimum lease payments due to the City are as follows:

	 Parking Lot	Hotel		Sho	pping Center	Water Rights	
2015	\$ 2,206,853	\$	81,510	\$	1,373,350	\$	108,500
2016	2,206,853		81,510		1,407,684		-
2017	2,206,853		81,510		1,510,685		-
2018	2,206,853		81,510		1,510,685		-
2019	2,206,853		81,510		1,510,685		-
2020 - thereafter	 108,135,797		5,542,680		6,271,631		
Totals	\$ 119,170,062	\$	5,950,230	\$	13,584,720	\$	108,500

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

#### Note 12: Fund Balance and Net Position Restatements

Beginning fund balance has been restated for the General Fund causing a decrease in Net Position of \$14,636,838 due to the reduction in deferred revenue relating to Successor Agency loan.

Beginning net position for governmental activities has been restated for a total decrease of \$8,508,719 due to the following factors: \$1,773,000 decrease due to capital assets that are owned by the Successor Agency; \$17,629,458 decrease in net position for the reduction of Advances from the City for accrued interest disallowed by the Department of Finance; and \$10,893,739 increase in net position for increase in loans owed to the City allowed by the Department of Finance

Beginning net position in the Successor Agency has been restated for a total increase of \$8,705,302 due to the following factors: \$17,629,458 increase in net position for the reduction of Advances from the City for accrued interest disallowed by the Department of Finance; \$10,893,739 decrease in net position for increase in loans owed to the City allowed by the Department of Finance; \$1,773,000 increase in net position for addition of capital assets from the City; and \$196,583 increase of net position due to receipts for interest received in prior years.

#### Note 13: Classification of Fund Balances

The City has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54 Fund Balance and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. GASB 54 establishes Fund Balance classifications based largely upon the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. The Governmental Fund statements conform to this classification.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

Note 13: Classification of Fund Balances (Continued)

			Low and Moderate			lon-Major vernmental			
	Ge	eneral Fund	Hou	sing Fund	Funds			Total	
Nonspendable									
Prepaids	\$	16,490	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,490	
Advances to other funds		15,023,596		-		-		15,023,596	
Total nonspendable		15,040,086		-		-		15,040,086	
Restricted									
Housing		-		663,101		-		663,101	
Recreation		-		-		482		482	
Grants		-		-		158,343		158,343	
COPS		-		-		146,191		146,191	
Public Safety		-		-		685,528		685,528	
Gas Tax		-		-		273,175		273,175	
Prop A and Prop C		-		-		286,320		286,320	
Air Quality Improvement		-		-		114,551		114,551	
Academic Pursuit		-		-		562,108		562,108	
Measure R		-		-		274,457		274,457	
Anson Ford Park		-		-		116,019		116,019	
Transportation Development Act		-		-		31,474		31,474	
Capital Improvement Projects		_		-		139,849		139,849	
Total restricted		-		663,101		2,788,497		3,451,598	
Committed									
Contingencies		2,100,000						2,100,000	
Total committed		2,100,000						2,100,000	
Assigned									
Post employment benefits		7,232,577		-		131,449		7,364,026	
Compensated absences		2,867,702						2,867,702	
Total assigned		10,100,279				131,449		10,231,728	
Unassigned						(213,608)		(213,608)	
Total fund balances	\$	27,240,365	\$	663,101	\$	2,706,338	\$	30,609,804	

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

### Note 14: Successor Agency Trust For Assets of Former Community Development Commission

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1X 26 ("the Bill") that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City of Bell Gardens that previously had reported a redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit.

The Bill directs the State Controller of the State of California to review the propriety of any transfers of assets between redevelopment agencies and other public bodies that occurred after January 1, 2011. If the public body that received such transfers is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, the State Controller is required to order the available assets to be transferred to the public body designated as the successor agency by the Bill.

Management believes, in consultation with legal counsel, that the obligations of the former community development commission due to the City are valid enforceable obligations payable by the successor agency trust under the requirements of the Bill. The City's position on this issue is not a position of settled law and there is considerable legal uncertainty regarding this issue. It is reasonably possible that a legal determination may be made at a later date by an appropriate judicial authority that would resolve this issue unfavorably to the City.

In accordance with the timeline set forth in the Bill (as modified by the California Supreme Court on December 29, 2011) all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and ceased to operate as a legal entity as of February 1, 2012

#### a. Cash and investments

Cash and investments reported in the accompanying financial statements consisted of the following:

Cash and investments	\$ 1,333,608
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	 2,953,217
	\$ 4,286,825

#### b. Notes and Loans Receivable

Notes and loans receivable as of June 30, 2014, consist of the following:

In October 11, 2004, Primestor El Portal, LLP, a California limited liability company (the Borrower) and the former Bell Gardens Community Development Commission (the Commission) have entered into a disposition and development agreement and a ground lease for the Borrower to lease from the former Commission certain real property. Pursuant to the agreement, the former Commission has agreed to provide a \$3,000,000 loan to be used in connection with the construction and development of the property. The promissory note shall be for the term of the ground lease and accrue interest at six percent (6%) simple interest which are recorded as deferred revenue. Borrower's obligation to repay shall be limited to fifteen percent (15%) of any and all net proceeds of any refinancing events and to fifty percent (50%) of any net profit resulting from the first sale event. The balance as of June 30, 2014, including accrued interest of \$1,732,500, is \$4,732,500.

On April 1, 2005, Bell Gardens Housing Partners, L.P., a California limited partnership entered into a promissory note to pay the former Bell Gardens Community Development Commission \$3,812,203 for the payment of public and private debts. The former Commission has provided certain financial assistance in construction of a 72-unit senior affordable housing project by providing a Commission Loan (which is represented by this Promissory Note) in the amount of \$3,812,203 for the acquisition and clearing of the site and to help defray Developer's costs. The promissory note amount shall bear simple interest at the rate of 3% per annum, and 10% per annum shall accrue upon the amount of each payment required upon the date each such payment is due. The Promissory Note shall be paid from "Residual Receipts", defined as an amount equal to sixty-five percent (65%) of the net profits produced from the project (on a prorate basis), until the note amount has been repaid in full. Any remaining principal, interest and other amounts due and owing under this promissory note shall be paid in full on or before the fifty-fifth (55th) anniversary of the date of the promissory note. The Successor Agency's outstanding balance as of June 30, 2014, including interest of \$401,958, is \$1,916,557.

Total notes and loans receivable at June 30, 2014, were \$6,649,057.

#### c. Capital Assets

An analysis of capital assets as of June 30, 2014, follows:

	Beginning Balance	Adjustments *	Adjusted Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Capital Assets, not being deprecia	ted					
Land	\$ -	\$ 1,773,000	\$ 1,773,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,773,000
Construction in progress	112,247		112,247			112,247
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	\$ 112,247	\$ 1,773,000	\$ 1,885,247	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ -	\$ 1,885,247

<sup>\*</sup> Adjustment was for land transferred from the City to the Successor Agency. Refer to Note 12 for restatement information.

# d. Long-Term Debt

The following debt was transferred from the Community Development Commission to the Successor Agency as of February 1, 2012 as a result of the dissolution. A description of long-term debt outstanding of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2014, follows:

	Balance July 1, 2013	Adjustments*	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2014	Due Within One Year
Advances from the City 2003 Tax Allocation Bonds -	\$ 34,242,992	\$ (6,735,719)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 27,507,273	\$ -
Project Area No. 1	4,955,000	-	-	4,955,000	-	-
Central City Project Area	7,600,000	-	-	7,600,000	-	-
2005 Revenue Bonds Series A -						
Project Area No. 1	1,300,000	-	-	90,000	1,210,000	100,000
Central City Project Area	2,685,000	-	-	80,000	2,605,000	90,000
2014 Tax Allocation						
Refunding Bonds, Series A	-	-	3,555,000	-	3,555,000	-
2014 Tax Allocation						
Refunding Bonds, Series B	-	-	6,775,000	-	6,775,000	-
2014 Tax Allocation						
Refunding Bonds, Series C	-	-	11,125,000	-	11,125,000	-
Notes Payable:						
Bear Sterns	8,519,163			8,519,163		
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 59,302,155	\$ (6,735,719)	\$ 21,455,000	\$ 21,244,163	52,777,273	\$ 190,000
				Bond Premium Bond Discount	1,082,112 (24,562)	
				Total	\$ 53,834,823	*

See Note 12 for restatement adjustment made for loans owed to the City

#### **Advances from the City**

The advances from the City consist of \$27,507,273 loans with accrued interest at the LAIF interest rate at the time of the loan when the loan was made to the former Community Development Commission to provide cash for capital projects.

On October 20, 2012, the Department of Finance did not qualify the advance as an enforceable obligation. Health and Safety Code (HSC) section 34177 (d) (2) states that agreements, contracts, or arrangements between the City that created the Community Development Commission and the former Community Development Commission are not enforceable, unless issued within two years of the Agency's creation date or for issuance of indebtedness to third-party investors or bondholders. The Commission was established in 1972 and the reimbursement agreements were entered into in 1973 through 1991 and in 2011, therefore, it is not considered an enforceable obligation. The Successor Agency is in the process of having the advance approved as an enforceable obligation.

#### 2003 Tax Allocation Bonds

On June 17, 2003, the Commission issued \$17,705,000 of refunding revenue bonds with an average interest rate of 3.9% to advance refund \$13.7 million of outstanding 1993 revenue bonds with an average interest rate of 6.25%. The net proceeds of \$17.5 million (after payment of insurance, underwriter discount and other issuance cost) plus an additional \$2.1 million of 1993 series monies were used to purchase U.S. government securities. These bonds were refunded on June 18, 2014, by the issuance of the 2014 Tax Allocation Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series A and B.

#### 2005 Revenue Bonds, Series A

On June 22, 2005, the Commission issued \$4,775,000 of revenue bonds with an interest rate of 7.75%. The proceeds were used to finance redevelopment activities to benefit Project No. 1 Redevelopment Area and Central City Redevelopment Area, to fund a reserve fund, and to pay for the costs of issuing the bonds (insurance, underwriter discount, and other costs). Interest is paid semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 with a final maturity date of October 1, 2029. As of June 30, 2014, the unamortized premium outstanding was \$281,081 and the total principal outstanding was \$3,815,000.

At June 30, 2014, the annual requirements to repay the outstanding indebtedness were as follows:

	Principal	Interest	
2014-2015	\$ 190,000	\$	288,300
2015-2016	200,000		273,188
2016-2017	215,000		257,106
2017-2018	230,000		239,863
2018-2019	250,000		221,263
2019-2024	1,380,000		779,650
2024-2029	1,080,000		326,275
2029-2030	270,000		10,463
Totals	\$ 3,815,000	\$	2,396,108

# 2014 Tax Allocation Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series A, B & C

On June 18, 2014, the Successor Agency issued a total of \$21,455,000 of revenue refunding bonds, Series A, B, and C.

The 2014 Series A and B revenue refunding bonds were issued for \$10.3 million with an average interest rate of 4.41% and were used to advance refund the \$12.5 million of outstanding 2003 Series A and B revenue bonds with an average interest rate of 5.32%. This refunding resulted in a net present value savings for the Successor Agency of approximately \$1.5 million.

The 2014 Series C, Second Subordinate Tax Allocation Revenue Refunding Bonds were issued for a total of \$11,125,000 with an average interest rate of 4.8%. The bond proceeds were used to pay off the Bear Sterns note in the amount of \$8.3 million which had been in default and to pay the related other cost of issuance. The estimated remaining \$1.1 million was put into a reserve account with the trustee per the bond indenture agreement.

At June 30, 2014, the total principal outstanding for the 2014 Series A, B, and C was \$21,455,000.

As of June 30, 2014, the annual requirements to repay the outstanding indebtedness for the 2014 Series A bonds are as follows:

	Principal		 Interest	
2014-2015	\$	-	\$ 100,505	
2015-2016	370,000		156,700	
2016-2017		395,000	143,250	
2017-2018		415,000	127,050	
2018-2019		430,000	108,000	
2019-2024		1,945,000	199,875	
Totals	\$	3,555,000	\$ 835,380	

As of June 30, 2014, the annual requirements to repay the outstanding indebtedness for the 2014 Series B bonds are as follows:

	Principal		Interest	
2014-2015	\$	-	\$	162,140
2015-2016		315,000		257,025
2016-2017		360,000		246,900
2017-2018		370,000		235,950
2018-2019		380,000		220,900
2019-2024		2,150,000		867,725
2024-2029		2,610,000		392,500
2029-2034		590,000		11,063
Totals	\$	6,775,000	\$	2,394,203

At June 30, 2014, the annual requirements to repay the outstanding indebtedness for the 2014 Series C bonds are as follows:

	Principal	 Interest	
2014-2015	\$ -	\$ 294,912	
2015-2016	370,000	474,241	
2016-2017	430,000	469,704	
2017-2018	435,000	462,666	
2018-2019	440,000	452,816	
2019-2024	2,430,000	2,032,182	
2024-2029	2,985,000	1,435,009	
2029-2034	4,035,000	 363,996	
Totals	\$ 11,125,000	\$ 5,985,526	

# **Pledged Revenue**

The City pledged, as security for bonds issued, either directly or through the Financing Authority, a portion of tax increment revenue (including Low and Moderate Income Housing set-aside and pass through allocations) that it receives. The bonds issued were to provide financing for various capital projects, accomplish Low and Moderate Income Housing projects and to defease previously issued bonds. Assembly Bill 1X 26 provided that upon dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency, property taxes allocated to redevelopment agencies no longer are deemed tax increment but rather property tax revenues and will be allocated first to successor agencies to make payments on the indebtedness incurred by the dissolved redevelopment agency. Total principal and interest remaining on the debt is \$52,899,461 with annual debt service requirements as indicated above. For the current year, the total property tax revenue recognized by the City and Successor Agency for the payment of indebtedness incurred by the dissolved redevelopment agency was \$3,447,545 and the debt service obligation on the bonds was \$9,505,363. During the current year, the City refunded debt that reduced the debt service obligation. The City was able to cover the debt service obligations for the year ended June 30, 2014.

# **Bear Sterns Note Payable**

On July 2, 2002, the Commission entered into a loan agreement with Bear Stearns Commercial Mortgage, Inc. for the development of the Los Jardines Shopping Center. The loan amount is \$10,000,000 with an interest rate of 6.85% per annum. Monthly payments amounted to \$65,526 on the first day of each calendar month beginning August 2002 and ending June 2012. The note was due and payable in the fiscal year 2013. The note was refunded on June 18, 2014, by the issuance of the 2014 Series C, Second Subordinate Tax Allocation Revenue Refunding Bond.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

# Note 14: Successor Agency Trust For Assets of Former Community Development Commission (Continued)

# e. Insurance

The Successor Agency is covered under the City of Bell Garden's insurance policies. Therefore, the limitation and self-insured retentions applicable to the City also apply to the Successor Agency. Additional information as to coverage and self-insured retentions can be found in Note 9.

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#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Rudget .	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1, as restated	\$ 26,087,012	\$ 26,087,012	\$ 26,087,012	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):	, ,	, ,		•
Taxes	14,623,700	14,623,700	14,733,854	110,154
Licenses and permits	269,000	269,000	526,682	257,682
Intergovernmental	4,013,400	4,045,659	4,051,603	5,944
Charges for services	305,395	305,395	312,523	7,128
Use of money and property	3,601,314	3,601,314	3,937,889	336,575
Fines and forfeitures	344,000	344,000	270,695	(73,305)
Miscellaneous	102,502	102,502	238,657	136,155
Transfers in	280,249	280,249	360,180	79,931
Amounts Available for Appropriations	49,626,572	49,658,831	50,519,095	860,264
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
General government	4,523,089	4,521,669	3,911,079	610,590
Public safety	12,114,317	12,108,617	11,782,031	326,586
Community development	1,189,436	1,187,350	1,064,117	123,233
Parks and recreation	2,328,615	2,301,790	2,161,703	140,087
Public works	3,027,236	2,962,702	3,096,189	(133,487)
Capital outlay	174,500	307,583	289,306	18,277
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	85,000	135,571	135,571	-
Interest and fiscal charges	157,115	157,115	182,837	(25,722)
Transfers out	855,897	855,897	655,897	200,000
Contribution to the Successor Agency	176,500	176,500	-	176,500
Total Charges to Appropriations	24,631,705	24,714,794	23,278,730	1,436,064
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 24,994,867	\$ 24,944,037	\$ 27,240,365	\$ 2,296,328

# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2014

#### Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

#### **General Budget Policies**

The City's budget is prepared under the direction of the City Manager. Revenues are budgeted based on source. Expenditures are budgeted by functions, with sub classifications by department and object of expenditures.

The City Council approves each year's budget submitted by the City Manager prior to the beginning of the new fiscal year. It includes proposed expenditures and estimated revenues and is legally adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Presentations are provided prior to its adoption by Council. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments and object categories, and also between programs. Council approval is required only for transfers of budgeted amounts between funds, or for an increase in total appropriations. Supplemental appropriations, where required during the period are also approved by the Council. Budgeted expenditures are controlled at the fund level. During the year, several supplemental appropriations were necessary. At fiscal year-end, all operating budget appropriations lapse.

The following funds do not have legally adopted budgets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014:

Low and Moderate Housing
Recreation
CLEEP
COPS Tech
ABC Grant
JAG Grants
2008 State Homeland Security Grant
COPS 2010 Grant

#### **Fund Deficit**

As of June 30, 2014, the following funds had deficit fund balances:

Non-major Governmental Special Revenue Funds:

Waste Management \$ (112,471)

JAG Grants (655)

2008 State Homeland Security Grant (100,000)

The fund deficits are expected to be eliminated with future revenues and transfers.

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			Sp	ecial Rev	enue	Funds		
				Public Safety Augmentation		PS State SLESF)		
Assets:								
Pooled cash and investments	\$	482	\$	7	\$	100,109	\$	69,404
Receivables:								
Accounts		-		-		-		-
Notes and loans		-		-		-		-
Accrued interest		-		-		23		-
Due from other governments						18,650		85
Total Assets	\$	482	\$	7	\$	118,782	\$	69,489
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_
Deposits payable		_		_		_		_
Due to other funds		_		_		_		_
Total Liabilities								
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable revenues								
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources								-
Fund Balances:								
Restricted for:								
Community development projects		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		7		118,782		69,489
Parks and recreation		482		-		-		-
Public works		-		-		-		-
Capital Projects		=		-		-		-
Post employment benefits		-		-		-		-
Unassigned			-	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		
Total Fund Balances		482		7		118,782		69,489
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	482	\$	7	\$	118,782	\$	69,489
resources, and rund Dalances	Ψ	702	Ψ		Ψ	110,702	Ψ	03,703

(CONTINUED)

	Special Revenue Funds								
	State Gas Tax		F	Asset orfeiture	Ma	Waste nagement	De	ommunity velopment ock Grant	
Assets:									
Pooled cash and investments	\$	150,927	\$	559,808	\$	=	\$	=	
Receivables: Accounts									
Notes and loans		_				-		1,737,011	
Accrued interest		18		334		312		-	
Due from other governments		139,316		38,533		83,354		9,307	
Total Assets	\$	290,261	\$	598,675	\$	83,666	\$	1,746,318	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances:									
Liabilities:	•	47.000	•	0.040	•	107.000	•	0.400	
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	17,086	\$	8,243	\$	167,996	\$	8,409	
Deposits payable		-		23,686		-		_	
Due to other funds				-		28,141		828	
Total Liabilities		17,086		31,929		196,137		9,237	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Unavailable revenues		_		-		_		1,737,011	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		-		1,737,011	
Fund Balances:									
Restricted for:									
Community development projects		-		-		-		70	
Public safety		-		566,746		-		-	
Parks and recreation		-		-		-		-	
Public works Capital Projects		273,175		-		-		-	
Post employment benefits		_		_		_		_	
Unassigned						(112,471)			
Total Fund Balances		273,175		566,746		(112,471)		70	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	<b>c</b>	200 204	•	E00 675	•	02.000	•	4 740 040	
Resources, and Fund Balances	<u>\$</u>	290,261	\$	598,675	\$	83,666	\$	1,746,318	

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	Special Revenue Funds									
	Proposition A"		Pr	oposition "C"	Air Quality Improvement		Recycling Grants			
Assets:										
Pooled cash and investments	\$	243,800	\$	130,464	\$	114,513	\$	142,788		
Receivables:		404								
Accounts Notes and loans		104		-		-		-		
Accrued interest		-		33		38		- 54		
Due from other governments		-		-		13,672		11,376		
Total Assets	¢	242 004	•	120 407	•		•			
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	243,904	\$	130,497	\$	128,223	\$	154,218		
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	88,081	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,106		
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		-		
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-		
Due to other funds										
Total Liabilities		88,081						2,106		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Unavailable revenues						13,672				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources						13,672				
Fund Balances:										
Restricted for:										
Community development projects		-		-		-		-		
Public safety Parks and recreation		-		-		-		-		
Public works		155,823		130,497		114,551		152,112		
Capital Projects		-		-		-		-		
Post employment benefits		-		-		-		-		
Unassigned										
Total Fund Balances		155,823		130,497		114,551		152,112		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	243,904	\$	130,497	\$	128,223	\$	154,218		
1103001063, and I und Dalances		273,304	<u> </u>	130,437	Ψ	120,223	<u>Ψ</u>	137,210		

(CONTINUED)

Academic Pursuit         Employment Benefits         COPS Tech           Assets:         Pooled cash and investments         \$ 561,890         \$ 130,947         \$ 1,960         \$ Receivables:           Accounts         -	Measure R  285,199  70  285,269
Assets:         Pooled cash and investments       \$ 561,890       \$ 130,947       \$ 1,960       \$ Receivables:         Accounts       - <th>285,199 70 - - -</th>	285,199 70 - - -
Receivables:         Accounts       -       -       -         Notes and loans       582,463       -       -         Accrued interest       218       119       -         Due from other governments       -       -       -       -         Total Assets       \$ 1,144,571       \$ 131,066       \$ 1,960       \$	70 - - -
Notes and loans       582,463       -       -         Accrued interest       218       119       -         Due from other governments       -       -       -       -         Total Assets       \$ 1,144,571       \$ 131,066       \$ 1,960       \$	- - -
Accrued interest         218         119         -           Due from other governments         -         -         -           Total Assets         \$ 1,144,571         \$ 131,066         \$ 1,960         \$	285,269
Due from other governments         - </td <td>285,269</td>	285,269
<del></del>	285,269
Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources	
and Fund Balances:  Liabilities:  Accounts payable \$ - \$ - \$  Accrued liabilities - 99 -  Deposits payable	10,812
Due to other funds	-
Total Liabilities - 99 -	10,812
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Unavailable revenues	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 582,463	
Fund Balances:	
Restricted for:  Community development projects 562,108	
Public safety - 1,960	_
Parks and recreation	-
Public works	274,457
Capital Projects	-
Post employment benefits - 130,967 -	-
Unassigned	
Total Fund Balances <u>562,108</u> 130,967 1,960	274,457
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances \$ 1,144,571 \$ 131,066 \$ 1,960 \$	285,269

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	Special Revenue Funds								
	ABC Grant JAG Grants		2008 State Homeland Security Grant		COPS 2010 Grant				
Assets:						_			
Pooled cash and investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	74,717	
Receivables:									
Accounts		-		-		-		-	
Notes and loans		-		-		-		-	
Accrued interest		3		10		-		25	
Due from other governments		9,624				100,000			
Total Assets	\$	9,627	\$	10	\$	100,000	\$	74,742	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances:									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		-	
Deposits payable		-		-		=		-	
Due to other funds		3,473		665		100,000			
Total Liabilities		3,473		665		100,000			
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Unavailable revenues						100,000		-	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources						100,000			
Fund Balances:									
Restricted for:									
Community development projects		_		-		_		_	
Public safety		6,154		=.		_		74,742	
Parks and recreation		_		-		_		-	
Public works		-		-		_		-	
Capital Projects		-		-		-		-	
Post employment benefits		-		-		-		-	
Unassigned				(655)		(100,000)			
Total Fund Balances		6,154		(655)		(100,000)		74,742	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	9,627	\$	10	\$	100,000	\$	74,742	
. 1000ai 000, aiia i aiia balalloco	Ψ	J,021	<u> </u>	10	<u> </u>	100,000	<u> </u>	1 -1,1 -72	

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

		Special Revenue						
		Funds		Capital Proj	ects F	unds		Total
	Anson Ford Park			sportation elopment Act	Capital Improvement Projects		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Assets:								
Pooled cash and investments	\$	135,299	\$	28,600	\$	112,610	\$	2,843,524
Receivables:								
Accounts		91		8		-		273
Notes and loans		-		-		-		2,319,474
Accrued interest		42.005		-		400.000		1,187
Due from other governments		13,005		2,866		102,862		542,650
Total Assets	\$	148,395	\$	31,474	\$	215,472	\$	5,707,108
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	29,892	\$	_	\$	24,941	\$	357,566
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	20,002	Ψ	_	Ψ	24,541	Ψ	99
Deposits payable		_		_		_		23,686
Due to other funds		-		-				133,107
Total Liabilities		29,892				24,941		514,458
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable revenues		2,484		_		50,682		2,486,312
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,484				50,682		2,486,312
Fund Balances: Restricted for:								
Community development projects		-		-		-		562,178
Public safety		-		-		-		837,880
Parks and recreation		116,019		-		-		116,501
Public works		-		-		-		1,100,615
Capital Projects Post employment benefits		-		31,474		139,849		171,323 130,967
Unassigned		<del>-</del>		<del>-</del>		<del>-</del>		(213,126)
Onassigned								(213,120)
Total Fund Balances		116,019		31,474		139,849		2,706,338
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	148,395	\$	31,474	\$	215,472	\$	5,707,108

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Special Revenue Funds								
	Recreation		CLEEP Grant		Public Safety Augmentation		COPS State (SLESF)		
Revenues: Taxes Intergovernmental	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	- 105,751	\$	100,000	
Charges for services Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures		1 -		- - -		34 -		- 174 -	
Contributions Miscellaneous		<u>-</u>				989		- -	
Total Revenues		1_				106,774		100,174	
Expenditures: Current:									
General government Public safety Community development Parks and recreation		- - -		- - -		236,220 - -		- - -	
Public works Capital outlay Debt service:		-		-		-		-	
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		- -	
Total Expenditures			-			236,220			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		1		<u> </u>		(129,446)		100,174	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out		- -		- -		137,174		- (100,174)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						137,174		(100,174)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		1		-		7,728		-	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		481		7		111,054		69,489	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	482	\$	7	\$	118,782	\$	69,489	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

(CONTINUED)

	Special Revenue Funds									
	State Gas Tax	Asset Forfeiture	Waste Management	Community Development Block Grant						
Revenues: Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures Contributions Miscellaneous	\$ - 1,460,143 - 16 -	\$ - - - 848 191,278	\$ 2,011,240 - - 833 - -	\$ - 651,179 - - - -						
Total Revenues	1,460,159	192,126	2,012,073	651,179						
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Community development Parks and recreation Public works Capital outlay Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	- - - - 1,185,986 1,000 - -	57,302 - - - 125,859 - -	- - - - 2,446,751 - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -						
Total Expenditures	1,186,986	183,161	2,446,751	651,179						
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	273,173	8,965	(434,678)							
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	<u>-</u>									
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Net Change in Fund Balances	273,173	8,965	(434,678)	-						
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	2	557,781	322,207	70						
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 273,175	\$ 566,746	\$ (112,471)	\$ 70						

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

<u>-</u>	Special Revenue Funds								
		Proposition "A"		oposition "C"	Air Quality Improvement			ecycling Grants	
Revenues: Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property	\$	720,232 67,671 - 350	\$	600,657 - 87,585 179	\$	52,193 - 115	\$	- 24,309 - 184	
Fines and forfeitures Contributions Miscellaneous		- - -		48,000		- - -		- - -	
Total Revenues		788,253		736,421		52,308		24,493	
Expenditures: Current: General government		_		_		_		_	
Public safety Community development Parks and recreation		- - -		-				-	
Public works Capital outlay Debt service: Principal retirement		831,430 328		484,811 220,462 -		18,126 - -		12,031 - -	
Interest and fiscal charges									
Total Expenditures		831,758		705,273		18,126		12,031	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(43,505)		31,148		34,182		12,462	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out		- -		- -		- -		- -	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						_		-	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(43,505)		31,148		34,182		12,462	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		199,328		99,349		80,369		139,650	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	155,823	\$	130,497	\$	114,551	\$	152,112	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

(CONTINUED)

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Academic Pursuit	Post Employment Benefits	COPS Tech	Measure R				
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Intergovernmental Charges for services	-	52,348	-	445,845				
Use of money and property	664	52,546	-	324				
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-				
Contributions	-	-	-	-				
Miscellaneous	93,454							
Total Revenues	94,118	52,348		446,169				
Expenditures:								
Current:		F 47 F00						
General government Public safety	-	547,508	-	-				
Community development	- -	- -	- -	- -				
Parks and recreation	-	-	-	-				
Public works	-	-	-	75,239				
Capital outlay	-	-	-	346,870				
Debt service:								
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-				
interest and fiscal charges		- <del></del>						
Total Expenditures		547,508		422,109				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	94,118	(495,160)		24,060				
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in	-	552,420	-	-				
Transfers out								
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		552,420						
Net Change in Fund Balances	94,118	57,260	-	24,060				
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	467,990	73,707	1,960	250,397				
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 562,108	\$ 130,967	\$ 1,960	\$ 274,457				

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Special Revenue Funds								
	ABC Grant JAG Grants		2008 State Homeland Security	COPS 2010 Grant					
Revenues: Taxes Intergovernmental	\$ - 10,633	\$ - 67,807	\$ -	\$ -					
Charges for services Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures Contributions	- 13 - -	33 - -	- - -	83 - -					
Miscellaneous  Total Revenues	10,646	67,840							
Total Revenues	10,040	07,040		63					
Expenditures: Current:									
General government Public safety Community development	- 17,491 -	23,806 -	- -	- - -					
Parks and recreation Public works	-	-	-	-					
Capital outlay Debt service:	-	44,001	14,734	-					
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges		- 	- -						
Total Expenditures	17,491	67,807	14,734						
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(6,845)	33	(14,734)	83					
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	- -	- -	- -	- -					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Net Change in Fund Balances	(6,845)	33	(14,734)	83					
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	12,999	(688)	(85,266)	74,659					
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 6,154	\$ (655)	\$ (100,000)	\$ 74,742					

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Special Revenue Funds	Capital Proj	acts Funds	Total
	Anson Ford Park	Transportation Development Act	Capital Improvement Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues: Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures Contributions Miscellaneous	\$ - 117,454 249,347 - -	\$ - 44,637 - 37 - -	\$ - 318,349 - - - 30,000	\$ 3,332,129 3,348,517 257,387 253,235 191,278 30,000 142,443
Total Revenues	366,801	44,674	348,349	7,554,989
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Community development Parks and recreation Public works	- - - 191,005	- - - -	- - - -	547,508 334,819 88,229 191,005 5,054,374
Capital outlay Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	13,464	59,563 - -	242,353	1,068,634 420,000 142,950
Total Expenditures	204,469	59,563	242,353	7,847,519
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	162,332	(14,889)	105,996	(292,530)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	(163,573)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	689,594 (263,747)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(163,573)			425,847
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,241)	(14,889)	105,996	133,317
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	117,260	46,363	33,853	2,573,021
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 116,019	\$ 31,474	\$ 139,849	\$ 2,706,338

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PUBLIC SAFETY AUGMENTATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 111,054	\$ 111,054	\$ 111,054	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	101,000	101,000	105,751	4,751
Use of money and property	-	-	34	34
Miscellaneous	-	-	989	989
Transfers in	137,000	137,000	137,174	174
Amounts Available for Appropriations	349,054	349,054	355,002	5,948
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public safety	237,948	237,948	236,220	1,728
Total Charges to Appropriations	237,948	237,948	236,220	1,728
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 111,106	\$ 111,106	\$ 118,782	\$ 7,676

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COPS STATE (SLESF) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 69,489	\$ 69,489	\$ 69,489	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	100,000	100,000	100,000	-
Use of money and property	300	300	174	(126)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	169,789	169,789	169,663	(126)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Transfers out	100,000	100,000	100,174	(174)
<b>Total Charges to Appropriations</b>	100,000	100,000	100,174	(174)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 69,789	\$ 69,789	\$ 69,489	\$ (300)

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE STATE GAS TAX YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budget /	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):	Ψ	Ψ 2	ψ 2	Ψ -
Intergovernmental	1,368,102	1,368,102	1,460,143	92,041
Use of money and property	250	250	16	(234)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	1,368,354	1,368,354	1,460,161	91,807
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public works	1,303,048	1,299,769	1,185,986	113,783
Capital outlay	40,000	43,279	1,000	42,279
Total Charges to Appropriations	1,343,048	1,343,048	1,186,986	156,062
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 25,306	\$ 25,306	\$ 273,175	\$ 247,869

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ASSET FORFEITURE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 557,781	\$ 557,781	\$ 557,781	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Use of money and property	2,500	2,500	848	(1,652)
Fines and forfeitures	150,000	150,000	191,278	41,278
Amounts Available for Appropriations	710,281	710,281	749,907	39,626
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public safety	55,000	55,000	57,302	(2,302)
Capital outlay	242,500	242,500	125,859	116,641
Total Charges to Appropriations	297,500	297,500	183,161	114,339
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 412,781	\$ 412,781	\$ 566,746	\$ 153,965

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE WASTE MANAGEMENT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 322,207	\$ 322,207	\$ 322,207	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Taxes	2,040,000	2,040,000	2,011,240	(28,760)
Use of money and property	1,500	1,500	833	(667)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	2,363,707	2,363,707	2,334,280	(29,427)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public works	2,553,866	2,553,866	2,446,751	107,115
Total Charges to Appropriations	2,553,866	2,553,866	2,446,751	107,115
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ (190,159)	\$ (190,159)	\$ (112,471)	\$ 77,688

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Budget A	Amou	ınts	Ac	ctual	Fina	ance with Il Budget ositive
	Ori	iginal		Final	Am	ounts	(No	egative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	70	\$	70	\$	70	\$	_
Resources (Inflows):								
Intergovernmental	6	65,604		665,604	6	51,179		(14,425)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	6	65,674		665,674	6	51,249		(14,425)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):								
Community development	1	01,238		101,238		88,229		13,009
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	4	20,000		420,000	4	20,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges	1	42,950		142,950	1	42,950		-
Total Charges to Appropriations	6	64,188		664,188	6	51,179		13,009
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	1,486	\$	1,486	\$	70	\$	(1,416)

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PROPOSITION "A" YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	<u> Final</u>	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 199,328	\$ 199,328	\$ 199,328	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Taxes	718,808	718,808	720,232	1,424
Intergovernmental	75,000	75,000	67,671	(7,329)
Use of money and property	500	500	350	(150)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	993,636	993,636	987,581	(6,055)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public works	875,361	875,025	831,430	43,595
Capital outlay	-	336	328	8
Total Charges to Appropriations	875,361	875,361	831,758	43,603
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 118,275	\$ 118,275	\$ 155,823	\$ 37,548

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PROPOSITION "C" YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 99,349	\$ 99,349	\$ 99,349	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Taxes	596,232	596,232	600,657	4,425
Charges for services	87,000	87,000	87,585	585
Use of money and property	1,400	1,400	179	(1,221)
Miscellaneous	-	-	48,000	48,000
Amounts Available for Appropriations	783,981	783,981	835,770	51,789
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public works	462,883	482,883	484,811	(1,928)
Capital outlay	265,000	245,000	220,462	24,538
Total Charges to Appropriations	727,883	727,883	705,273	22,610
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 56,098	\$ 56,098	\$ 130,497	\$ 74,399

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE AIR QUALITY IMPROVEMENT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budget <i>i</i> Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 80,369	\$ 80,369	\$ 80,369	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	50,565	50,565	52,193	1,628
Use of money and property	250	250	115	(135)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	131,184	131,184	132,677	1,493
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):	<u> </u>			
Public works	18,000	18,000	18,126	(126)
Total Charges to Appropriations	18,000	18,000	18,126	(126)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 113,184	\$ 113,184	\$ 114,551	\$ 1,367

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE RECYCLING GRANTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budget <i>i</i>	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 139,650	\$ 139,650	\$ 139,650	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	35,002	35,002	24,309	(10,693)
Use of money and property	321	321	184	(137)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	174,973	174,973	164,143	(10,830)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public works	16,153	16,153	12,031	4,122
Total Charges to Appropriations	16,153	16,153	12,031	4,122
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 158,820	\$ 158,820	\$ 152,112	\$ (6,708)

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ACADEMIC PURSUIT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 467,990	\$ 467,990	\$ 467,990	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Use of money and property	1,500	1,500	664	(836)
Miscellaneous	25,000	25,000	93,454	68,454
Amounts Available for Appropriations	494,490	494,490	562,108	67,618
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 494,490	\$ 494,490	\$ 562,108	\$ 67,618

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budget /	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 73,707	\$ 73,707	\$ 73,707	\$ -		
Resources (Inflows):						
Charges for services	53,000	53,000	52,348	(652)		
Transfers in	-	-	552,420	552,420		
Amounts Available for Appropriations	126,707	126,707	678,475	551,768		
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):						
General government	605,420	605,420	547,508	57,912		
Total Charges to Appropriations	605,420	605,420	547,508	57,912		
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ (478,713)	\$ (478,713)	\$ 130,967	\$ 609,680		

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MEASURE R YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budget /	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 250.397	Final \$ 250.397	\$ 250,397	\$ -	
Resources (Inflows):	Ψ 200,000.	<b>4</b> 200,000.	Ψ =00,00.	<b>Y</b>	
Intergovernmental	447,173	447,173	445,845	(1,328)	
Use of money and property	700	700	324	(376)	
Amounts Available for Appropriations	698,270	698,270	696,566	(1,704)	
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):					
Public works	68,163	68,163	75,239	(7,076)	
Capital outlay	410,000	410,000	346,870	63,130	
Total Charges to Appropriations	478,163	478,163	422,109	56,054	
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 220,107	\$ 220,107	\$ 274,457	\$ 54,350	

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ANSON FORD PARK YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budget <i>i</i>	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
	Original	Final	Amounts			
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 117,260	\$ 117,260	\$ 117,260	\$ -		
Resources (Inflows):						
Charges for services	108,892	108,892	117,454	8,562		
Use of money and property	175,450	175,450	249,347	73,897		
Amounts Available for Appropriations	401,602	401,602	484,061	82,459		
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):						
Parks and recreation	185,700	187,200	191,005	(3,805)		
Capital outlay	15,000	13,500	13,464	36		
Transfers out	83,642	83,642	163,573	(79,931)		
Total Charges to Appropriations	284,342	284,342	368,042	(83,700)		
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 117,260	\$ 117,260	\$ 116,019	\$ (1,241)		

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT ACT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budget Amounts Original Final				 Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	46,363	\$	46,363	\$ 46,363	\$	-	
Resources (Inflows):								
Intergovernmental		26,798		26,798	44,637		17,839	
Use of money and property		10		10	37		27	
Amounts Available for Appropriations		73,171		73,171	91,037		17,866	
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):					<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Capital outlay		72,603		72,603	59,563		13,040	
Total Charges to Appropriations		72,603		72,603	 59,563		13,040	
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	568	\$	568	\$ 31,474	\$	30,906	

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 33,853	\$ 33,853	\$ 33,853	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	118,524	170,704	318,349	147,645
Contributions	<u>-</u>	-	30,000	30,000
Amounts Available for Appropriations	152,377	204,557	382,202	177,645
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Capital outlay	-	52,180	242,353	(190,173)
Total Charges to Appropriations	-	52,180	242,353	(190,173)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 152,377	\$ 152,377	\$ 139,849	\$ (12,528)

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## Statistical Section

This part of the City of Bell Gardens comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

#### **Contents**

#### Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

#### Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader asses the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

#### **Debt Capacity**

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

#### Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment with in which the government's financial activities take place.

#### **Operating Information**

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services that the government provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

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	Fiscal Year									
		<u>2010</u>		<u>2011</u>		2012		<u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>
Governmental activities										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	73,967,264	\$	74,822,075	\$	114,874,209	\$	100,379,238	\$	97,527,460
Restricted		17,088,677		14,700,630		6,518,912		7,453,015		3,582,565
Unrestricted		10,390,101		7,457,831		39,268,190	_	32,521,095	_	27,318,148
Total governmental activities net assets	\$	101,446,042	\$	96,980,536	\$	160,661,311	\$	140,353,348	\$	128,428,173
Business-type activities										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	3,429,948	\$	3,480,128	\$	4,307,348	\$	4,333,225	\$	4,383,784
Restricted		398,434		399,355		416,340		400,037		399,535
Unrestricted		397,551		251,365		39,308	_	(485,221)	_	(686,717)
Total business-type activities net assets	\$	4,225,933	\$	4,130,848	\$	4,762,996	\$	4,248,041	\$	4,096,602
Primary government										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	77,397,212	\$	78,302,203	\$	119,181,557	\$	104,712,463	\$	101,911,244
Restricted		17,487,111		15,099,985		6,935,252		7,853,052		3,982,100
Unrestricted		10,787,652		7,709,196		39,307,498	_	32,035,874	_	26,631,431
Total primary government net assets	\$	105,671,975	\$	101,111,384	\$	165,424,307	\$	144,601,389	\$	132,524,775

			Fis	cal Year			
	2010	<u>2011</u>		2012	2013		2014
Expenses							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 10,175,559	\$ 8,821,722	\$	9,171,894	\$ 8,765,852	\$	9,335,078
Public safety	12,965,767	12,393,794		12,740,622	11,962,803		12,130,706
Public works	9,941,721	10,146,753		10,178,663	9,792,085		10,348,627
Community Development	2,485,134	2,838,313		2,408,181	1,123,548		1,151,619
Recreation	1,220,075	2,241,756		2,647,386	2,334,788		2,363,305
Interest and fiscal charges	 4,857,978	 1,972,014		1,164,716	 305,236		331,911
Total governmental activities expenses	 41,646,234	 38,414,352		38,311,462	 34,284,312		35,661,246
Business-type activities:							
Water	1,460,206	1,532,393		1,344,353	1,408,572		1,503,954
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-		-	-		-
Golf Course	 251,694	 216,584		241,823	 225,224		218,744
Total business-type activities expenses	 1,711,900	 1,748,977		1,586,176	 1,633,796		1,722,698
Total primary government expenses	\$ 43,358,134	\$ 40,163,329	\$	39,897,638	\$ 35,918,108	\$	37,383,944
Program Revenues							
Governmental activities:							
Charges for services:							
General government Public safety	\$ 196,825 421,681	\$ 134,597 731,516	\$	134,994 705,874	\$ 171,167 469,800	\$	170,956 533,782
Community development	-	-		-	-		-
Parks and recreation	244,763	279,769		313,946	274,325		277,302
Public works	516,878	505,628		368,433	398,705		648,132
Interest on long-term debt	-	-		-	-		-
Operating contributions and grants	3,159,241	2,146,983		5,360,465	1,965,613		2,246,087
Capital contributions and grants	 3,791,143	 1,839,711		2,563,187	 2,410,285		1,711,667
Total governmental activities program revenues	 8,330,531	 5,638,204		9,446,899	 5,689,895		5,587,926
Business-type activities: Charges for services:							
Water	1,235,559	1,249,287		1,261,619	1,260,620		1,543,072
Golf Course	 186,433	 152,569	_	159,898	140,768	_	144,718
Total business-type activities program revenues	1,421,992	1,401,856		1,421,517	1,401,388		1,687,790
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 9,752,523	\$ 7,040,060	\$	10,868,416	\$ 7,091,283	\$	7,275,716

				-	iscal Year				
		2010	2011		2012		2013		2014
Net (Expense)/Revenue			<u> </u>						<u> </u>
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	(33,315,703) (289,908)	\$ (32,776,148) (347,121)	\$	(28,864,563) (164,659)	\$	(28,594,417) (232,408)	\$	(30,073,320) (34,908)
Total primary government net expense	\$	(33,605,611)	\$ (33,123,269)	\$	(29,029,222)	\$	(28,826,825)	\$	(30,108,228)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Po	sition								
Governmental activities:									
Taxes Sales taxes	\$	4 000 740	\$ 4 606 606	•	2.044.520	•	2.554.024	æ	2 700 520
Sales taxes Property taxes	\$	4,886,712 2,030,961	\$ 4,696,696 2,321,800	\$	2,844,538 2,396,411	\$	2,554,034 1,160,306	\$	2,709,528 1,057,205
Other taxes		18,661,906	17,853,565		17,401,997		17,793,562		18,160,638
Use of money and property		6,630,950	3,281,827		3,888,527		3,966,769		4,244,461
Others		303,354	249,606		66,782,676		519,704		485,032
Total governmental activities		32,513,883	28,403,494		93,314,149		25,994,375		26,656,864
Business-type activities:									
Rent and Concessions		6,778	8,664		27,996		577		13,599
Miscellaneous			 _				(130,856)		(130,130)
Total business-type activities		6,778	 8,664		27,996		(130,279)		(116,531)
Total primary government	\$	32,520,661	\$ 28,412,158	\$	93,342,145	\$	25,864,096	\$	26,540,333
Change in Net Position									
Governmental activities	\$	(801,820)	\$ (4,372,654)	\$	64,449,586	\$	(2,600,042)	\$	(3,416,456)
Business-type activities		(283,130)	 (338,457)		(136,663)		(362,687)		(151,439)
Total primary government	\$	(1,084,950)	\$ (4,711,111)	\$	64,312,923	\$	(2,962,729)	\$	(3,567,895)

			Fis	cal Year			
	 <u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>		2012	<u>2013</u>		2014
Function/Program							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 819,452	\$ 207,740	\$	203,038	\$ 232,347	\$	295,030
Public safety	1,894,446	1,485,166		1,846,946	1,227,375	•	1,058,394
Public works	4,140,166	2,507,890		3,053,246	3,053,241	2	2,957,225
Community Development	1,231,704	1,157,639		3,949,929	879,716		999,975
Recreation	 244,763	 279,769		393,740	 297,216		277,302
Subtotal governmental activities	 8,330,531	 5,638,204		9,446,899	 5,689,895	!	5,587,926
Business-type activities:							
Water	1,235,559	1,249,287		1,261,619	1,260,620	•	1,543,072
Golf Course	 186,433	 152,569		159,898	 140,768		144,718
Subtotal business-type activities	 1,421,992	 1,401,856		1,421,517	 1,401,388		1,687,790
Total primary government	\$ 9,752,523	\$ 7,040,060	\$	10,868,416	\$ 7,091,283	\$ 7	7,275,716

City of Bell Gardens
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds,
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

									Fiscal Year	Year					
		2005		<u>2006</u>		2007	2008		2009	<u>2010</u>	2011	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	2014	
J	General Fund														
	Reserved	\$ 34,015	3,965	\$ 34,015,965 \$ 34,168,652	2	33,874,087	\$ 31,586,007	↔	29,533,393	\$ 28,192,377	\$	· \$	· \$	· &	
	Unreserved	(104	(104,175)	2,586,628	8	2,916,575	760,914		5,663,390	7,885,063	•	1	1	•	
	Nonspendable		ı			1		,	•	ı	31,101,324	31,063,371	31,225,087	15,040,086	
	Restricted		•		,	1		,	•	ı	2,653,435	•	1	ı	
	Committed		•		,	1			•	1	1,500,000	1,700,000	1,900,000	2,100,000	
	Assigned		•		,	•			•	ı	4,788,238	6,506,443	7,598,763	10,100,279	
	Unassigned		'						'	-	'	'	'	'	
_	Total general fund	\$ 33,911,790	,790	\$ 36,755,280		\$ 36,790,662	\$ 32,346,921	₩	35,196,783	\$ 36,077,440	\$ 40,042,997	\$ 39,269,814	\$ 40,723,850	\$ 27,240,365	
4	All Other Governmental Funds	۵. م	800	© 31 185 008 © 23 110 753 ©		06 346 370	978 838 878	¥	6 444 843	3 700 622	4 7 218 731	e.	¥	¥	
	Unreserved, reported in:	, - - -	200,	0,'04','04				<del>)</del>				· <del>·</del>	· •	· •	
	Special revenue funds	2,292,088	,088	3,534,142	7	1,271,134	2,712,006		4,517,811	3,517,293	5,568,009	11,104,728	2,505,052	3,411,724	
_	Capital projects funds	(34,713,969)	(696')	(35,801,626)		(34,850,737)	(31,878,388)		(53,943,090)	(52,969,266)	(57,773,716)	(293,028)	80,216	171,323	
	Debt service funds		1	10,417,926	9	11,234,349	12,974,766		13,121,160	12,101,554	10,886,625	•	1	1	
	Assigned to					1			1	ı	1	1	73,707	131,449	
	Unassigned		'		-	1			'	1	1	1	(122,001)	(213,608)	_
_	Total all other governmental funds	\$ (1,236,783)	,783) \$	\$ 1,291,205	2	4,001,116	\$ 7,341,730		\$ (29,859,306)	\$ (33,559,797)	\$ (37,100,351)	\$ 10,811,700	\$ 2,536,974	\$ 3,500,888	

City of Bell Gardens Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Revenues  Taxes Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Use of money and property Intergovernmental Charges for services Other revenues  Total revenues  Expenditures  General government Public safety Public works Community Development	\$ 16,422,694 368,152 384,696 3,499,560 8,073,251 526,721 2,723,112 31,998,186 7,759,857 9,157,560 4,667,328 2,260,839	\$ 21,365,783 497,980 497,980 481,643 3,839,828 5,780,814 383,925 1,280,528 6,578,918 9,770,145 5,138,827 834,972	\$ 22,762,269 361,510 442,513 6,675,935 4,518,060 529,709 864,049 36,154,045 11,925,675 6,578,255 1,009,672	\$ 24,001,964 270,408 520,408 520,40 4,573,273 5,922,632 579,276 641,667 36,509,630 5,314,576 12,567,059 10,118,833 1,556,904	## Fisca   Fisca   2009	Fiscal Year  2010  2010  56 \$ 22,397,036  03 \$ 271,024  61 \$365,002  89 \$4,860,235  80 \$9,839,425  18 \$465,309  92 \$254,627  99 \$254,627  51 \$6,761,242  83 \$12,903,219  12 \$8,011,053  07 \$1,185,669	\$ 20,803,506 \$ 425,579 665,888 5,208,244 8,135,923 510,030 424,963	2012 18,957,727 \$ 246,684 658,947 3,869,148 8,573,115 575,465 319,264 33,200,350 12,594,893 7,911,996 2,429,742	8,186,973 \$ 296,646 410,651 3,980,288 8,095,770 10,255,382 548,434 4,523,348 11,960,492 7,919,556 1,099,124	18,065,983 526,682 461,973 4,262,980 7,400,120 569,910 491,789 31,779,437 12,116,850 8,150,563 1,152,346
Recreation Capital Outlay Debt service	2,087,435	1,732,059 9,802,891	2,313,549	2,829,241	2,636,528	2,470,040	2,818,574	2,614,651	2,391,734	2,352,708 1,357,940
Interest Principal Bond Issuance costs	1,491,943 527,445	1,956,692 645,149 108,453	2,153,237 758,406	2,219,715 1,122,436	4,935,072 1,213,608	4,876,961 1,273,762	2,043,241 1,340,644	1,563,700 1,338,280	321,527 530,571	325,787 555,571
Total expenditures Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	39,088,352	36,568,106	32,856,790	37,991,077	39,965,820	40,104,379	37,050,365	35,618,158 (2,417,808)	30,519,247	30,470,352

City of Bell Gardens Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	2011	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	2014
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Bonds issued	4,775,000	3,870,000	1	1	1	1	1		ı	1
Loan proceeds	1,000,000	3,433,420	ı	1	ı	1	•	ı	ı	ı
Premium on bonds issued	552,945	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Loss on sale of property	•	•	1	•	1	•	•	•	1	•
Payments to escrow agent	1	1	ı	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Other debts issued	•	1	1	566,580	1	1	1	1	1	1
Contributions from										
Successor Agency	•	1	1	1	1	•	1	•	1	546,603
Transfers in	4,496,559	569,062	82,342	173,783	1	1,636,628	586,071	1,497,933	1,165,595	1,049,774
Transfers out	(4,496,559)	(569,062)	(82,342)	(173,783)	1	(3,103,184)	(829,443)	(2,266,744)	(1,034,739)	(919,644)
Total other financing										
Sources (uses)	6,327,945	7,303,420	1	566,580	1	(1,466,556)	(243,372)	(768,811)	130,856	676,733
D Extraordinary gain/(loss)										
on dissolution of Red Ag	ı	1	ı	•	1	1	1	43,519,044	1	1
Net change in	:	1					:	!		
fund balances	\$ (762,221) \$	4,365,815	\$ 3,297,255	\$ (914,867)	\$ (3,541,521)	\$ (3,117,677)	\$ (1,119,604) \$	332,425 \$	1,385,753	\$ 1,985,818
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital										
expenditures	7.79%	10%	10.28%	10.32%	19.40%	19.64%	10.83%	9.49%	10.83%	3.12%

Fiscal								Property		
Year	Property	Sales &	<u>Use</u>	<u>Occup</u>	ancy	<u>F</u>	ranchise	<u>Transfer</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>Total</u>
2005	\$ 3,142,991	\$ 1,559	,831	\$	14,779	\$	331,301	\$ 53,701	\$ 11,518,392	\$ 16,620,995
2006	4,121,469	1,798	3,188	2	03,253		372,002	59,955	12,990,223	19,545,090
2007	4,338,039	1,971	,556	2	10,541		377,235	27,031	14,479,837	21,404,239
2008	5,375,177	2,172	,279	1	85,061		366,072	25,784	14,615,223	22,739,596
2009	6,023,238	2,155	,134	2	04,761		414,256	24,163	16,525,839	25,347,391
2010	5,588,240	1,962	2,040	1	87,820		323,941	15,858	16,739,536	24,817,435
2011	4,955,009	2,150	,865	2	23,480		517,145	23,999	16,235,880	24,106,378
2012	4,730,399	2,390	,885,	2	38,104		518,889	14,738	14,971,352	22,864,367
2013	4,807,151	2,533	,682	2	58,666		589,683	33,368	15,614,309	23,836,859
2014	4,924,843	2,635	,981	3	14,060		582,545	26,768	15,945,722	24,429,919
Change										
2005–2014	56.7%	69.0%	)	2025	.0%		75.8%	-50.2%	38.4%	47.0%

City of Bell Gardens Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Taxable Assessed Value <sup>a</sup> as a Percentage of Actual Taxable Value	10000.000%	10000.000%	10000.000%	10000.000%	10000.000%	10000.000%	10000.000%	10000.000%	10000.000%	10000.000%
Estimated Actual Taxable Value	10,336,299	11,057,774	12,335,891	13,547,034	14,404,612	14,762,507	14,517,766	14,470,362	14,505,524	15,331,704
	↔									
Total Direct Tax Rate	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total Taxable Assessed Value	\$ 1,033,629,933	1,105,777,445	1,233,589,114	1,354,703,384	1,440,461,198	1,476,250,659	1,451,776,564	1,447,036,248	1,450,552,390	1,533,170,434
Miscellaneous Property	\$ 99,442,320	95,579,118	104,513,313	113,024,315	119,838,681	132,497,327	135,222,931	137,164,651	133,730,238	167,161,033
Industrial Property	\$ 110,152,149	112,101,508	121,576,893	130,684,377	136,019,849	149,475,013	143,796,745	150,142,989	152,823,079	154,882,700
Commercial Property	\$ 115,433,535	127,667,610	162,394,202	186,597,853	202,867,294	209,182,394	209,532,596	204,218,229	208,065,529	211,197,686
Residential Property	\$ 708,601,929	770,429,209	845,104,706	924,396,839	981,735,374	985,095,925	963,224,292	955,510,379	955,933,544	999,929,015
Fiscal Year	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014

	City	Direct Rates			
,	General				Montebello
	Obligation	Redevelopment	Total	Los	Unified
Basic	Debt	Debt	Direct	Angeles	School
Rate	Service	Service	Rate	County	District
1.00	-	-	1.00	0.0413	0.0255
1.00	-	-	1.00	0.0356	0.0553
1.00	-	-	1.00	0.0341	0.0673
1.00	-	-	1.00	0.2230	0.0668
1.00	-	-	1.00	0.2191	0.0806
1.00	-	-	1.00	0.2628	0.0967
1.00	-	-	1.00	0.3279	0.0979
1.00	-	-	1.00	0.2923	0.1000
1.00	-	-	1.00	0.3251	0.0963
1.00	-	-	1.00	0.2855	0.0946
	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	General Obligation   Debt   Service	Basic Rate         Obligation Debt Service         Redevelopment Debt Service           1.00         -         -           1.00         -         -           1.00         -         -           1.00         -         -           1.00         -         -           1.00         -         -           1.00         -         -           1.00         -         -           1.00         -         -           1.00         -         -           1.00         -         -           1.00         -         -           1.00         -         -	General   Obligation   Redevelopment   Debt   Direct	General Obligation Redevelopment Debt Direct Angeles Rate         Los Debt Service         Debt Service         Direct Rate         Angeles County           1.00         -         -         1.00         0.0413           1.00         -         -         1.00         0.0356           1.00         -         -         1.00         0.0341           1.00         -         -         1.00         0.2230           1.00         -         -         1.00         0.2191           1.00         -         -         1.00         0.3279           1.00         -         -         1.00         0.2923           1.00         -         -         1.00         0.3251

Source: HdL Coren & Cone, Los Angeles County Assessor 2004/05-2013/14 Tax Rate Table

**Notes:** The city's basic property tax rate may be increased only by a majority vote of the city's residents. Rates for debt service are set based on each year's requirements.

			2014			2004	
<u>Taxpayer</u>	_	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Bell Gardens Casino LP	\$	61,148,452	1	4.10%	\$ 40,499,062	1	4.19%
Florence Eastern Marketplace		37,880,700	2	2.54%			
Primestor El Portal LLC		19,284,335	3	1.29%			
IIT Bell Gardens Portfolio LLC		16,178,220	4	1.08%			
Wei-Chuan International Inc.		14,692,410	5	0.98%	13,988,414	3	1.45%
Primestor Los Jardines LLP		13,554,900	6	0.91%			
Giraffe Properties LLC		8,854,292	7	0.59%			
Bell Gardens Hospitality LLC		7,603,932	8	0.51%			
James P. & Judy A. Berg		7,274,059	9	0.49%	5,903,681	6	0.61%
Caster Garfield Storage LP		6,715,320	10	0.45%			
Bell Gardens Bicycle Club							
Burnham Pacific Operating Partnership					19,612,976	2	2.03%
The Realty Associates Fund V					10,801,800	4	1.12%
Metal Surfaces Inc.					7,759,350	5	0.80%
Toys R Us					4,771,688	8	0.49%
Jamers Parkhouse Trust					5,046,442	7	0.52%
Missionary Church of the Disciples					4,195,243	9	0.43%
Sisbros Limited					3,984,952	10	0.41%
Total	\$	193,186,620		12.95%	\$ 116,563,608		12.06%

Source: HdL Coren & Cone, Los Angeles County Assessor 2013/14 and 2003/04 Combined Tax Rolls and the SBE Non Unitary Tax Roll

Fiscal Year	Tax	xes Levied *	Collected v Fiscal Year o		Collection in	Collection	to date
Ended June 30,	F	for the iscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Subsequent Years	 Amount	Pecent of Levy
2005	\$	950,940	\$ 866,965	91.17%	**	\$ 866,965	91.17%
2006		1,017,315	854,809	84.03%	**	854,809	84.03%
2007		1,134,902	936,278	82.50%	**	936,278	82.50%
2008		1,246,327	968,838	77.74%	**	968,838	77.74%
2009		1,325,224	978,420	73.83%	**	978,420	73.83%
2010		1,358,151	950,706	70.00%	**	950,706	70.00%
2011		1,335,634	961,074	71.96%	**	961,074	71.96%
2012		1,331,273	995,598	74.79%	20,531	1,016,129	76.33%
2013		1,334,508	1,185,167	N/A	1,191	1,185,167	88.81%
2014		1,372,471	1,077,254	N/A	975	1,077,254	78.49%

Sources: Finance Department records and Los Angeles County Assessors Office

<sup>\*</sup> The Taxes levied for the fiscal years above were calculated by taking the Net Total Assessed Value from the LA County Assessor Tax Rolls for the City of Bell Gardens multiplied by .01 % and then multiplied again by .09%.

<sup>\* \*</sup> The City receives limited information from Los Angeles County in connection to tax levies and collections. At the current time the City does not have the resources to retrieve the Collection in Subsequent years data for the periods 2005-2011.

City of Bell Gardens
Taxable Sales by Category
Last Ten Calendar Years
(in thousands of dollars)

									0	Calendar Year	Year							
		2005	2	<u>2006</u>	2	2007		2008	2009	<u>ы</u>	<u>2010</u>		<u>2011</u>	2012		<u>2013</u>	2	2014
Apparel stores	↔	5,169	s	5,404		17,445	↔	28,333	3	26,865 \$	26,517	\$	30,400 \$	33,191	↔	33,153	↔	34,351
General merchandise		1,156		1,139		1,149		965	`	1,056	1,948	ω.	2,126	1,909		1,996		2,227
Food stores		16,024	•	16,244		16,437		16,350	16	16,978	16,806	10	16,178	16,629		19,570		23,845
Eating and drinking places		31,313	•	34,113		31,401		35,201	36	,861	32,73	<del>-</del>	32,433	33,951		36,221		38,600
Building materials		4,571		6,435		7,315		6,223	4,	,820	4,59	₩.	4,551	5,479		5,976		5,312
Auto dealers and supplies		8,837		9,467		7,020		6,747	v	6,582	6,210	_	6,867	6,976		8,306		8,000
Service stations		18,164	•	19,596		20,427		25,868	4	,025	30,60	_	34,793	44,819		47,504		45,518
Other retail stores		30,317	•	32,505		32,263		32,212	32	009';	29,728	ω.	30,678	30,655		29,995		33,107
All other outlets		48,159		50,721		30,195		62,131	26	29,766	50,000		52,941	59,816		61,143		68,460
Total	↔	163,710 \$ 175,624	8	75,624	·-	193,652	↔	214,030	3 227	227,553 \$	199,137	<b>↔</b>	210,967 \$	233,425	↔	243,864	\$	259,420
City direct sales tax rate		1.25%		1.25%		1.25%		1.00%	`	1.00%	1.00%	%	1.00%	1.00%	. 0	1.00%		1.00%

Source: The HdL Companies

Fiscal Year	City Direct Rate	Los Angeles County	State of California
2005	1.00	1.00	6.25
2006	1.00	1.00	6.25
2007	1.00	1.00	6.25
2008	1.00	1.00	6.25
2009	1.00	1.50	7.25
2010	1.00	1.50	7.25
2011	1.00	1.50	7.25
2012	1.00	1.50	7.25
2013	1.00	1.50	6.50
2014	1.00	1.50	6.50

**Sources:** Los Angeles County

**Note:** The city sales tax rate may be changed only with the approval of the state legislature.

	2014		2004
<u>Tax Remitter</u>	Business Category	Tax Remitter	Business Category
66 Bell Gardens Gas	Service Stations	Arco AM PM Mini Mart	Service Stations
Andrea Shoes	Shoe Stores	Auto Zone	Automotive Supply Stores
Applebees	Casual Dinning	Bicycle Club Casino	Fine Dinning
Auto Zone	Automotive Supply Stores	Big 5 Sporting Goods	Sporting Goods/Bike Stores
Bicycle Club Casino	Leisure/Entertainment	Builders Products	Light Industrial/Printers
Big 5 Sporting Goods	Sporting Goods/Bike Stores	Chevron Pronto Lube & Tune	Service Stations
Casa Leaders HP	Home Furnishings	El Tapatio Foods	Grocery Stores Beer/Wine
Chevron Pronto Lube & Tune	Service Stations	Eurocraft Architectural Metal	Heavy Industrial
Eurocraft Architectural Metal	Heavy Industrial	Factory 2 U	Family Apparel
Factory 2U	Family Apparel	Famsa	Home Furnishings
Food 4 Less	Grocery Stores Liquor	Florence RTM	Service Stations
IHOP	Casual Dinning	Florence Union 76	Service Stations
Jack in the Box	Quick -Service Restaurants	Food 4 Less	Grocery Stores Liquor
Marshalls	Family Apparel	IHOP	Casual Dining
Mc Donalds	Quick -Service Restaurants	Jack in the Box	Quick-Service Restaurants
Mosier	Lumber/Building Materials	La Habra Welding	Repair Shop/Equip. Rentals
Parkhouse Tire Service	Trailer/Auto Parts	Little Caesars Pizza	Quick-Service Restaurants
Ross	Family Apparel	Mc Donalds	Quick-Service Restaurants
Speedy Fuel	Service Stations	Mosier	Jumber/Building Material
Super A Foods	Grocery Stores Liquor	Parkhouse Tire Service	Trailer/Auto Parts
Tesoro Refining & Marketing	Service Stations	Rite Aid	Drug Stores
Toys R Us	Specialty Stores	Super A Foods	Grocery Stores Liquor
Union 76 Station	Service Stations	Tow World	Automotive Supply Stores
Valero	Service Stations	Toys R Us	Specialty Stores
Walmart Neighborhood Market	Grocery Stores Liquor	West Coast Accudyne	Heavy Industrial

65.35%

60.39%

**Source:** Hinderliter, de Llamas & Associates, State Board of Equalization

Percent of FY Total Paid by Top 25 Accounts

City of Bell Gardens Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Per Capita	840	869	959	942	918	855	869	240	238	220
	Percentage of Personal Income	11.11%	•	•	11.58%	10.67%	9.72%	6.77%	1.84%	2.10%	1.82%
	Total Primary Government	\$ 38,015,272	39,433,543	43,495,137	42,744,281	41,637,673	40,178,911	38,301,267	10,585,000	10,024,980	9,254,145
Business - type Activities	Water Revenue Bonds	\$ 5,240,000	•	4,820,000	4,625,000	4,425,000	4,220,000	4,010,000	3,795,000	3,574,474	3,344,087
	Certificates of Participation	· ·	3,870,000	3,805,000	3,735,000	3,665,000	3,590,000	3,510,000	3,430,000	3,306,355	3,236,478
Governmental Activities	Notes Payable	\$ 10,715,272	14,033,543	13,910,137	14,059,281	13,917,673	13,458,911	12,621,267	3,360,000	3,144,151	2,673,580
Governmen	Revenue Bonds	\$ 4,775,000	4,775,000	4,750,000	4,675,000	4,555,000	4,430,000	4,295,000	1	1	ı
	Tax Allocation Bonds	\$ 17,285,000	16,755,000	16,210,000	15,650,000	15,075,000	14,480,000	13,865,000	1	1	ı
	Fiscal Year	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

		G	ene	ral Bonded Deb	t Outsta	nding		
Fiscal Year	Gen Oblig Bor	ation	R	edevelopment Bonds		Total	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per Capita
2005	\$	_	\$	17,285,000	\$	17,285,000	167.23%	380.96
2006	•	_	*	16,755,000	•	16,755,000	151.52%	363.89
2007		-		16,210,000		16,210,000	131.41%	346.66
2008		-		15,650,000		15,650,000	115.52%	334.64
2009		-		15,075,000		15,075,000	104.65%	322.21
2010		-		14,480,000		14,480,000	98.09%	308.07
2011		-		13,865,000		13,865,000	95.50%	314.73
2012		-		-		-	-	-
2013		-		-		-	-	-
2014		-		-		-	-	-

**Notes:** Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding*	Estimated Percentage Applicable *	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt*
Debt repaid with property taxes			
Los Angeles County			
Los Angeles County Flood Control District	\$ 69,610,000	0.118%	\$ 82,140
Metropolitan Water District	264,220,000	0.061%	161,174
Cerritos Community College District	112,115,994	0.071%	79,602
Los Angeles Community College District	2,665,515,000	0.204%	5,437,651
Downey Unified School District	81,275,256	0.215%	174,742
Los Angeles Unified School District	11,874,430,000	0.001%	118,744
Montebello Unified School District	157,730,618	12.142%	19,151,652
Los Angeles County Regional Park and Open Space Assessment District	222,660,000	0.118%	262,740
Subtotal, direct and overlapping tax debt			25,468,444
Other debt			
Los Angeles County General Fund Obligations	855,695,839	0.118%	1,009,721
Los Angeles County Pension Obligations	118,486,192	0.118%	139,814
Los Angeles County Superintendent of Schools Certificate of Participation	13,185,458	0.118%	15,559
Los Angles Unified School District Certificate of Participation	456,780,324	0.001%	4,568
Montebello Unified School District Certificates of Participation	15,125,000	12.142%	1,836,478
City of Bell Gardens Certificates of Participation	3,590,000	100.000%	3,590,000
Los Angeles County Sanitation District No. 2 Authority	34,810,192	2.942%	1,024,117
Subtotal, overlapping debt			7,620,256
Less: Los Angeles County Certificates of Participation (100% self-supporting)			
from leasehold revenues on properties in Marina Del Rey			(347)
			7,619,909
City direct debt			33,088,700
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 33,088,353

<sup>\*</sup> June 30, 2014 figures are not available for these areas, so the most current information available is being presented here which is June 30, 2010.

**Notes:** Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Bell Gardens. This process recognizes that, when considering the city's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident—and therefore responsible for repaying the debt—of each overlapping government.

ion for Fiscal Year 2014	\$ 1,491,816,295	223,772,444		,					\$ 223,772,444
Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2014	Assessed value	Debt limit (15% of assessed value)	Debt applicable to limit:	General obligation bonds	Less: Amount set aside for	repayment of general	obligation debt	Total net debt applicable to limit	Legal debt margin

					Fisc	Fiscal Year				
	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>
Debt limit	\$ 153,655,056	\$ 165,866,617	\$ 185,038,367	\$ 203,205,508	\$ 216,069,180	\$ 221,437,599	\$ 217,766,485	\$ 153,655,056 \$ 165,866,617 \$ 185,038,367 \$ 203,205,508 \$ 216,069,180 \$ 221,437,599 \$ 217,766,485 \$ 217,055,442 \$ 217,582,859 \$ 223,772,444	\$ 217,582,859	\$ 223,772,444
Total net debt applicable to limit										
Legal debt margin	\$ 153,655,056	\$ 165,866,617	\$ 185,038,367	\$ 203,205,508	\$ 216,069,180	\$ 221,437,599	\$ 217,766,485	\$ 153,655,056         \$ 165,866,617         \$ 185,038,367         \$ 203,205,508         \$ 216,069,180         \$ 221,437,599         \$ 217,766,485         \$ 217,055,442         \$ 217,582,859         \$ 223,772,444	\$ 217,582,859	\$ 223,772,444
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	%00:0	0.00%	%00:0	0.00%	%00:0	%00.0	0.00%	%00.0	%00:0	%00:0

Source: L.A. County Assessor 2004/05-2013/14 Combined Tax Rolls

Note: Under state finance law, the city's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 15 percent of total assessed property value. The City has no bonded indebtedness.

City of Bell Gardens Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Wat	Water Revenue Bonds	Bonds			
		Utility		Less:		Net				
Fiscal		Service	0	Operating	⋖	Available	Debt	Ser	Debt Service	
Year		Charges	Ш	Expenses	<b>"</b>	Revenue	Principal		Interest	Coverage
2005	€9	1.333.000	€	974,459	€3	358.541	\$ 110.000	€9	170,567	1.28
2006	•	1,317,852	•	1,173,928	+	143,924	190,000	÷	204,384	0.36
2007		1,274,800		1,945,581		(670,781)	195,000		200,241	(1.70)
2008		1,434,590		1,329,089		105,501	200,000		195,499	0.27
2009		1,246,000		2,087,433		(841,433)	205,000		190,052	(2.13)
2010		1,113,594		1,775,816		(662,222)	205,000		190,052	(1.68)
2011		1,139,956		1,423,836		(283,880)	210,000		183,693	(0.72)
2012		1,150,100		1,372,324		(222,224)	215,000		176,518	(0.57)
2013		1,260,620		1,408,572		(147,952)	225,000		168,705	(0.38)
2014		1,543,070		1,365,071		177,999	230,000		160,343	0.46

**Notes:** Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include bond interest, admin expense, depreciation, or amortization expenses.

City of Bell Gardens Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Unemployment Rate	8.3%	7.3%	*	7.1%	11.8%	11.6%	11.3%	9.4%	%6.6	7.1%
Per Capita Personal Income	34,426	*	*	37,362	39,794	42,265	43,999	44,423	44,459	45,540
	↔									
Personal Income (thousands of dollars)	342,231,121	*	*	369,174,348	390,295,865	413,316,582	565,365,000	575,045,000	478,000,300	507,400,000
	↔									
Population	45,372	46,044	46,760	46,766	46,786	47,002	44,054	42,072	42,072	42,072
Calendar Year	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014

**Sources:** Population provided by the California State Dept. of Finance. Personal income and per capita income provided from the Bureau of Economic Analysis and unemployment data provided by the State Department of Commerce and Labor.

**Note:** The information provided for personal income and per capita personal income is for the County of Los Angeles. Information for Bell Gardens was not available.

<sup>\*</sup> Information not available

			Full-tir	ne-Equi	/alent Er	nployees	as of J	une 30		
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	2012	2013	2014
Function/Program										
General government										
Mayor and City Council	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
City Manager's Office	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
City Clerk's Office	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Finance	8	10	10	9	9	10	10	8	10	10
Community Development	12	12	13	13	13	13	13	12	10	10
Police										
Sworn	58	58	59	57	57	57	57	51	51	51
Non-sworn	19	22	22	23	23	23	23	22	21	21
Public works	29	29	30	30	30	31	31	29	27	27
Recreation & Community Services	6	8	11	13	13	13	13	11	11	11
Total	138	145	152	152	152	154	154	140	137	137

Source: City Budget

**Notes:** A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including vacation and sick leave). Full-time-equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours by 2,080.

	2013	3-2014	2004	4-2005
<u>Employers</u>	Number of Employees	Percent of Total Employment	Number of Employees	Percent of Total Employment
Bicycle Casino	1,700	10.97%	*	*
Certified Network M. Inc	202	1.30%	*	*
Briarcrest Nursing Center	186	1.20%	*	*
Valet Services	182	1.17%	*	*
First Class Vending, Inc.	150	0.97%	*	*
Metal Surfaces Inc.	125	0.81%	*	*
Del Rio Sanitarium, Inc.	100	0.65%	*	*
Parkhouse Tire Inc.	100	0.65%	*	*
Southern CA Braiding Co.	100	0.65%	*	*
Wei-Chuan U. S. A. Inc.	100	0.65%	*	*
Tatal	2045	10.000/		
Total	2,945	19.00%		

## Source:

City Bell Gardens Community Development Department

California Employment Development Labor Market Information <a href="http://www.labormarketinfor.edd.ca.gov/cgi/dataanalysis/AreaSelection.asp?tableName=Labforce">http://www.labormarketinfor.edd.ca.gov/cgi/dataanalysis/AreaSelection.asp?tableName=Labforce</a>

## \* Note

2004-2005 Employer data is not readily available and thus the City has chosen not to present it at this time.

City of Bell Gardens Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year	Year				
Function/Program	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	2014
General government Building permits issued	441	494	505	368	237	231	281	233	215	199
Physical arrests	1,818	1,531	1,684	1,318	1,642	1,524	1,586	1,817	1,638	1,330
Parking violations	8,810	6,040	7,077	7,493	7,607	5,614	4,777	5,198	4,408	4,946
Traffic violations	4,534	4,495	5,079	5,819	4,162	3,864	5,133	6,529	5,532	2,890
Refuse collection	i I	i	į		ć	1	í	i	•	
Refuse collected (tons per day)	72.0	74.0	87	101	93	75	72	72	43	42
Recyclables collected (tons per day)	11.0	11.0	23	14	7	23	22	22	14	13
Other public works										
Street resurfacing (miles)	1.7	<del>1</del> .	0	7.5	*	1.5	3.2	1.5	9.0	9.0
Potholes repaired	280	280	277	321	288	330	295	198	185	250
Parks and recreation										
Athletic field permits issued	678	275	319	147	534	146	165	238	194	224
Community center admissions Transit	146,444	148,641	156,000	163,800	260,406	430,053	401,758	417,919	420,277	428,683
Total route miles	179,856	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Passengers	346,574	283,583	287,996	346,832	322,511	*	*	*	230,254	*

Sources: Various city departments.

\* Information not available

City of Bell Gardens Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year	Year				
Function/Program	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	2007	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>
Police										
Stations	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other public works										
Streets (miles)	398.3	402.3	402.3	402.3	402.3	402.3	402.3	402.3	402.3	402.3
Highways (miles)	107.4	107.4	107.4	107.4	107.4	107.4	107.4	107.4	107.4	107.4
Streetlights	8,079	8,161	8,162	8,162	8,162	8,162	8,162	8,162	8,162	8,162
Traffic signals	106	106	11	11	11	11	111	111	11	11
Parks and recreation										
Acreage	64	64	64	64	8	64	64	64	4	64
Playgrounds	6	10	10	10	9	10	10	10	10	10
Baseball/softball diamonds	39	4	က	က	က	က	က	က	က	က
Wastewater										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	479.6	484.4	484.4	484.4	484.4	484.4	484.4	484.4	484.4	484.4
Storm sewers (miles)	335.1	338.5	338.5	338.5	338.5	338.5	338.5	338.5	338.5	338.5
Treatment capacity (thousands of gallons)	3,550	4,200	4,200	4,200	4,200	4,200	4,200	4,200	4,200	4,200
Transit—Senior Citizen Bus	_	~	_	_	7	_	7	7	7	_

**Sources:** Various city departments.

Notes: No capital asset indicators are available for the general government function.

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